Webpage Layouts 5 Methods & More

R. Scott Granneman & Jans Carton

Notes & URLs for this presentation can be found...

- » underneath the link to this slide show on granneman.com
- » at granneman.com/downloads/web-dev/Layout-Methods.txt

When Tim Berners-Lee created the World Wide Web, he was focused almost entirely on documents

World Wide Web

The WorldWideWeb (W3) is a wide-area hypermedia information retrieval initiative aiming to give universal access to a large universe of documents.

Everything there is online about W3 is linked directly or indirectly to this document, including an executive summary of the project, Mailing lists, Policy, November's W3 news, Frequently Asked Questions.

What's out there?

Pointers to the world's online information, subjects, W3 servers, etc.

<u>Help</u>

on the browser you are using

Software Products

A list of W3 project components and their current state. (e.g. Line Mode, X11 Viola, NeXTStep, Servers, Tools, Mail robot, Library)

Technical

Details of protocols, formats, program internals etc

<u>Bibliography</u>

Paper documentation on W3 and references.

People

A list of some people involved in the project.

History

A summary of the history of the project.

How can I help?

If you would like to support the web...

Getting code

Getting the code by anonymous FTP, etc.

1st website, last updated November 1992

HTML Tags

This is a list of tags used in the HTML language. Each tag starts with a tag opener (a less than sign) and ends with a tag closer (a greater than sign). Many tags have corresponding closing tags which identical except for a slash after the tag opener. (For example, the TITLE tag).

Some tags take parameters, called attributes. The attributes are given after the tag, separated by spaces. Certain attributes have an effect simply by their presence, others are followed by an equals sign and a value. (See the <u>Anchor</u> tag, for example). The names of tags and attributes are not case sensitive: they may be in lower, upper, or mixed case with exactly the same meaning. (In this document they are generally represented in upper case.)

Currently HTML documents are transmitted without the normal SGML framing tags, but if these are included parsers will ignore them.

Title

The title of a document is given between title tags:

```
<TITLE> ... </TITLE>
```

The text between the opening and the closing tags is a title for the hypertext node. There should only be one title in any node. It should identify the content of the node in a fairly wide context, and should ideally fit on one line.

The title is not strictly part of the text of the document, but is an attribute of the node. It may not contain anchors, paragraph marks, or highlighting. the title may be used to identify the node in a history list, to label the window displaying the node, etc. It is not normally displayed in the text of a document itself. Contrast titles with headings.

Next ID

Obsolete: NeXT Browser only. May be ignored. This tag takes a single attribute which is the number of the next document-wide numeric identifier to be allocated (not good SGML). Note that when modifying a document, old anchor ids should not be reused, as there may be references stored elsewhere which point to them. This is read and generated by hypertext editors. Human writers of HTML usually use mnemonic alpha identifiers. Browser software may ignore this tag. Example of use:

<NEXTID 27>

Base Address

Once the Web started to become more widespread, people wanted to lay out pages in columns ... & more!

5 methods for laying out webpages

- 1.
- 2. float
- 3. display: table-cell

Not meant for page layout

- 4. display: flex
- 5. display: grid

Meant for page layout

What's a table for?

Two-dimensional data

Not for page layout... however, that's all we had in the '90s

Table: The Fighter

Level	Base Attack Bonus	Fort Save	Ref Save	Will Save	Special
1st	+1	+2	+0	+0	Bonus feat
2nd	+2	+3	+0	+0	Bonus feat
3rd	+3	+3	+1	+1	
4th	+4	+4	+1	+1	Bonus feat
5th	+5	+4	+1	+1	
6th	+6/+1	+5	+2	+2	Bonus feat
7th	+7/+2	+5	+2	+2	
8th	+8/+3	+6	+2	+2	Bonus feat
9th	+9/+4	+6	+3	+3	
10th	+10/+5	+7	+3	+3	Bonus feat

This is a legit use of a table

LOVECRAFT & LAYOUTS

HTML

At the Mountains of Madness

I am forced into speech because men of science have refused to follow my advice without knowing why. It is altogether against my will that I tell my reasons for opposing this contemplated invasion of the antarctic—with its vast fossil-hunt and its wholesale boring and melting of the ancient ice-cap—and I am the more reluctant because my warning may be in vain. Doubt of the real facts, as I must reveal them, is inevitable; yet if I suppressed what will seem extravagant and incredible there would be nothing left. The hitherto withheld photographs, both ordinary and aërial, will count in my favour; for they are damnably vivid and graphic. Still, they will be doubted because of the great lengths to which clever fakery can be carried. The ink drawings, of course, will be jeered at as obvious impostures; notwithstanding a strangeness of technique which art experts ought to remark and puzzle over.

In the end I must rely on the judgment and standing of the few scientific leaders who have, on the one hand, sufficient independence of thought to weigh my data on its own hideously convincing merits or in the light of certain primordial and highly baffling myth-cycles; and on the other hand, sufficient influence to deter the exploring world in general from any rash and overambitious programme in the region of those mountains of madness. It is an unfortunate fact that relatively obscure men like myself and my associates, connected only with a small university, have little chance of making an impression where matters of a wildly bizarre or highly controversial nature are concerned.

It is further against us that we are not, in the strictest sense, specialists in the fields which came primarily to be concerned. As a geologist my object in leading the Miskatonic University Expedition was wholly that of securing deep-level specimens of rock and soil from various parts of the antarctic continent, aided by the remarkable drill devised by Prof. Frank H. Pabodie of our engineering department. I had no wish to be a pioneer in any other field than this; but I did hope that the use of this new mechanical appliance at different points along previously explored paths would bring to light materials of a sort hitherto unreached by the ordinary methods of collection. Pabodie's drilling apparatus, as the public already knows from our reports, was unique and radical in its lightness, portability, and capacity to combine the ordinary artesian drill principle with the principle of the small circular rock drill in such a way as to cope quickly with strata of varying hardness. Steel head, jointed rods, gasoline motor, collapsible wooden derrick, dynamiting paraphernalia, cording, rubbish-removal auger, and sectional piping for bores five inches wide and up to 1000 feet deep all formed, with needed accessories, no greater load than three seven-dog sledges could carry; this being made possible by the clever aluminum alloy of which most of the metal objects were fashioned. Four large Dornier aëroplanes, designed especially for the tremendous altitude flying necessary on the antarctic plateau and with added fuel-warming and quick-starting devices worked out by Pabodie, could transport our entire expedition from a base at the edge of the great ice barrier to various suitable inland points, and from these points a sufficient quota of dogs would serve us.

We planned to cover as great an area as one antarctic season—or longer, if absolutely necessary—would permit, operating mostly in the mountain-ranges and on the plateau south of Ross Sea; regions explored in varying degree by Shackleton, Amundsen, Scott, and Byrd. With frequent changes of camp, made by aëroplane and involving distances great enough to be of geological significance, we expected to unearth a quite unprecedented amount of material; especially in the pre-Cambrian strata of which so narrow a range of antarctic specimens had previously been secured. We wished also to obtain as great as possible a variety of the upper fossiliferous rocks, since the primal life-history of this bleak realm of ice and death is of the highest importance to our knowledge of the earth's past. That the antarctic continent was once temperate and even tropical, with a teeming vegetable and animal life of which the lichens, marine fauna, arachnida, and penguins of the northern edge are the only survivals, is a matter of common information; and we hoped to expand that information in variety, accuracy, and detail. When a simple boring revealed fossiliferous signs, we would enlarge the aperture by blasting in order to get specimens of suitable size and condition.

H.P. Lovecraft

Howard Phillips Lovecraft (August 20, 1890 – March 15, 1937) was an American author who achieved posthumous fame through his influential works of horror fiction. Virtually unknown and only published in pulp magazines before he died in poverty, he is now regarded as one of the most significant 20th-century authors in his genre. Lovecraft was born in Providence, Rhode Island, where he spent most of his life. His father was confined to a mental institution when Lovecraft was three years old. His grandfather, a wealthy businessman, enjoyed storytelling and was an early influence. Intellectually precocious but sensitive, Lovecraft began composing rudimentary horror tales by the age of eight, but suffered from overwhelming feelings of anxiety. He encountered problems with classmates in school, and was kept at home by his highly strung and overbearing mother for illnesses that may have been psychosomatic. ... Despite leaving school in 1908 without graduating—he found mathematics particularly difficult—Lovecraft had developed a formidable knowledge of his favored subjects, such as history, linguistics, chemistry, and astronomy.

Although he seems to have had some social life, attending meetings of a club for local young men, Lovecraft, in early adulthood, was established in a reclusive "nightbird" lifestyle without occupation or pursuit of romantic adventures. In 1913 his conduct of a long running controversy in the letters page of a story magazine led to his being invited to participate in an amateur journalism association. Encouraged, he started circulating his stories; he was 31 at the time of his first publication in a professional magazine. By age 34, he was a regular contributor to the newly founded *Weird Tales* magazine; he turned down an offer of the editorship.

Lovecraft returned to Providence from New York in 1926 and, over the next nine months, he produced some of his most colchrated tales, including "The Call of Cthulhu", canonical to

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This is not a legit use for a table ... but it's what we had

LOVECRAFT & LAYOUTS

HTML

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Lovecraft returned to Providence from New York in 1926 and, over the next nine months, he produced some of his most celebrated tales, including "The Call of Cthulhu", canonical to the Cthulhu Mythos. Never able to support himself from earnings as author and editor, Lovecraft saw commercial success increasingly elude him in this latter period, partly because he lacked the confidence and drive to promote himself. He subsisted in progressively straitened circumstances in his last years; an inheritance was completely spent by the time he died at the age of 46.

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1234 Main St. | Marshall, MO 65340 | 314-555-1212

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Basic Tables

Creates table box

Useless by itself

By default, s fit themselves to their content

Required descendant:

Optional children: <caption>, <colgroup>, <thead>,
 , <tfoot>

>

Creates table row of cells

Creates table-row box

Children must be or

Table header for a group of cells below or to side

By default, browsers do the following to text:

- » bold
- » horizontally (row) or vertically (column) center

Table data cell

By default, s fit themselves to their content

```
* 52
⇔ HTML
 <h3>Table 1</h3>
 Header 1.1
   Header 1.2
   Header 1.3
  Data 2.1
   Data 2.2
   Data 2.3
  Data 3.1
   Data 3.2
   Data 3.3
  9 
23 <h3>Table 2</h3>
25 
26 
    <!-- empty cell -->
                       ※☆
CSS 
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‡JS
```

Table 1

Header 1.1	Header 1.2	Header 1.3
Data 2.1	Data 2.2	Data 2.3
Data 3.1	Data 3.2	Data 3.3

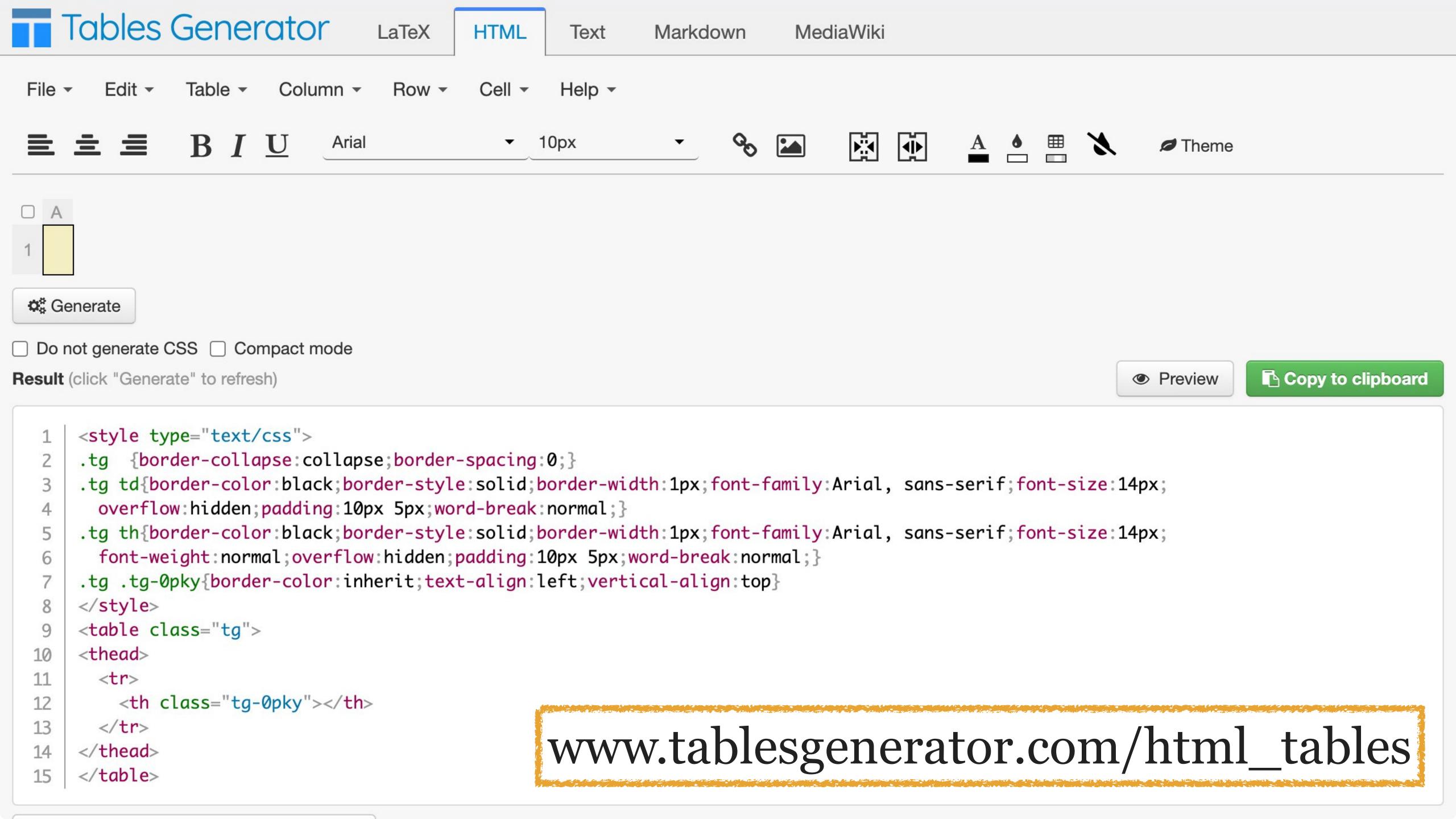
Table 2

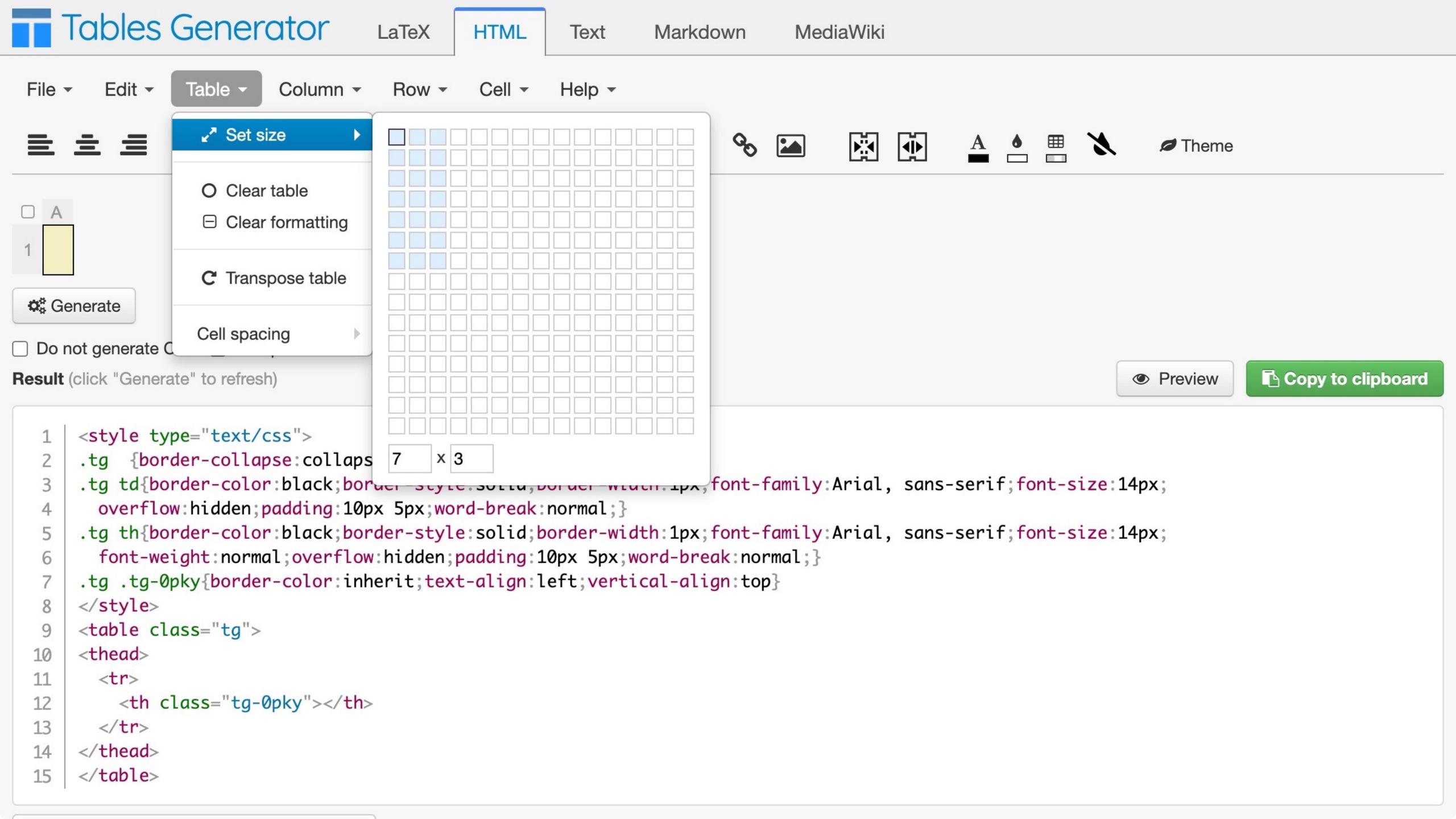
	Header 1.2	Header 1.3	Header 1.4
Header 2.1	Data 2.2	Data 2.3	Data 2.4
Header 3.1	Data 3.2	Data 3.3	Data 3.4

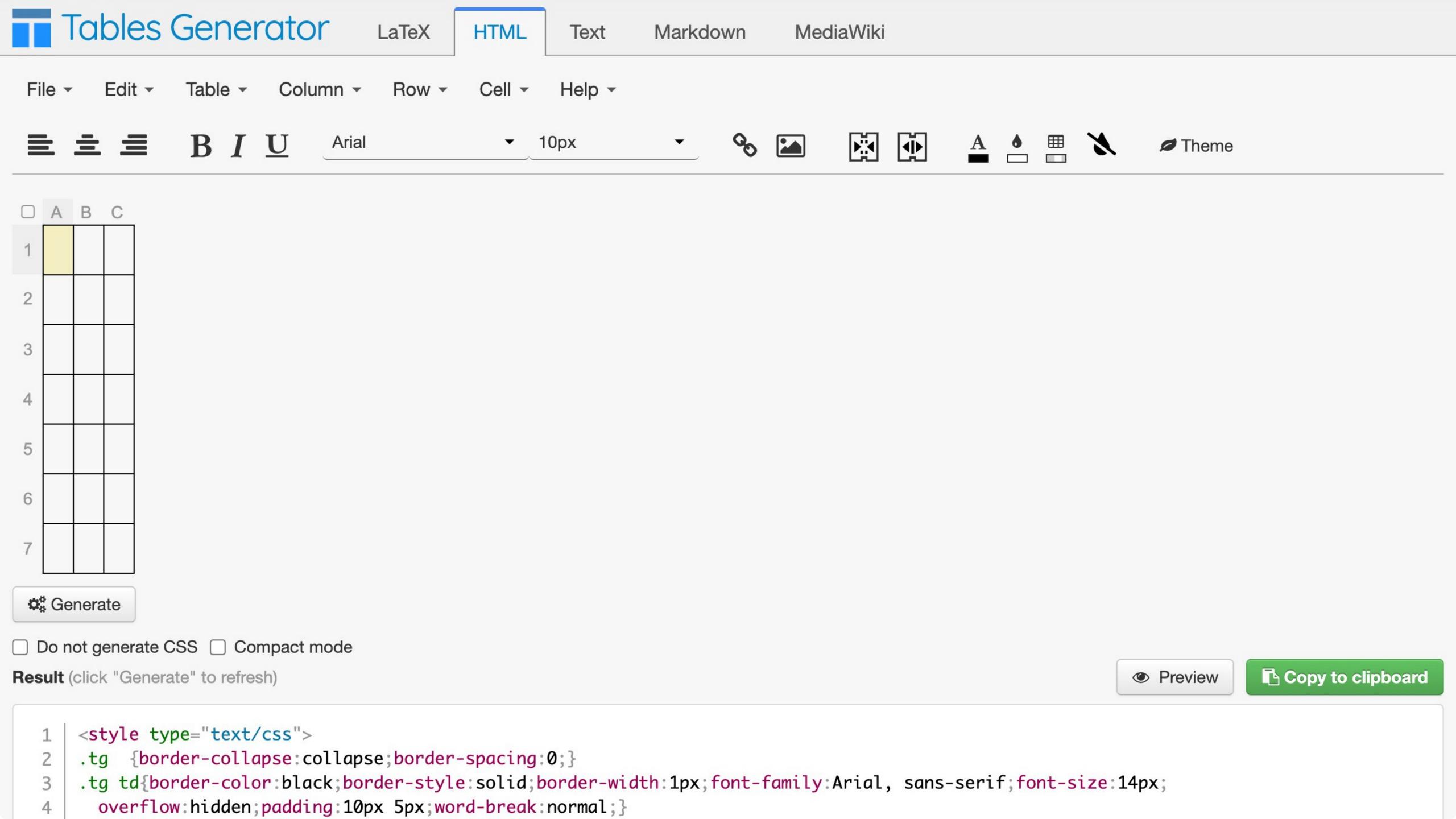
Creating Tables

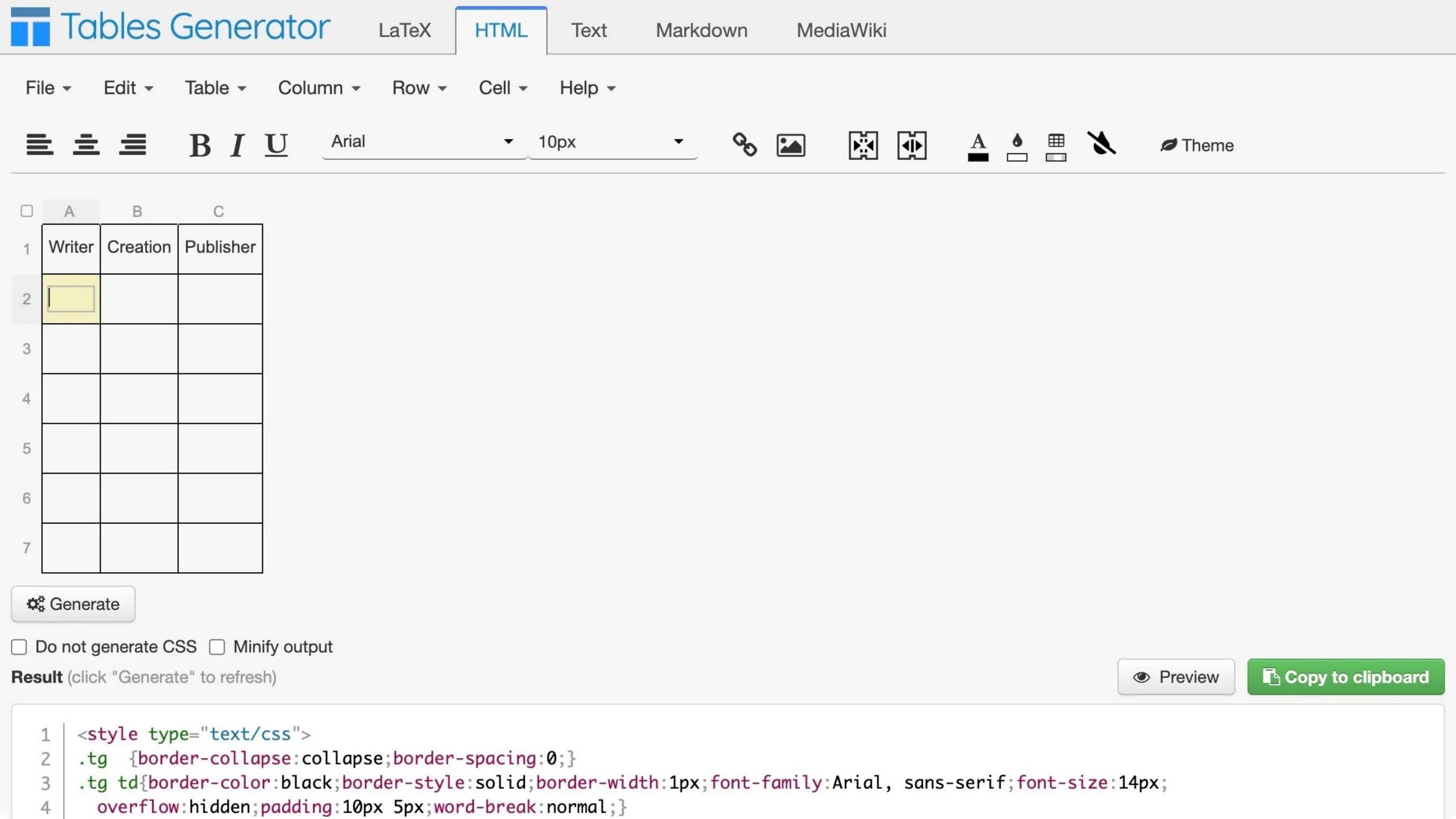
Creating tables by hand is tedious & error-prone

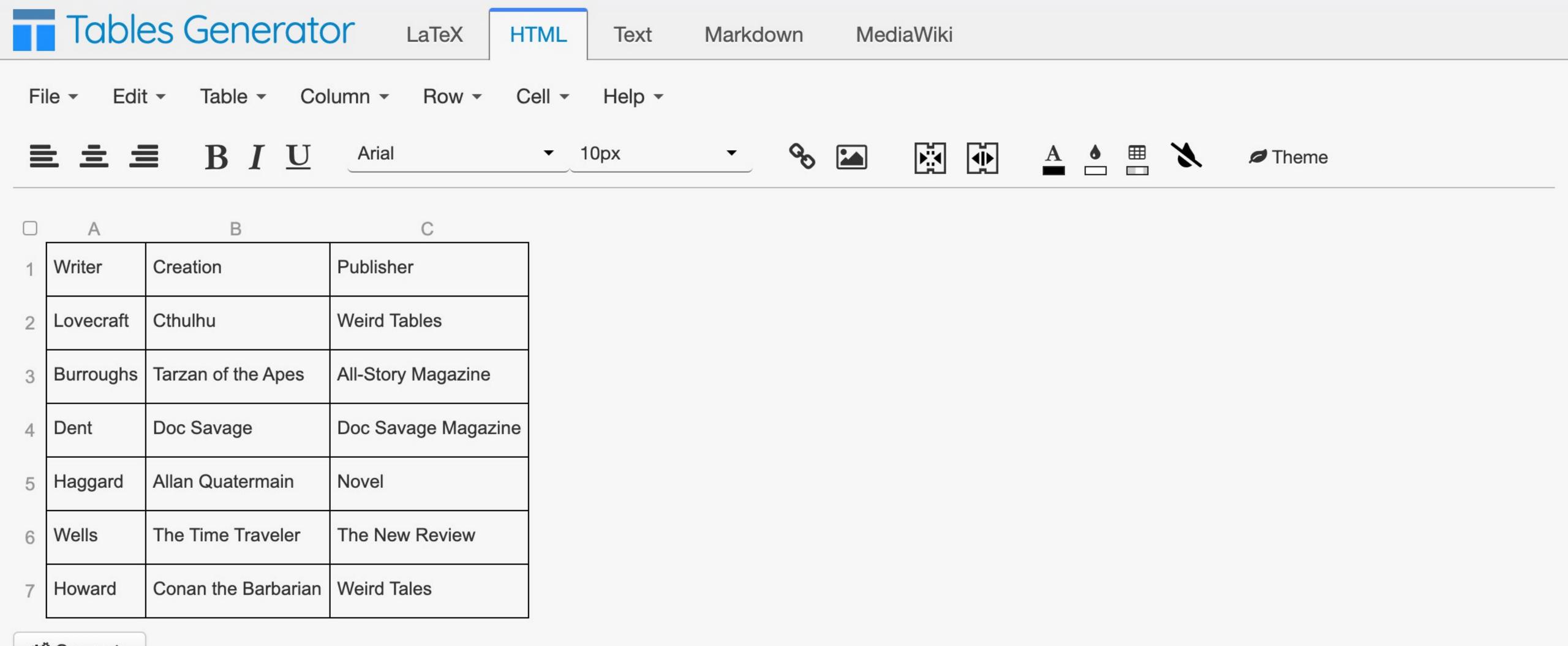
Be lazy! There are easy ways to generate the initial code











Generate

□ Do not generate CSS
 □ Compact mode

Result (click "Generate" to refresh)

Copy to clipboard <style type="text/css">

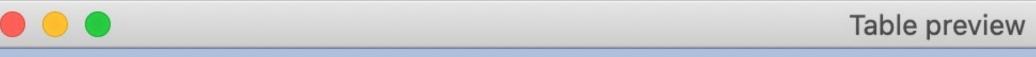
Preview

.tg {border-collapse:collapse;border-spacing:0;} .tg td{border-color:black;border-style:solid;border-width:1px;font-family:Arial, sans-serif;font-size:14px;

overflow:hidden;padding:10px 5px;word-break:normal;}

```
Doc Savage Magazine
 4 Dent
          Doc Savage
          Allan Quatermain
                         Novel
 5 Haggard
          The Time Traveler
                         The New Review
 6 Wells
          Conan the Barbarian Weird Tales
   Howard
 Generate
□ Do not generate CSS □ Compact mode
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Result (click "Generate" to refresh)
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     <style type="text/css">
     .tg {border-collapse:collapse;border-spacing:0;}
     .tg td{border-style:solid;border-width:0px;font-family:Arial, sans-serif;font-size:14px;overflow:hidden;
       padding:10px 5px;word-break:normal;}
     .tg th{border-style:solid;border-width:0px;font-family:Arial, sans-serif;font-size:14px;font-weight:normal;
       overflow:hidden;padding:10px 5px;word-break:normal;}
     .tg .tg-0lax{text-align:left;vertical-align:top}
     </style>
     <thead>
 10
       Writer
         Creation
         Publisher
  14
       We don't need all that CSS!
     </thead>
```

```
Doc Savage Magazine
 4 Dent
          Doc Savage
          Allan Quatermain
                        Novel
 5 Haggard
6 Wells
          The Time Traveler
                        The New Review
          Conan the Barbarian Weird Tales
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 • enerate
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Result (click "Generate" to refresh)
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     <thead>
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        Creation
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       </thead>
     9
       10
        Lovecraft
        Cthulhu
        Weird Tables
       14
 15
       Burroughs
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        Tarzan of the Apes
 17
        All-Story Magazine
 18
```



about:blank



Lovecraft Cthulhu Weird Tables

Burroughs Tarzan of the Apes All-Story Magazine

Dent Doc Savage Doc Savage Magazine

Haggard Allan Quatermain Novel

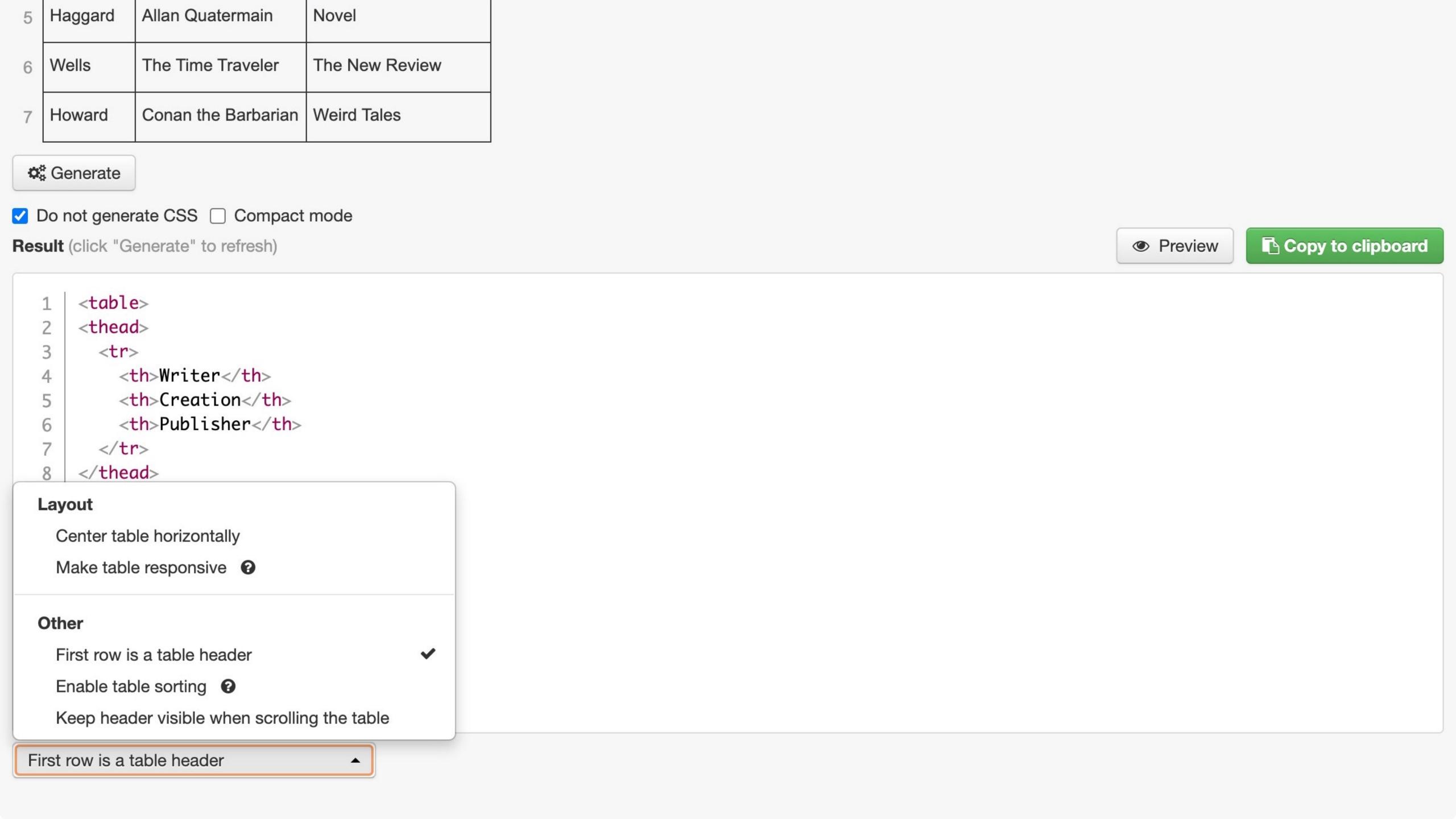
Wells The Time Traveler The New Review

Howard Conan the Barbarian Weird Tales









```
    Haggard Allan Quatermain Novel
    Wells The Time Traveler The New Review
    Howard Conan the Barbarian Weird Tales
```

Responsive table

Preview

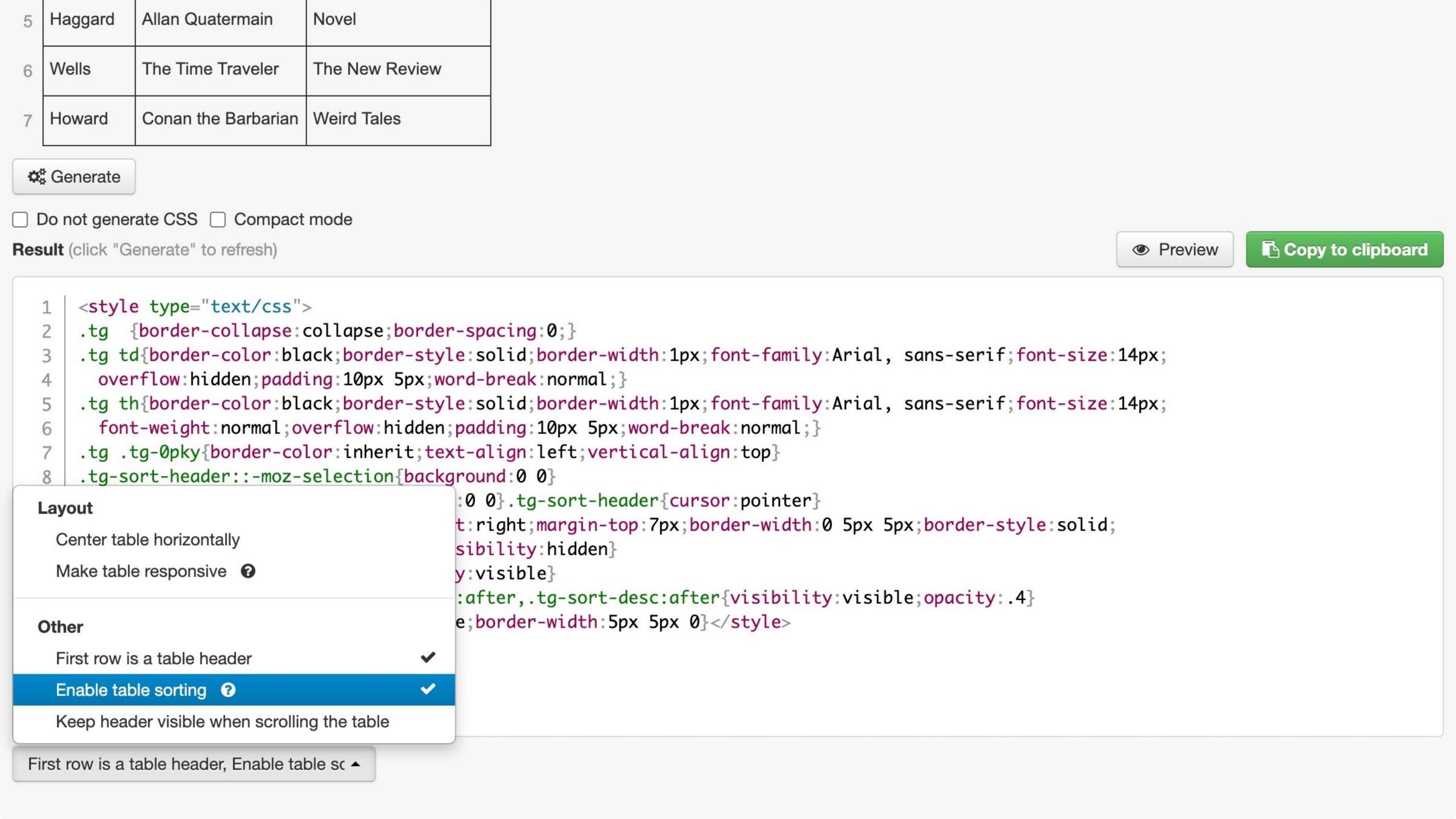
Copy to clipboard

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Ф<sup>a</sup> Generate
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Do not generate CSS Compact mode

Result (click "Generate" to refresh)

```
<style type="text/css">
          {border-collapse:collapse;border-spacing:0;}
     .tg td{border-color:black;border-style:solid;border-width:1px;font-family:Arial, sans-serif;font-size:14px;
       overflow:hidden;padding:10px 5px;word-break:normal;}
     .tg th{border-color:black;border-style:solid;border-width:1px;font-family:Arial, sans-serif;font-size:14px;
       font-weight:normal;overflow:hidden;padding:10px 5px;word-break:normal;}
     .ta .ta-0pky{border-color:inherit:text-alian:left:vertical-alian:top}
     @media screen and (max-width: 767px) {.tg {width: auto !important;}.tg col {width: auto !important;}.tg-wrap {overflow-x: auto;-webkit
Layout
  Center table horizontally
  Make table responsive ?
 Other
  First row is a table header
   Enable table sorting ②
  Keep header visible when scrolling the table
Make table responsive ②, First row is a t -
```



```
    Haggard Allan Quatermain Novel
    Wells The Time Traveler The New Review
    Howard Conan the Barbarian Weird Tales
```

Table sorting enabled

Preview

Copy to clipboard

⇔ Generate

□ Do not generate CSS □ Compact mode

Result (click "Generate" to refresh)

```
<style type="text/css">
    .tg {border-collapse:collapse;border-spacing:0;}
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4
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      font-weight:normal;overflow:hidden;padding:10px 5px;word-break:normal;}
    .tg .tg-0pky{border-color:inherit;text-align:left;vertical-align:top}
    .tg-sort-header::-moz-selection{background:0 0}
    .tg-sort-header::selection{background:0 0}.tg-sort-header{cursor:pointer}
    .tg-sort-header:after{content:'';float:right;margin-top:7px;border-width:0 5px 5px;border-style:solid;
10
      border-color:#404040 transparent;visibility:hidden}
    .tg-sort-header:hover:after{visibility:visible}
    .tg-sort-asc:after,.tg-sort-asc:hover:after,.tg-sort-desc:after{visibility:visible;opacity:.4}
    .tg-sort-desc:after{border-bottom:none;border-width:5px 5px 0}</style>
    <thead>
16
      Writer
18
```

First row is a table header, Enable table sc -

```
Allan Quatermain
                                Novel
   Haggard
    Wells
              The Time Traveler
                                The New Review
 6
              Conan the Barbarian | Weird Tales
    Howard
 Generate

    □ Do not generate CSS
    □ Compact mode

                                                                                                                         Preview
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         font-weight:normal;overflow:hidden;padding:10px 5px;word-break:normal;}
       .tg .tg-j1i3{border-color:inherit;position:-webkit-sticky;position:sticky;text-align:left;top:-1px;vertical-align:top;
         will-change:transform}
                                                t-align:left;vertical-align:top}
  Layout
    Center table horizontally
    Make table responsive ?
  Other
    First row is a table header
     Enable table sorting ②
    Keep header visible when scrolling the table
 First row is a table header, Keep header vi
```

```
    Haggard Allan Quatermain Novel
    Wells The Time Traveler The New Review
    Howard Conan the Barbarian Weird Tales
```

Keep header visible

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Generate
```

□ Do not generate CSS
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Result (click "Generate" to refresh)

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<style type="text/css">
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   .tg .tg-Upky{border-color:inherit;text-align:left;vertical-align:top}
   </style>
10
   <thead>
     Writer
14
       Creation
       Publisher
     </thead>
```

First row is a table header, Keep header vi

5	Haggard	Allan Quatermain	Novel	
6	Wells	The Time Traveler	The New Review	
7	Howard	Conan the Barbarian	Weird Tales	

Table sorting enabled & keep header visible

Preview

Generate

□ Do not generate CSS
 □ Compact mode

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                                            t-align:left;vertical-align:top}
 Layout
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  Make table responsive ?
                                            t:right;margin-top:7px;border-width:0 5px 5px;border-style:solid;
                                            sibility:hidden}
                                            y:visible}
 Other
                                            :after,.tg-sort-desc:after{visibility:visible;opacity:.4}
  First row is a table header
                                            e;border-width:5px 5px 0}</style>
   Enable table sorting ?
  Keep header visible when scrolling the table
First row is a table header, Enable table sc -
```

SIDE NOTE

"...a comma-separated values (CSV) file stores tabular data (numbers & text) in plain text. Each line of the file is a data record. Each record consists of one or more fields, separated by commas. ... CSV is a common data exchange format that is widely supported... Among its most common uses is moving tabular data between programs..." —Wikipedia

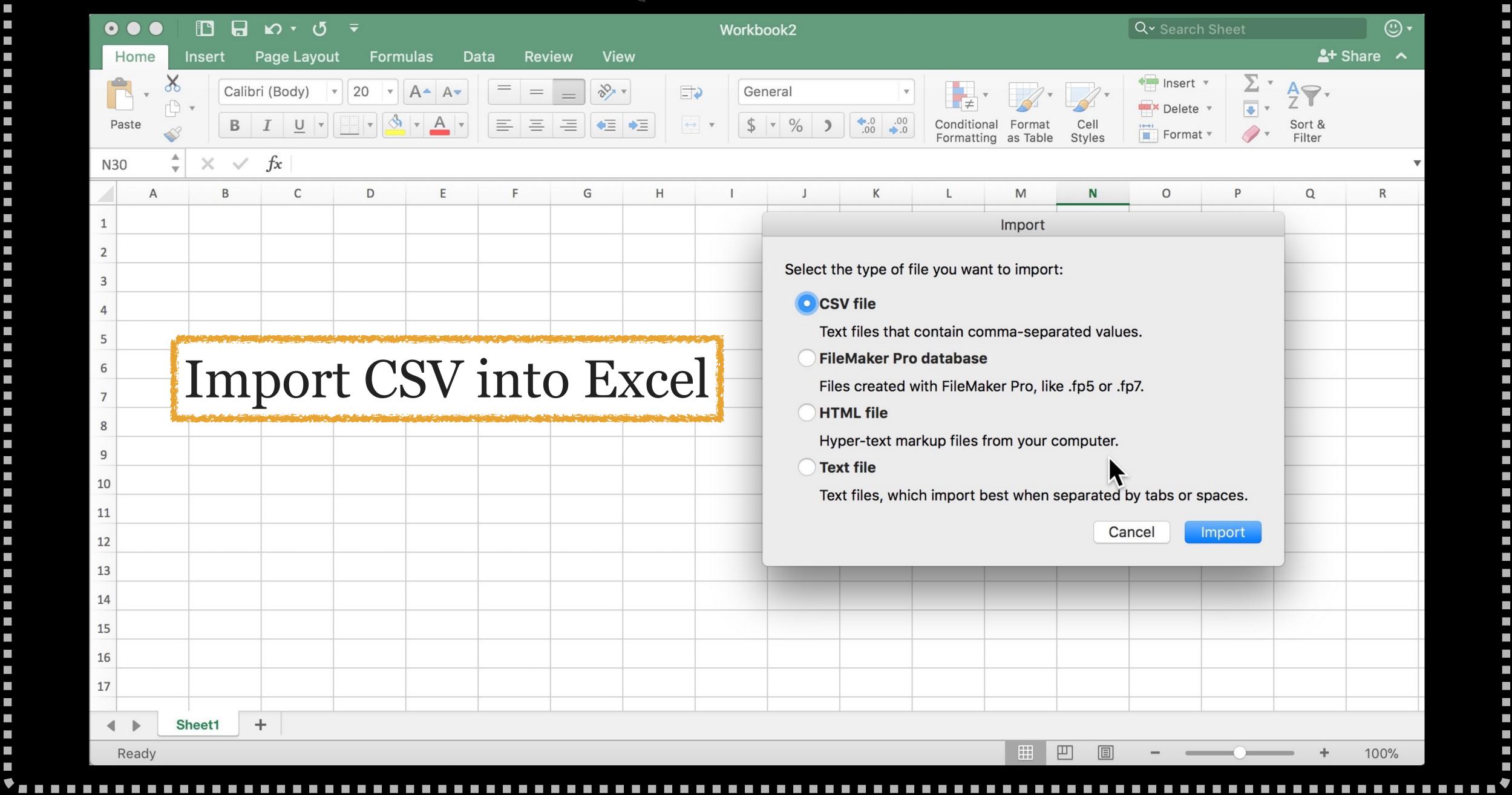
SIDE NOTE:

Writer, Creation, Publisher
Lovecraft, Cthulhu, "Weird Tales"
Burroughs, "Tarzan of the Apes", "All-Story"
Dent, "Doc Savage", "Doc Savage Magazine"
Haggard, "Allan Quatermain", Novel
Wells, "The Time Traveler", "The New Review"
Howard, "Conan the Barbarian", "Weird Tales"

Sample CSV file

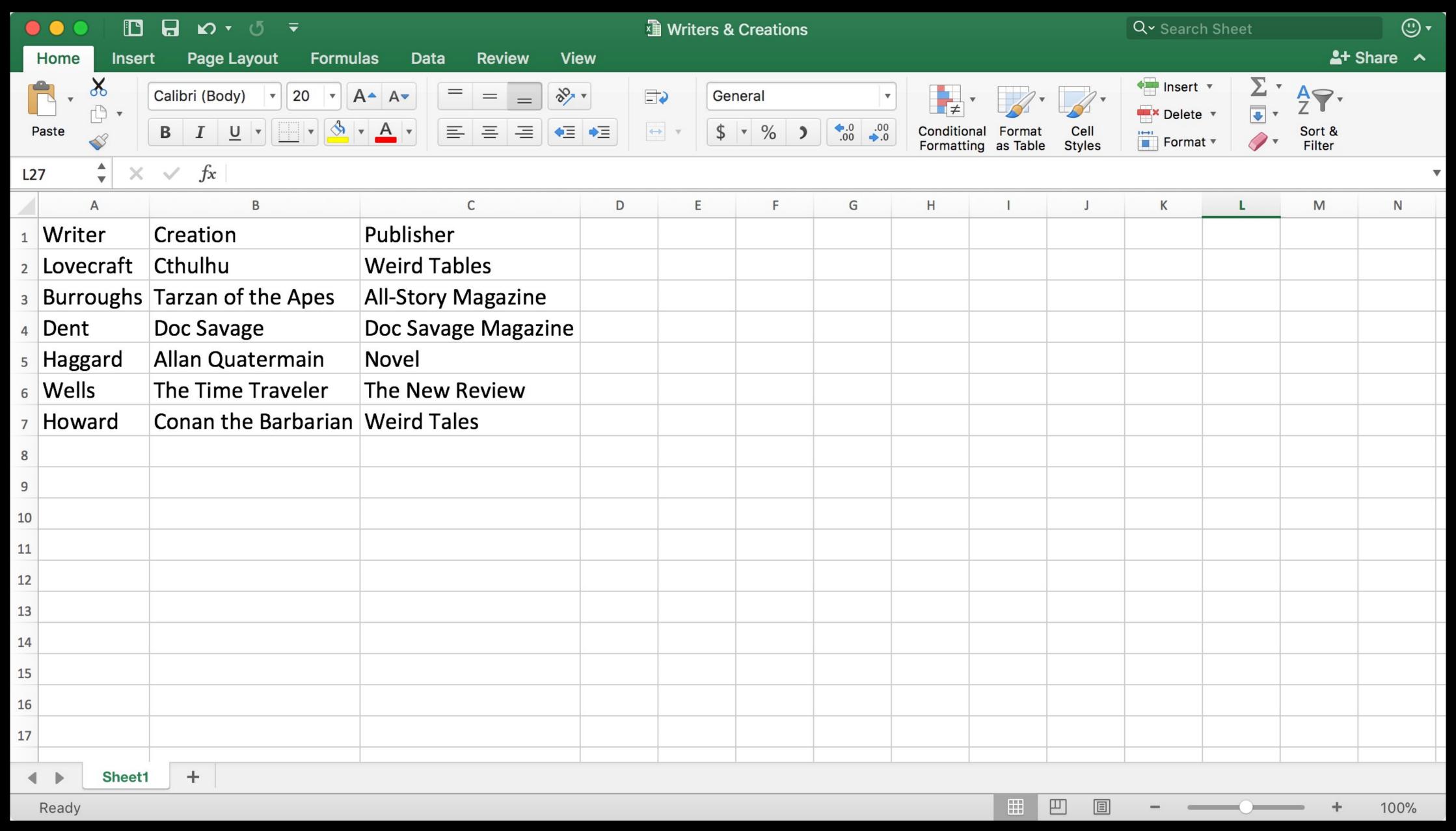


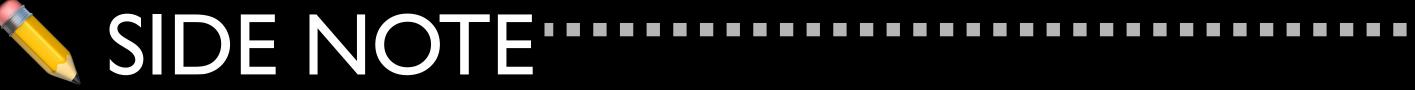
SIDE NOTE:

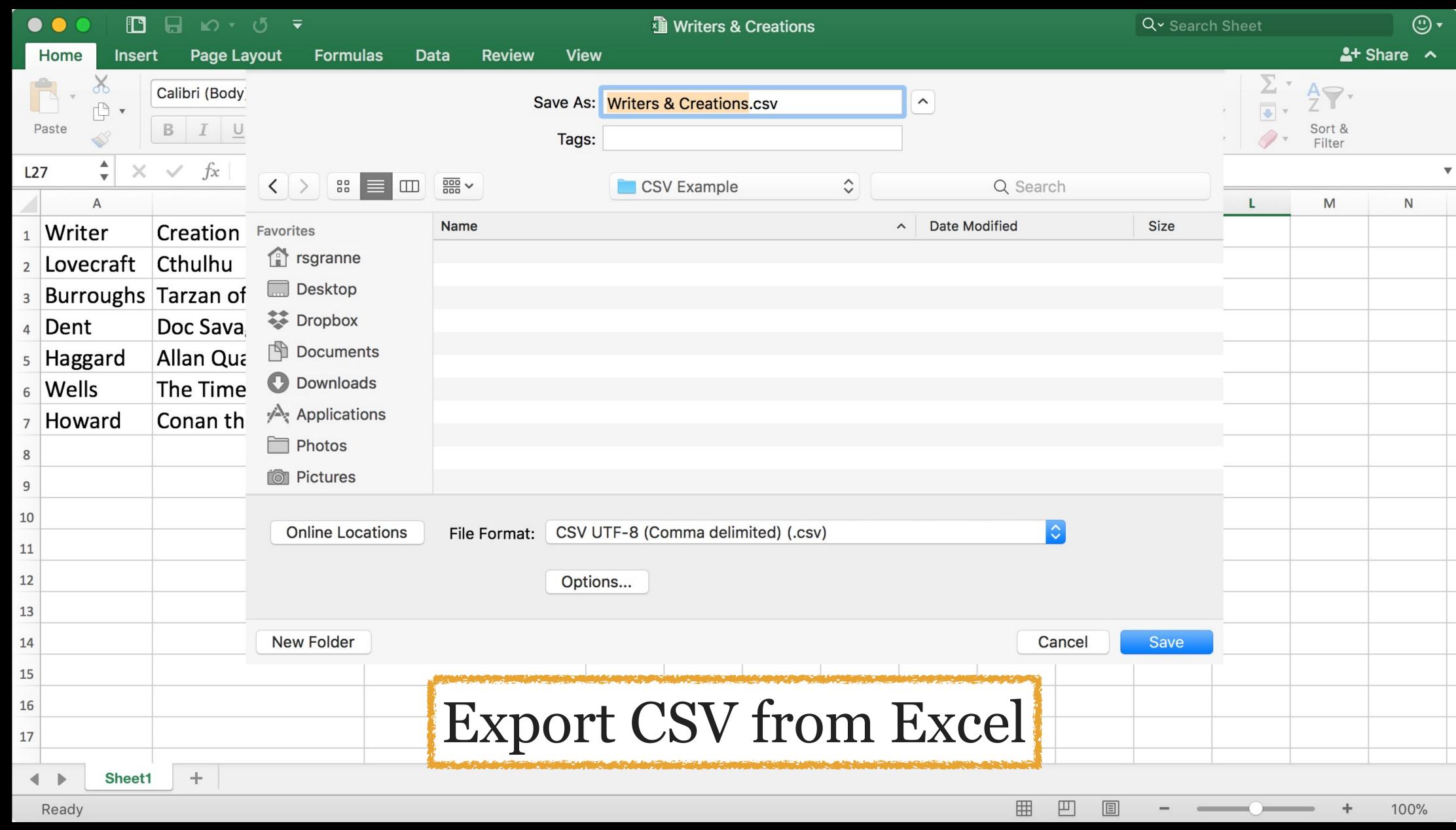


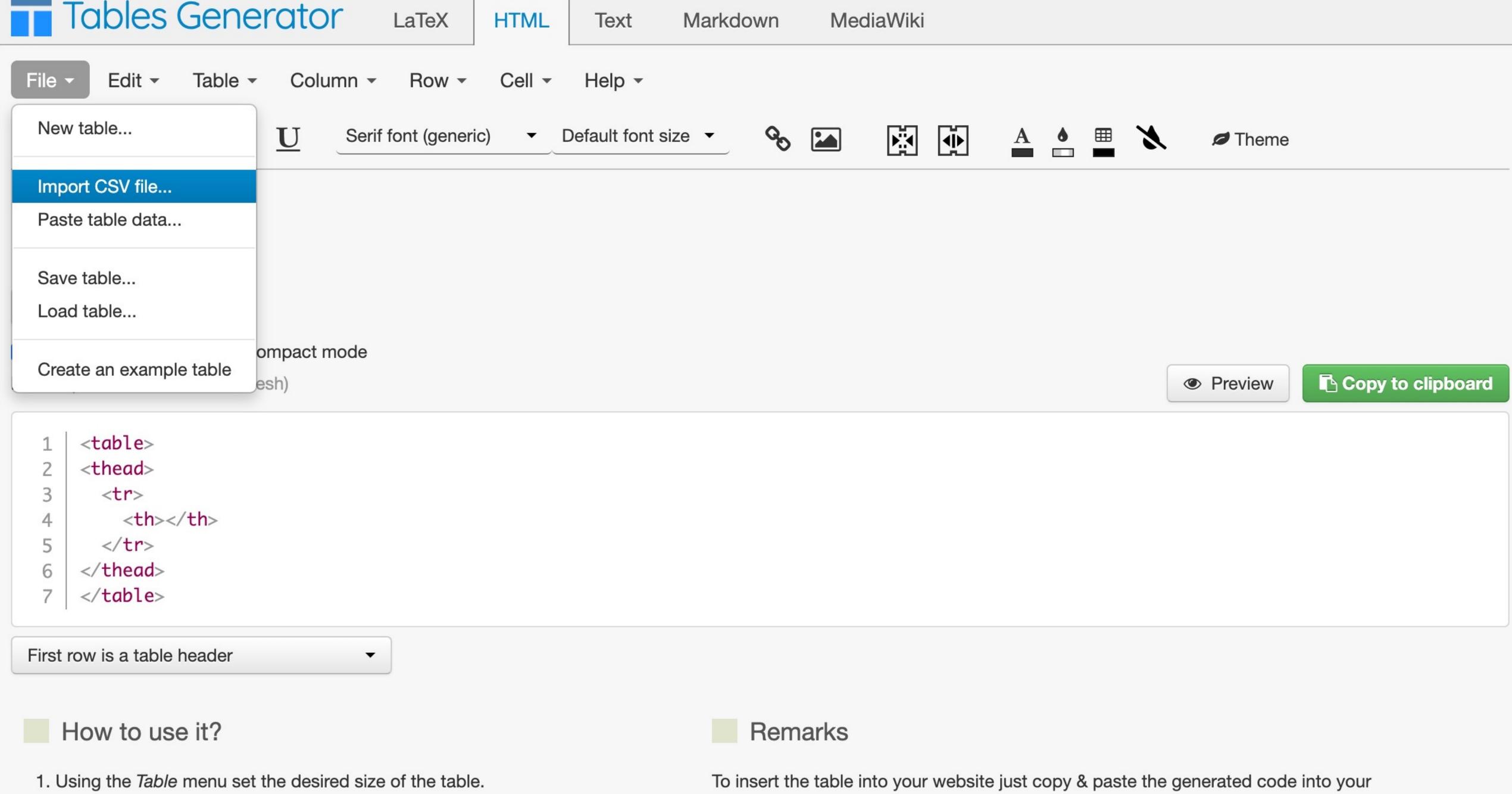


SIDE NOTE:







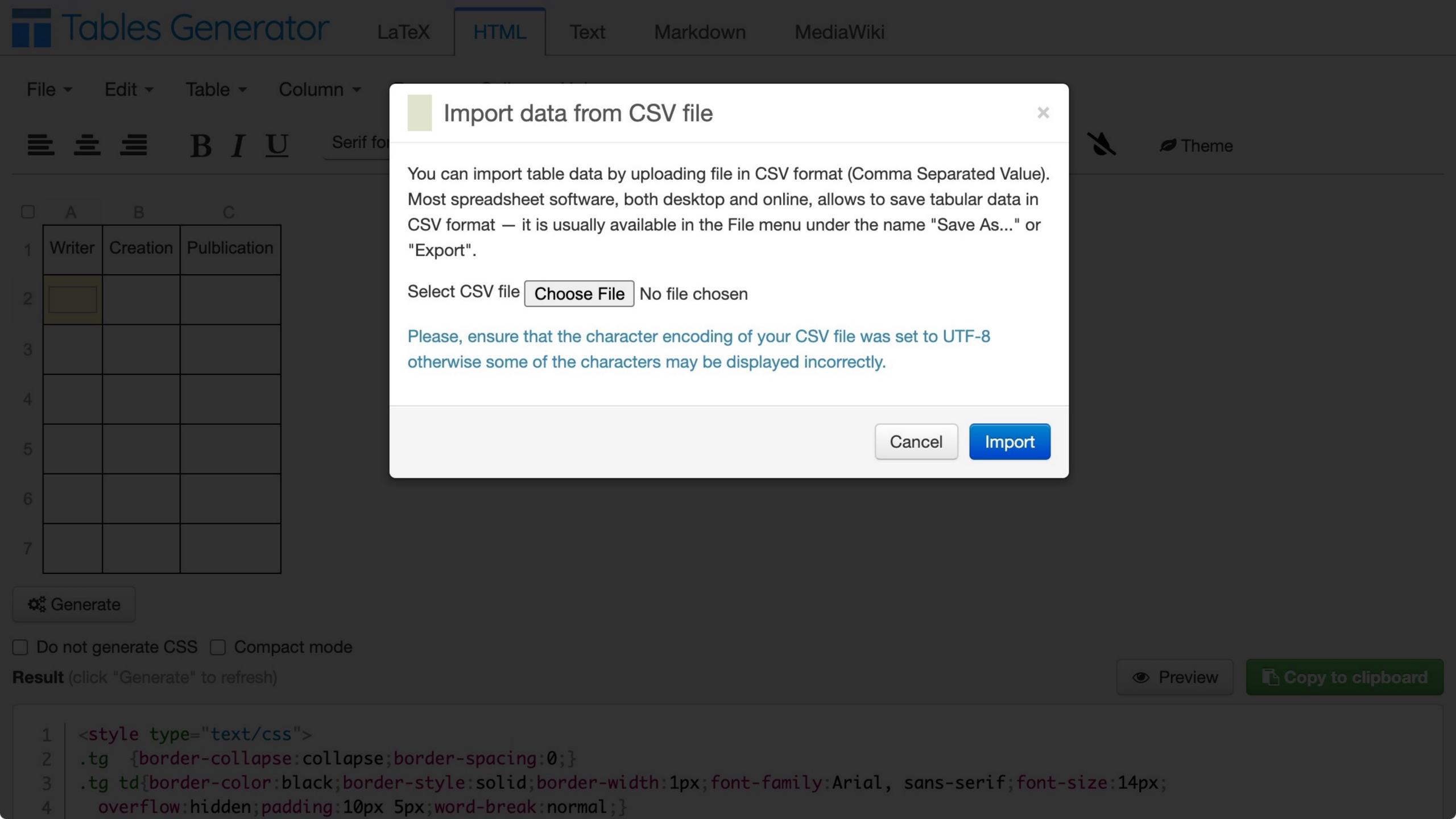


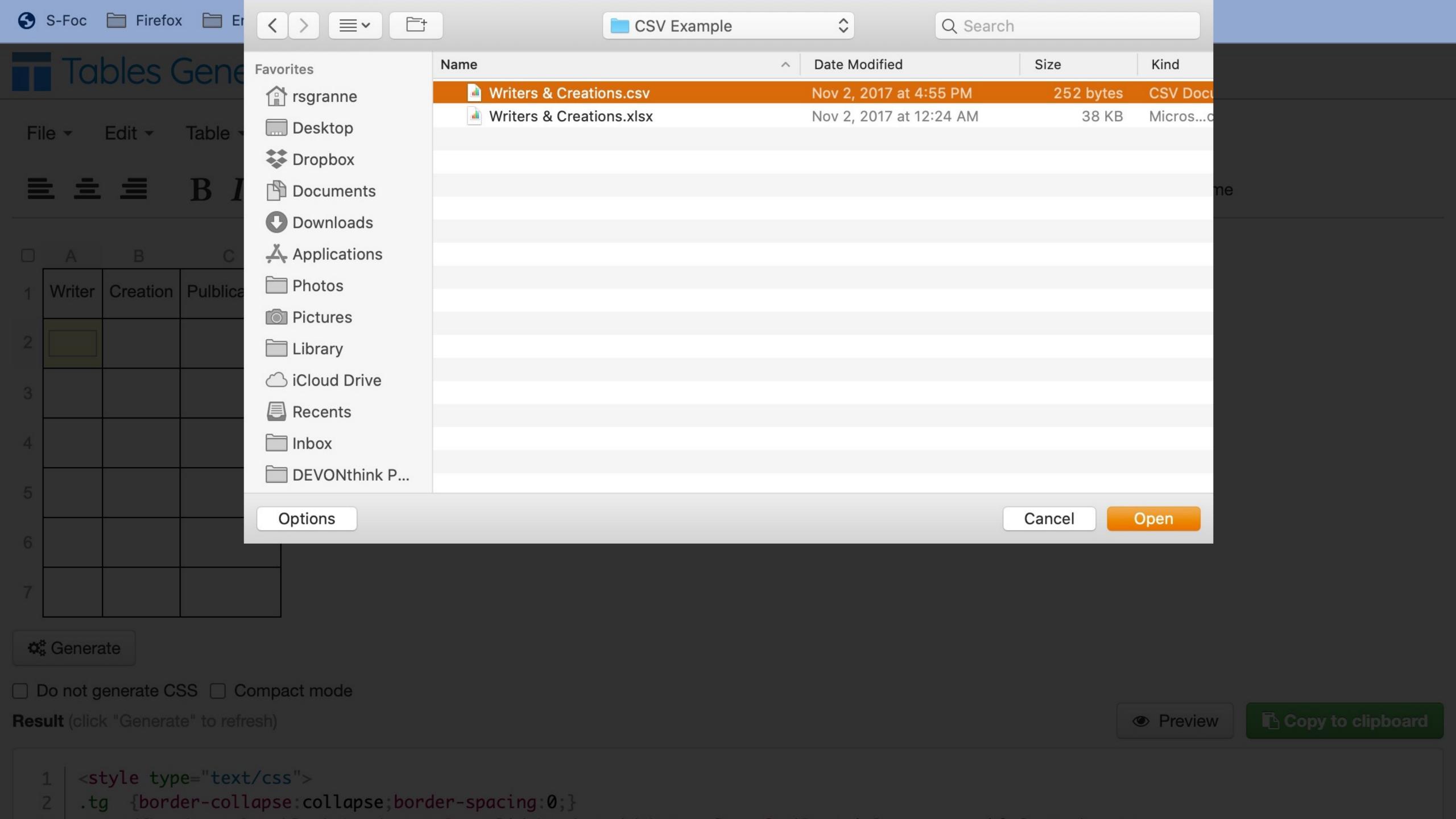
https://www.tablesgenerator.com/html_tables# rom the spreadsheet (e.g. Google Docs,

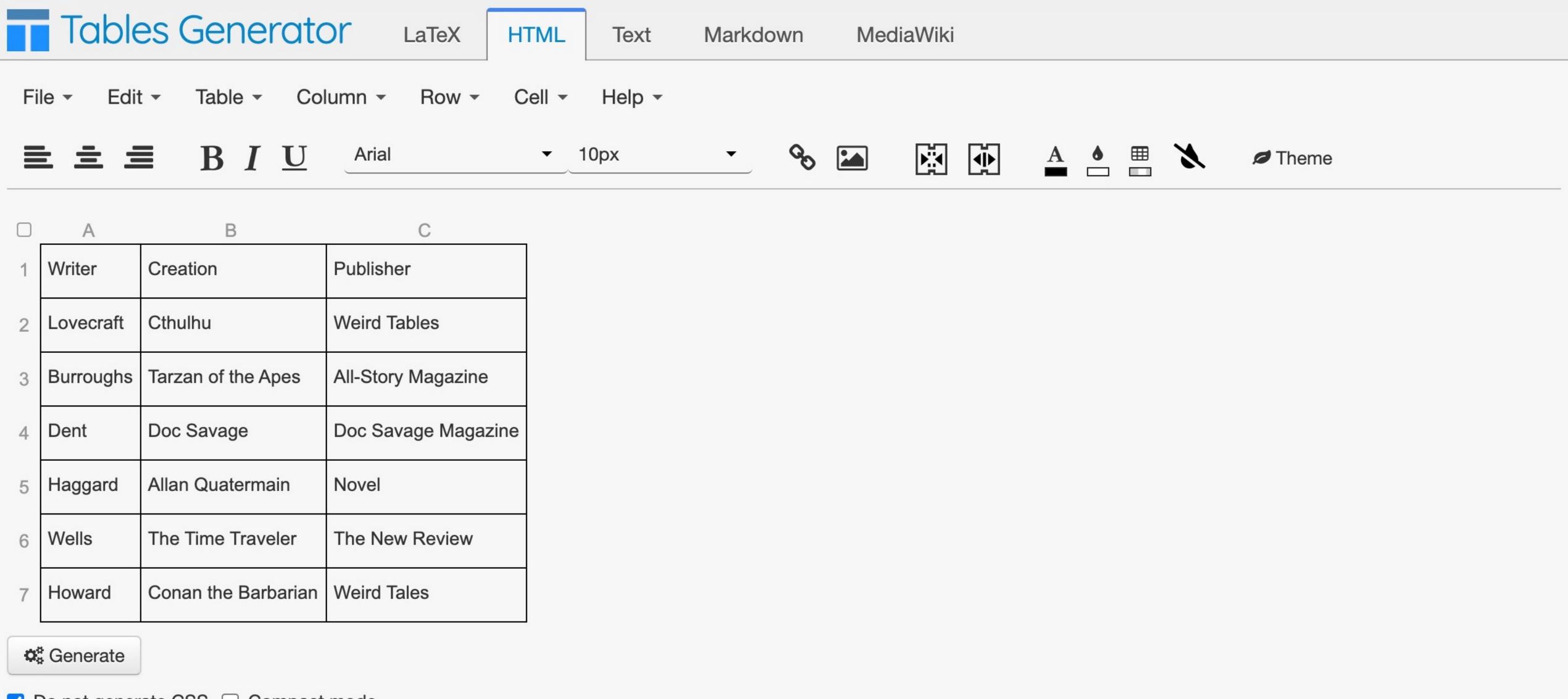
2. Enter the table data into the table:

ocs, m

website's source. It should display fine in all modern browsers both desktop and mobile. But if you want your page to remain consistent with HTML standard,

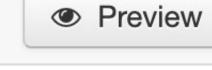




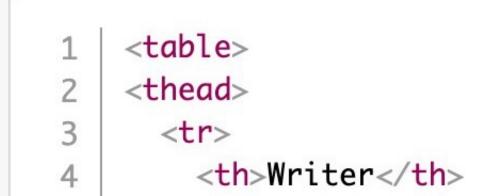


✓ Do not generate CSS ☐ Compact mode

Result (click "Generate" to refresh)







Why did the Web developer leave the restaurant?

Why did the Web developer leave the restaurant?

Because of the table layout!

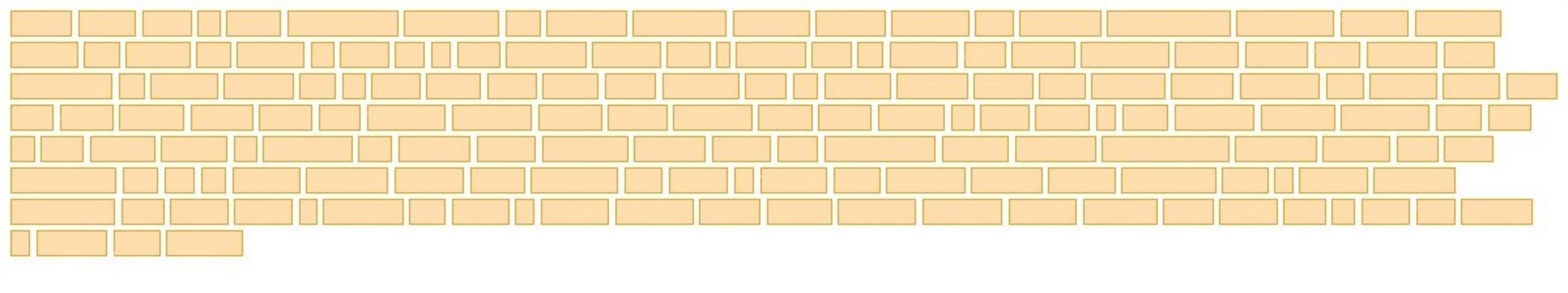
float

The flow is the interaction of 3 layout behaviors:

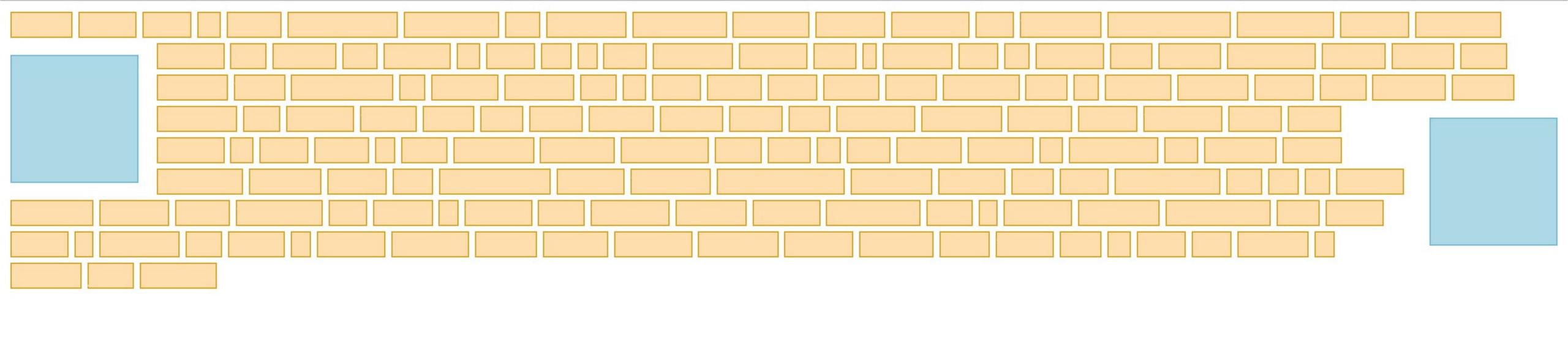
- » Block layout is vertically adjacent
- » Inline layout is horizontally wrapping
- » Floated boxes are *moved to one side* & following content flows around it



Block layout means that boxes are vertically adjacent



Inline layout means that boxes horizontally wrap to new lines when they cannot fit



Floated boxes are moved to one side & content flows around it

float

Element taken out of normal flow & placed along left or right side of its container, where text & inline elements will wrap around it

Floated elements must have a width, either explicit (using width) or implicit (image)

float: left

Element floats on *left* side of containing block

float: right

Element floats on right side of containing block

```
いる。
⇔ HTML
    whether they danced often upon
    Lerion; but the farmer and his wile
    would only make the Elder Sign and
    tell him the way to Nir and Ulthar.
  <img
  src="https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikip"
  edia/commons/0/02/Elder_sign.jpg"
  alt="Elder Sign">
  >
    At noon he walked through the one
    broad high street of Nir, which he
    had once visited and which marked his
    farthest former travels in this
    direction: and soon afterward he came
                                         米以
CSS
 img
   float: left;
    Beautification (not part of lesson) */
 img {
   margin: .2em 1em .5em .5em;
                                          光器
⇔JS
```

Carter detoured at the proper place, and heard behind him the frightened fluttering of some of the more timid Zoogs. He had known they would follow him, so he was not disturbed; for one grows accustomed to the anomalies of these prying creatures. It was twilight when he came to the edge of the wood, and the strengthening glow told him it was the twilight of morning. Over fertile plains rolling down to the Skai he saw the smoke of cottage chimneys, and on every hand were the hedges and ploughed fields and thatched roofs of a peaceful land. Once he stopped at a farmhouse well for a cup of water, and all the dogs barked affrightedly at the inconspicuous Zoogs that crept through the grass behind. At another house, where people were stirring, he asked questions about the gods, and whether they danced often upon Lerion; but the farmer and his wile would only make the Elder Sign and tell him the way to Nir and Ulthar.



At noon he walked through the one broad high street of Nir, which he had once visited and which marked his farthest former travels in this direction; and soon afterward he came to the great stone bridge across the Skai, into whose central piece the masons had sealed a living human sacrifice when they built it thirteen-hundred years before. Once on the other side, the frequent presence of cats (who all arched their backs at the trailing Zoogs) revealed the near neighborhood of Ulthar; for in Ulthar, according to an ancient and significant law, no man may kill a cat. Very pleasant were the suburbs of Ulthar, with their little green cottages and neatly fenced farms; and still pleasanter was the quaint town itself, with its old peaked roofs and

overhanging upper stories and numberless chimney-pots and narrow hill streets where one can see old cobbles whenever the graceful cats afford space enough. Carter, the cats being somewhat dispersed by the half-seen Zoogs, picked his way directly to the modest Temple of the Elder Ones where the priests and old records were said to be; and once within that venerable circular tower of ivied stone—which crowns Ulthar's highest hill—he sought out the patriarch Atal, who had been up the forbidden peak Hatheg-Kia in the stony desert and had come down again alive.

Atal, seated on an ivory dais in a festooned shrine at the top of the temple, was fully three centuries old; but still very keen of mind and memory. From him Carter learned many things about the gods, but mainly that they are indeed only Earth's gods, ruling feebly our own dreamland and having no power or habitation elsewhere. They might, Atal said, heed a man's prayer if in good humour; but one must not think of climbing to their onyx stronghold atop Kadath in the cold waste. It was lucky that no man knew where Kadath towers, for the fruits of ascending it would be very grave. Atal's companion Banni the Wise had been drawn screaming into the sky for climbing merely the known peak of Hatheg-Kia. With unknown Kadath, if ever found, matters would be much worse; for although Earth's gods may sometimes be surpassed by a wise mortal, they are protected by the Other Gods from Outside, whom it is better not to discuss. At least twice in the world's history the Other Gods set their seal upon Earth's primal granite; once

What happens when you float a box against another floated box?

 ♣ HTML

 ※ 図

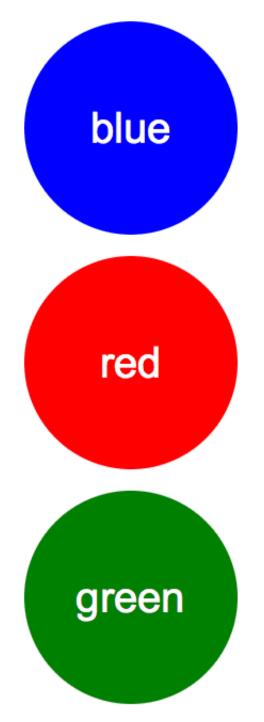
```
1 <div class="blue">blue</div>
2 <div class="red">red</div>
3 <div class="green">green</div>
4
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Fusce orci libero, mollis id neque et, feugiat semper libero. In porta porta aliquet. Donec sit amet condimentum tellus. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Aenean placerat tortor et elit dictum, id consequat elit pulvinar.

6 7

Donec dictum hendrerit blandit. Donec accumsan scelerisque lacus quis aliquet. Fusce quam ipsum, venenatis eget porttitor ut, pulvinar id metus. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Phasellus id gravida augue.

9



※☆

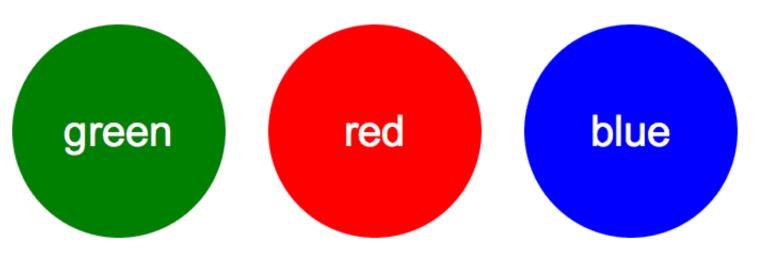
Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Fusce orci libero, mollis id neque et, feugiat semper libero. In porta porta aliquet. Donec sit amet condimentum tellus. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Aenean placerat tortor et elit dictum, id consequat elit pulvinar.

Donec dictum hendrerit blandit. Donec accumsan scelerisque lacus quis aliquet. Fusce quam ipsum, venenatis eget porttitor ut, pulvinar id metus. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Phasellus id gravida augue.

CSS

```
※なる
⇔ HTML
 <div class="blue">blue</div>
 <div class="red">red</div>
 <div class="green">green</div>
 >
   Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet,
   consectetur adipiscing elit. Fusce
   orci libero, mollis id neque et,
   feugiat semper libero. In porta porta
   aliquet. Donec sit amet condimentum
   tellus. In hac habitasse platea
   dictumst. Aenean placerat tortor et
   elit dictum, id consequat elit
   pulvinar.
 ◎ ※ ♡
CSS
  .blue {
    float: right;
  .red {
    float: right;
  .green {
    float: right;
⇔JS
                                          光器
```

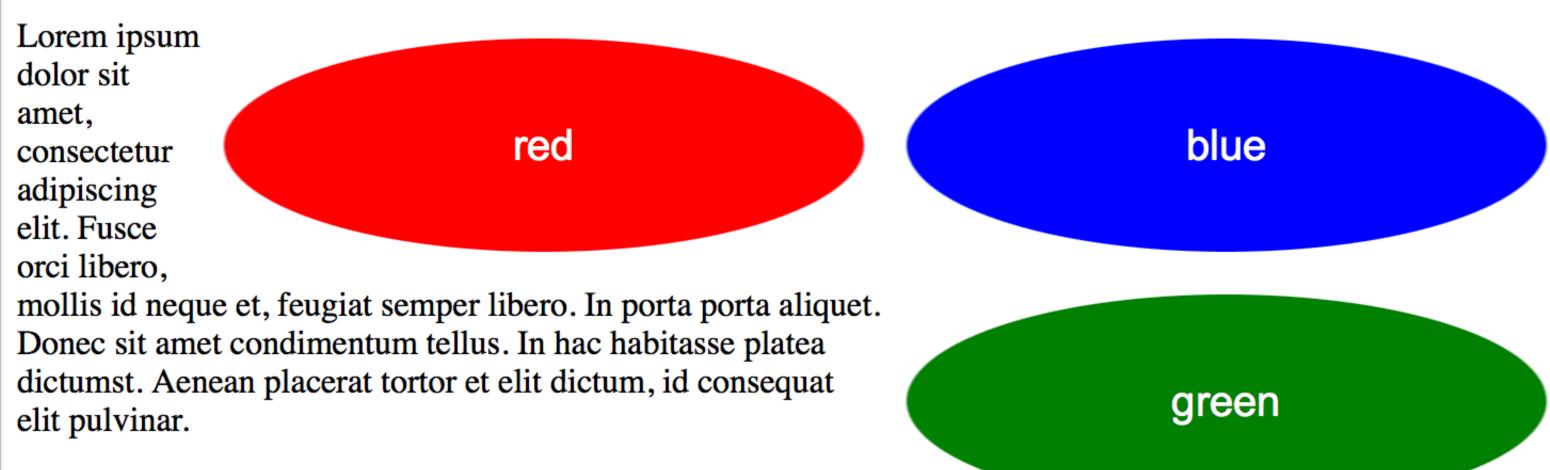
Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Fusce orci libero, mollis id neque et, feugiat semper libero. In porta porta aliquet. Donec sit amet condimentum tellus. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Aenean placerat tortor et elit dictum, id consequat elit pulvinar.



Donec dictum hendrerit blandit. Donec accumsan scelerisque lacus quis aliquet. Fusce quam ipsum, venenatis eget porttitor ut, pulvinar id metus. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Phasellus id gravida augue.

What happens when you float a box against another floated box, & there's not enough room?

```
※なる
⇔ HTML
 <div class="blue">blue</div>
 <div class="red">red</div>
 <div class="green">green</div>
 >
   Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet,
   consectetur adipiscing elit. Fusce
   orci libero, mollis id neque et,
   feugiat semper libero. In porta
   porta aliquet. Donec sit amet
   condimentum tellus. In hac
   habitasse platea dictumst. Aenean
   placerat tortor et elit dictum, id
   consequat elit pulvinar.
 ◎ ※茲
CSS
  .blue {
    float: right;
  .red {
    float: right;
  .green {
    float: right;
⇔JS
                                      光など
```



Donec dictum hendrerit blandit. Donec accumsan scelerisque lacus quis aliquet. Fusce quam ipsum, venenatis eget porttitor ut, pulvinar id metus. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Phasellus id gravida augue.

clear

Specifies that the element *should not float or wrap*, but should instead move down below the float

clear: left

Element moves down to clear past left floats

clear: right

Element moves down to clear past right floats

clear: both

Element moves down to clear past left & right floats

```
※で
⇔ HTML
 <div class="blue">blue</div>
 >
   Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet,
   consectetur adipiscing elit. Fusce
   orci libero, mollis id neque et,
   feugiat semper libero. In porta porta
   aliquet. Donec sit amet condimentum
   tellus. In hac habitasse platea
   dictumst. Aenean placerat tortor et
   elit dictum, id consequat elit
   pulvinar.
 Donec dictum hendrerit blandit. Donec
   agaimean agalariggua lagua guig
                                        ※☆
* CSS
  .blue {
    float: right;
  .cleared {
    /* clear: both; */
  /* For beautificaiton only */
  .blue {background-color: blue;}
12 .red {background-color: red;}
                                         米で
⇔ JS
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Fusce orci libero, mollis id neque et, feugiat semper libero. In porta porta aliquet. Donec sit amet condimentum tellus. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Aenean placerat tortor et elit dictum, id consequat elit pulvinar.

Donec dictum hendrerit blandit. Donec accumsan scelerisque lacus quis aliquet. Fusce quam ipsum, venenatis eget porttitor ut, pulvinar id metus. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Phasellus id gravida augue.

blue

```
※で
⇔ HTML
 <div class="blue">blue</div>
 >
   Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet,
   consectetur adipiscing elit. Fusce
   orci libero, mollis id neque et,
   feugiat semper libero. In porta porta
   aliquet. Donec sit amet condimentum
   tellus. In hac habitasse platea
   dictumst. Aenean placerat tortor et
   elit dictum, id consequat elit
   pulvinar.
 Donec dictum hendrerit blandit. Donec
   accumean coolariacus lacus cuis
                                        米で
CSS
  .blue {
    float: right;
  .cleared {
    clear: both;
  /* For beautificaiton only */
  .blue {background-color: blue;}
12 .red {background-color: red;}
                                         米で
⇔ JS
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Fusce orci libero, mollis id neque et, feugiat semper libero. In porta porta aliquet. Donec sit amet condimentum tellus. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Aenean placerat tortor et elit dictum, id consequat elit pulvinar.



Donec dictum hendrerit blandit. Donec accumsan scelerisque lacus quis aliquet. Fusce quam ipsum, venenatis eget porttitor ut, pulvinar id metus. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Phasellus id gravida augue.

 ♣ HTML

 ※ 図

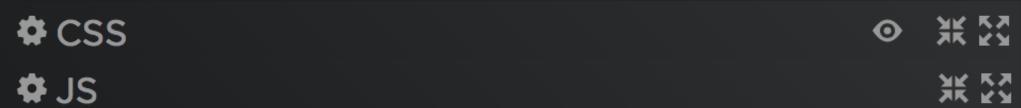
1 <div class="blue">blue</div>
2 <div class="red">red</div>
3 <div class="green">green</div>
4

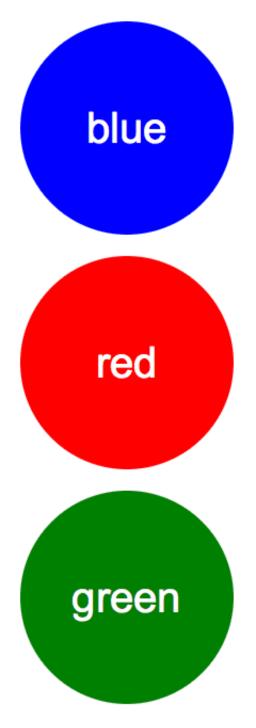
Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Fusce orci libero, mollis id neque et, feugiat semper libero. In porta porta aliquet. Donec sit amet condimentum tellus. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Aenean placerat tortor et elit dictum, id consequat elit pulvinar.

6 7

Donec dictum hendrerit blandit. Donec accumsan scelerisque lacus quis aliquet. Fusce quam ipsum, venenatis eget porttitor ut, pulvinar id metus. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Phasellus id gravida augue.

9

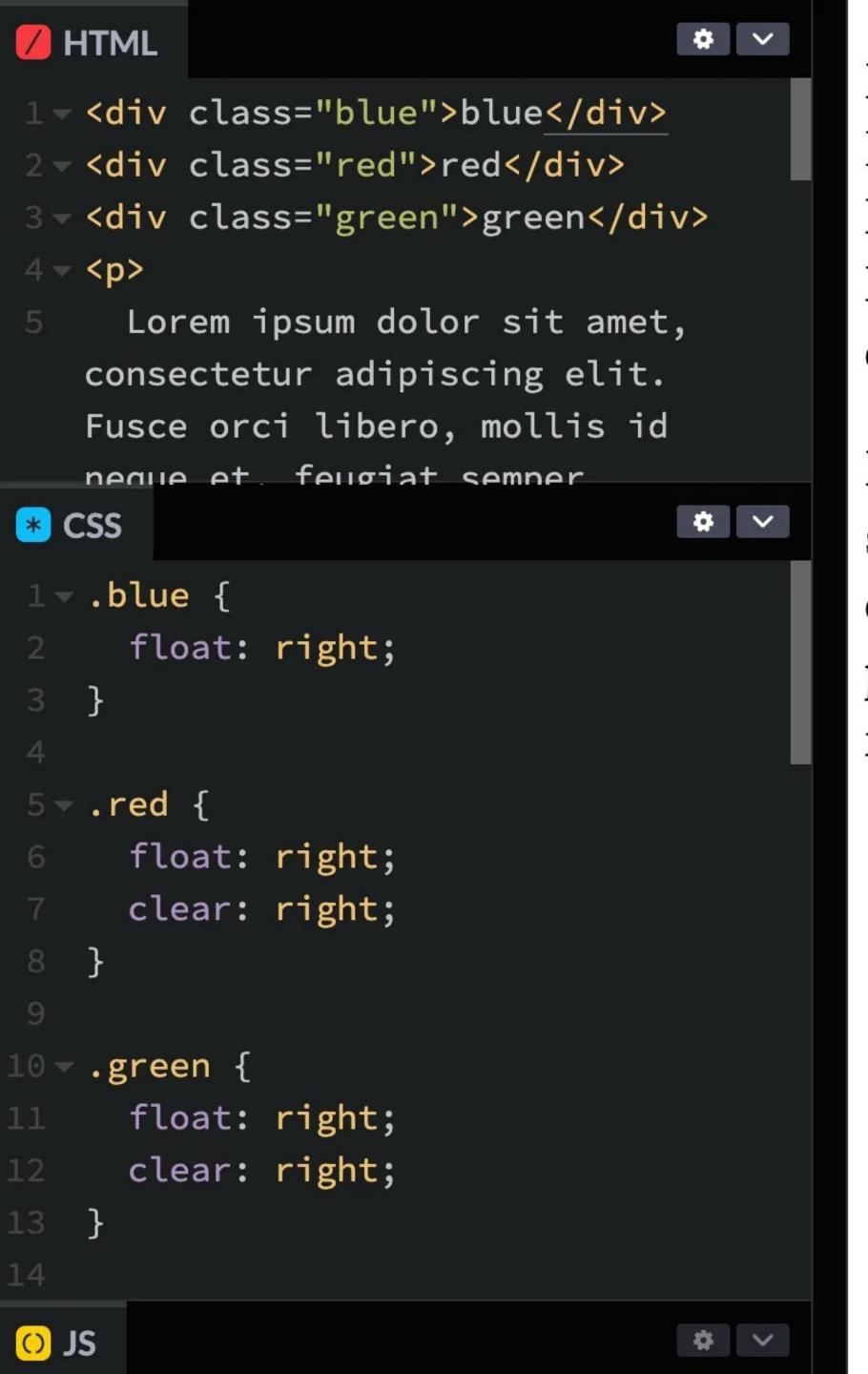




Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Fusce orci libero, mollis id neque et, feugiat semper libero. In porta porta aliquet. Donec sit amet condimentum tellus. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Aenean placerat tortor et elit dictum, id consequat elit pulvinar.

Donec dictum hendrerit blandit. Donec accumsan scelerisque lacus quis aliquet. Fusce quam ipsum, venenatis eget porttitor ut, pulvinar id metus. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Phasellus id gravida augue.

What if we want blue, red, & green to line up like they are now, but on the right side of the viewport?



Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Fusce orci libero, mollis id neque et, feugiat semper libero. In porta porta aliquet. Donec sit amet condimentum tellus. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Aenean placerat tortor et elit dictum, id consequat elit pulvinar.

Donec dictum hendrerit blandit. Donec accumsan scelerisque lacus quis aliquet. Fusce quam ipsum, venenatis eget porttitor ut, pulvinar id metus. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Phasellus id gravida augue.



red



float	4	1	1	1	1	1
clear	4	1	1	1	1	1

Why did the Web developer drown?

Why did the Web developer drown?

She didn't know if she should float: left or float: right!

display: table-cell

display

Specifies type of rendering box used for element

- » block
- » inline, inline-block, inline-table
- » table, table-row, & table-cell
- » list-item
- » flex
- » grid
- » none

display: block

Generates block boxes that line up vertically, relative to parents & siblings

```
※なる
# HTML
 less organized ululation would cease,
 and from what seemed a well-drilled
 chorus of hoarse voices would rise in
 sing-song chant that hideous phrase or
 ritual:
 <div>
   "Ph'nglui mglw'nafh Cthulhu R'lyeh
   wgah'nagl fhtagn."
 </div>
 Then the men, having reached a spot
 where the trees were thinner, came
 suddenly in sight of the spectacle
 itself. Four of them reeled, one
 fainted, and two were shaken into a
 frantic cry which the mad cacophony
                                          米で
CSS
  /* The element generates a block box.
  The standard box model is used. */
  div {
    display: block;
  /* 	♣ Not part of the lesson 	♣ */
  div {
    margin: 2em;
    border: 2em solid hsla(0, 100%, 50%,
                                           ※交
₩ JS
```

"Ph'nglui mglw'nafh Cthulhu R'lyeh wgah'nagl fhtagn."

display: inline

Generates inline boxes that break horizontally across lines when they are too wide to fit their containers

Content determines width

border on all 4 sides, but margin & padding only work on left & right

Initial value for all boxes

```
HTML
   OLYGITEZON GEGETALLOTT MONEN CONSC, GITA LLOTT MINGE
  seemed a well-drilled chorus of hoarse voices
  would rise in sing-song chant that hideous
  phrase or ritual:
2 √ <div>
     "Ph'nglui mglw'nafh Cthulhu R'lyeh wgah'nagl
     fhtagn."
   </div>
   Then the men, having reached a spot where the
  trees were thinner, came suddenly in sight of
  the spectacle itself. Four of them reeled, one
   fainted, and two were shaken into a frantic cry
   which the mad cacophony fortunately deadened.
*
  CSS
                                        View Compiled
1 - /* The element generates one or more inline
   element boxes. All parts of the box model are
   drawn, but only the left and right margin,
   border, and padding occupy space in the flow.
3√div {
     display: inline;
7 - /* 	♣ Not part of the lesson ♣ */
```

Only poetry or madness could do justice to the noises heard by Legrasse's men as they ploughed on through the black morass toward the red glare and muffled tom-toms. There are vocal qualities peculiar to men, and vocal qualities peculiar to beasts; and it is terrible to hear the one when the source should yield the other. Animal fury and license here whipped themselves to daemoniac heights by howls and squawking ecstacies that tore and reverberated through those nighted woods like pestilential tempests from the gulfs of hell. Now and then the less organized ululation would cease, and from what seemed a well-drilled chorus of hoarse voices would rise in singsong chant that hideous phrase or ritual:

"Ph'nglui mglw'nafh Cthulhu R'lyeh wgah'nagl fhtagn."

Then the men, having reached a spot where the trees were thinner, came suddenly in sight of the spectacle itself. Four of them reeled, one fainted, and two were shaken into a frantic cry which the mad cacophony fortunately deadened. Legrasse dashed swamp water on the face of the fainting man, and all stood trembling and nearly hypnotised with horror.

display: none

Removes element from flow & hides it as though it did not exist

Also removes all descendants

(Unlike visibility: hidden, which hides the element but leaves it in flow as though it were still there)

```
※交
# HTML
 from the gulfs of hell. Now and then the
 less organized ululation would cease,
 and from what seemed a well-drilled
 chorus of hoarse voices would rise in
 sing-song chant that hideous phrase or
 ritual:
 <div>
   "Ph'nglui mglw'nafh Cthulhu R'lyeh
   wgah'nagl fhtagn."
 </div>
 Then the men, having reached a spot
 where the trees were thinner, came
 suddenly in sight of the spectacle
 itself. Four of them reeled, one
 fainted, and two were shaken into a
CSS
  /* Turns off the display of an element
   (it has no effect on layout); all
  descendant elements also have their
  display turned off. The document is
  rendered as though the element did not
  exist. */
  div {
    display: none;
7 /* ♣ Not part of the lesson ♣ */
                                           ※以
₩ JS
```

Only poetry or madness could do justice to the noises heard by Legrasse's men as they ploughed on through the black morass toward the red glare and muffled tom-toms. There are vocal qualities peculiar to men, and vocal qualities peculiar to beasts; and it is terrible to hear the one when the source should yield the other. Animal fury and license here whipped themselves to daemoniac heights by howls and squawking ecstacies that tore and reverberated through those nighted woods like pestilential tempests from the gulfs of hell. Now and then the less organized ululation would cease, and from what seemed a well-drilled chorus of hoarse voices would rise in sing-song chant that hideous phrase or ritual: Then the men, having reached a spot where the trees were thinner, came suddenly in sight of the spectacle itself. Four of them reeled, one fainted, and two were shaken into a frantic cry which the mad cacophony fortunately deadened. Legrasse dashed swamp water on the face of the fainting man, and all stood trembling and nearly hypnotised with horror.



About the Animals

Veterinary Hospital

Animal Food & Nutrition Center

Science & Research

Enrichment & Training

Species Survival Plans

So You Want to be a Zookeeper?

+ 18 students

+ 40 acres

= one wild preschool



Learn about our

reduced

rates!

FEATURES

- Summer Zoo Weekends & Jungle Boogie
- Stingrays at Caribbean Cove
- Jammin' at the Zoo presented by Macy's -August 27
- Grevy's zebra foal and other summer babies

display: table

Generates box that behaves like a

- » Content determines width
- » Box lines up vertically, relative to parents & siblings
- » Can set margin, padding, & border

```
※なる
THINL 
 less organized ululation would cease,
 and from what seemed a well-drilled
 chorus of hoarse voices would rise in
 sing-song chant that hideous phrase or
 ritual:
 <div>
   "Ph'nglui mglw'nafh Cthulhu R'lyeh
   wgah'nagl fhtagn."
 </div>
 Then the men, having reached a spot
 where the trees were thinner, came
 suddenly in sight of the spectacle
 itself. Four of them reeled, one
 fainted, and two were shaken into a
 frontia americation the med accombance
                                          米な
CSS
  /* The element generates a table
  element box. Note that the box is sized
  by its content. Inside the table box,
  an anonymous table row object is
  created. */
  div {
    display: table;
7 /* 	♣ Not part of the lesson ♣ */
                                           ※☆
‡ JS
```



display: table-row

Generates box that behaves like

- » No margin, padding, or border
- » Content determines width

You will never use this

```
※なる
# HTML
 gulfs of hell. Now and then the less
 organized ululation would cease, and
 from what seemed a well-drilled chorus
 of hoarse voices would rise in sing-song
 chant that hideous phrase or ritual:
 <div class="table-row">
   "Ph'nglui mglw'nafh Cthulhu R'lyeh
   wgah'nagl fhtagn."
 </div>
 Then the men, having reached a spot
 where the trees were thinner, came
 suddenly in sight of the spectacle
 itself. Four of them reeled, one
 fainted, and two were shaken into a
 formers and and the season and an area of
CSS
  /* The element generates a table-row
  box. Outside the table-cell box, an
  anonymous table object is created.
  Inside the table-row box, an anonymous
  table cell object is created. The box
  model does not include margin, border,
  or padding. */
  .table-row {
    display: table-row;
                                           ※☆
‡ JS
```

"Ph'nglui mglw'nafh Cthulhu R'lyeh wgah'nagl fhtagn."

display: table-cell

Generates box that behaves like

- » Content determines width
- » No margin
- » Lines up horizontally with other s in a row

```
※交
# HTML
 from what seemed a well-drilled chorus
 of hoarse voices would rise in sing-song
 chant that hideous phrase or ritual:
2 <!-- Duplicate this div to see how
 multiple adjacent table-cell boxes
 behave. -->
 <div class="table-cell">
   "Ph'nglui mglw'nafh Cthulhu R'lyeh
   wgah'nagl fhtagn."
 </div>
 Then the men, having reached a spot
 where the trees were thinner, came
 suddenly in sight of the spectacle
 itself. Four of them reeled, one
 fainted, and two were shaken into a
                                          ※☆
CSS 
  /* The element generates a table-cell
  box. Outside the table-cell box,
  anonymous table row and table objects
  are created. The box model does not
  include margin. */
  .table-cell
    display: table-cell;
7 /* 	♣ Not part of the lesson ♣ */
                                          ※☆
‡ JS
```

"Ph'nglui mglw'nafh Cthulhu R'lyeh wgah'nagl fhtagn."

```
# HTML
                                              Tidy
2 ▼<!-- Duplicate this div to see how multiple
   adjacent table-cell boxes behave. -->
3 - <div class="table-cell">
     "Ph'nglui mglw'nafh Cthulhu R'lyeh wgah'nagl
     fhtagn."
   </div>
6 < <div class="table-cell">
     "Ph'nglui mglw'nafh Cthulhu R'lyeh wgah'nagl
     fhtagn."
   </div>
   Then the men, having reached a spot where the
   trees were thinner, came suddenly in sight of
                                         View Compiled 🗶
CSS
1 - /* The element generates a table-cell box.
   Outside the table-cell box, anonymous table
   row and table objects are created. The box
   model does not include margin. */
3 - .table-cell {
     display: table-cell;
7 - /* 	♣ Not part of the lesson 	♣ */
9 √ div {
```

"Ph'nglui mglw'nafh Cthulhu R'lyeh wgah'nagl fhtagn." "Ph'nglui mglw'nafh Cthulhu R'lyeh wgah'nagl fhtagn."

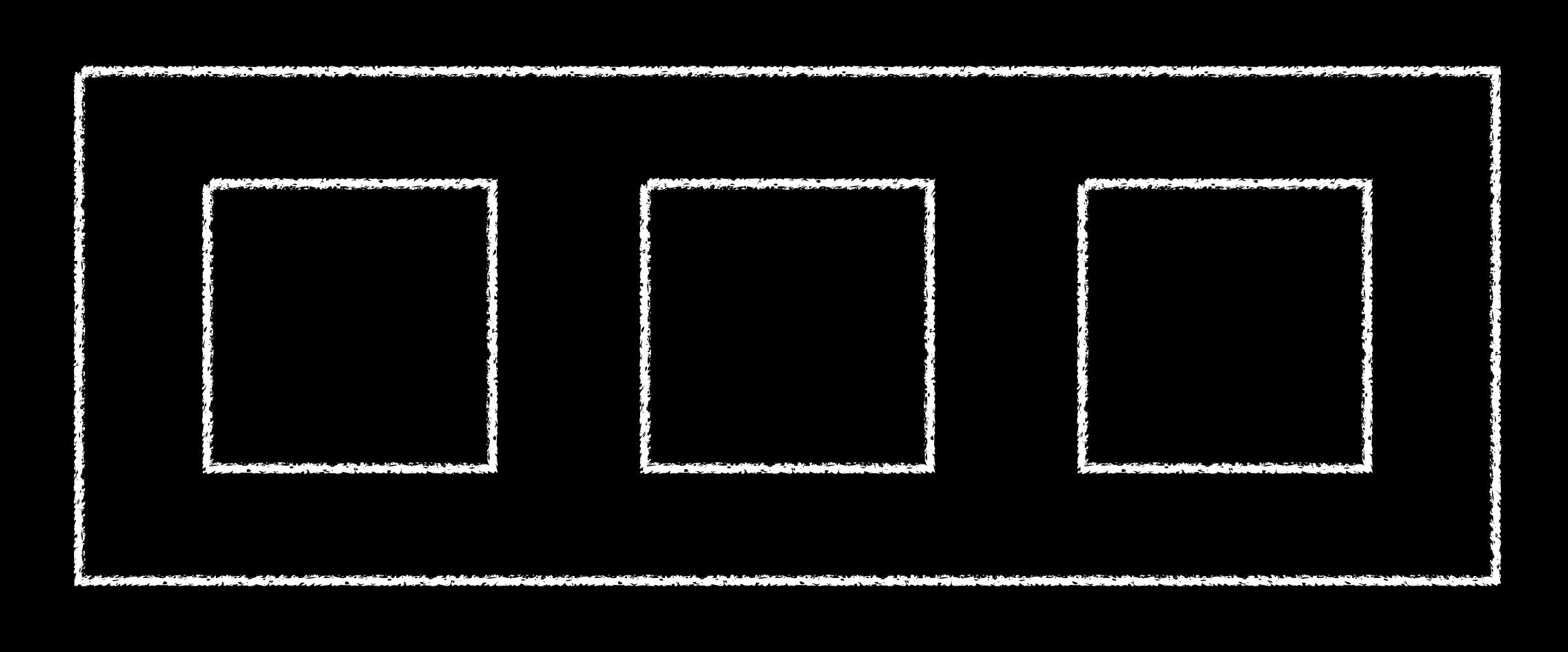
```
# HTML
                                               Tidy
 3 - <div class="table-cell">
     "Ph'nglui mglw'nafh Cthulhu R'lyeh wgah'nagl
     fhtagn."
   </div>
6 < <div class="table-cell">
     "Ph'nglui mglw'nafh Cthulhu R'lyeh wgah'nagl
     fhtagn."
8 </div>
9 √ <div class="table-cell">
     "Ph'nglui mglw'nafh Cthulhu R'lyeh wgah'nagl
     fhtagn."
   </div>
*
   CSS
                                         View Compiled
1 - /* The element generates a table-cell box.
   Outside the table-cell box, anonymous table
   row and table objects are created. The box
   model does not include margin. */
3 - .table-cell {
     display: table-cell;
7 - /* 	♣ Not part of the lesson 	♣ */
9 √ div {
```



It's not OK to use for layout

It worked to use display: table & display: table-cell for layout when it made sense (but now we have flexbox & grid so we don't need to!)

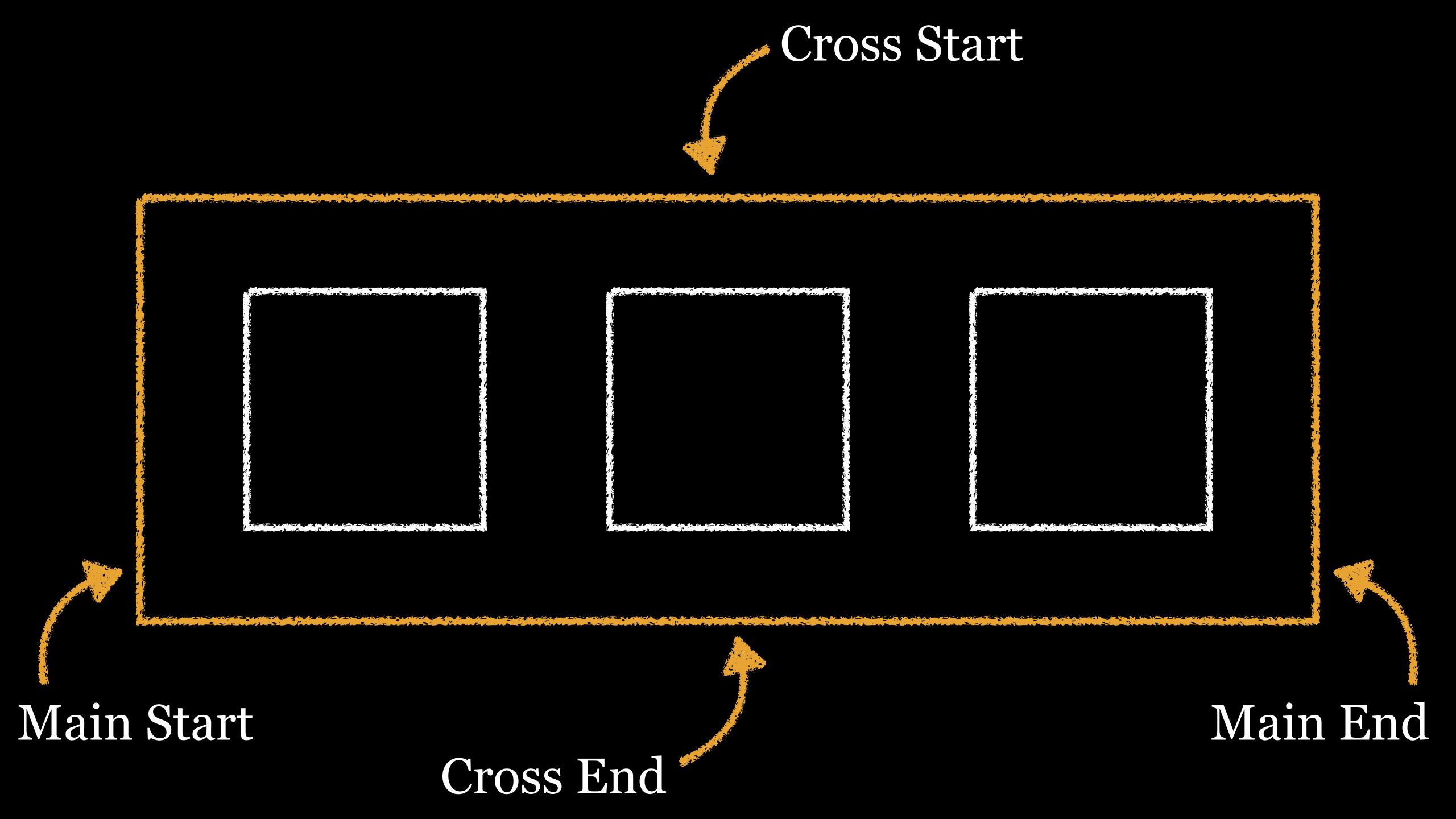
display: flex



Flex Container Flex Items

Main Axis: primary axis on which flex items are laid out (↔ or \$)

Cross Axis: perpendicular to the main axis



On the following slides, you'll see these symbols



Flex container



Flex items



Main axis



Cross axis

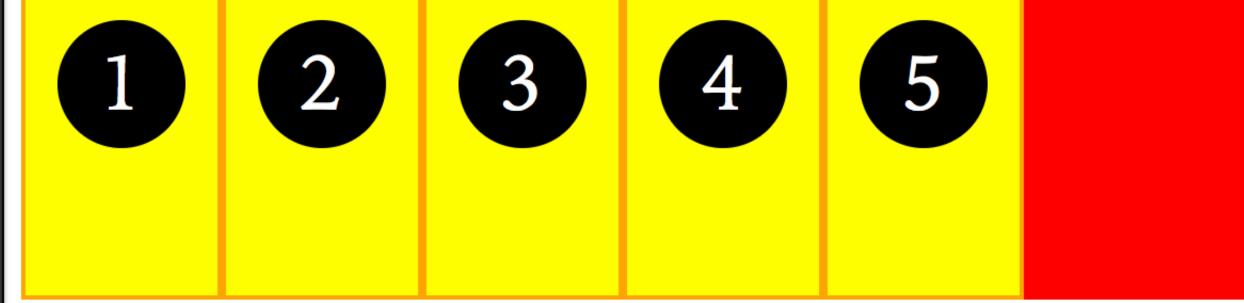
What triggers the flexbox layout algorithm?

display: flex

Generates a block-like box that behaves according to the flexbox model:

- » Becomes a flex container that lines up vertically, relative to parents & siblings
- » Immediate children become flex items
- » Changes the layout mode inside it

```
# HTML
                                                   Tidy
1 < div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item flex-1"><span>1</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-2"><span>2</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-3"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-4"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-5"><span>5</span></div>
   </div>
* CSS
                                              View Compiled 🗶
 1 		 .flex-container {
      display: flex;
      background-color: red;
 6 - .flex-item {
      width: 90px;
      background-color: yellow;
      border: 2px solid orange;
10
      height: 4em;
11 }
```





What direction & in what order do flex items go?

flex-direction

Specifies how flex items are laid out in the flex container by setting...

- » the main axis: $\leftrightarrow \updownarrow$
- » the direction of the flow along the main axis



flex-direction

Values:

- » row (default) —
- » row-reverse ←
- » column
- » column-reverse ^



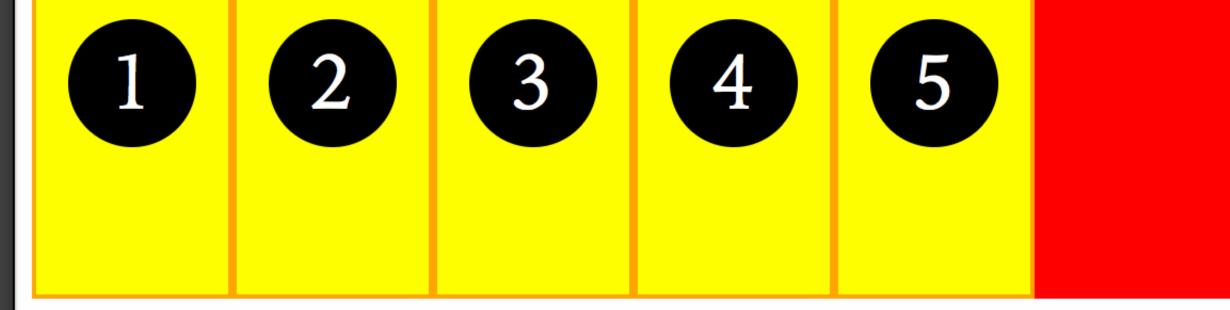
flex-direction: row

Flex items are stacked in a row from left-to-right

(If the default for your locale is direction: rtl, then it's the opposite)



```
# HTML
                                                    Tidy
1 < div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item flex-1"><span>1</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-2"><span>2</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-3"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-4"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-5"><span>5</span></div>
   </div>
* CSS
                                               View Compiled
1 ▼ .flex-container {
     display: flex;
     flex-direction: row; /* default */
     /* flex-direction: row-reverse;
     flex-direction: column;
     flex-direction: column-reverse; */
9 - .flex-item {
10
     width: 90px;
     background-color: yellow;
     border: 2px solid orange;
```



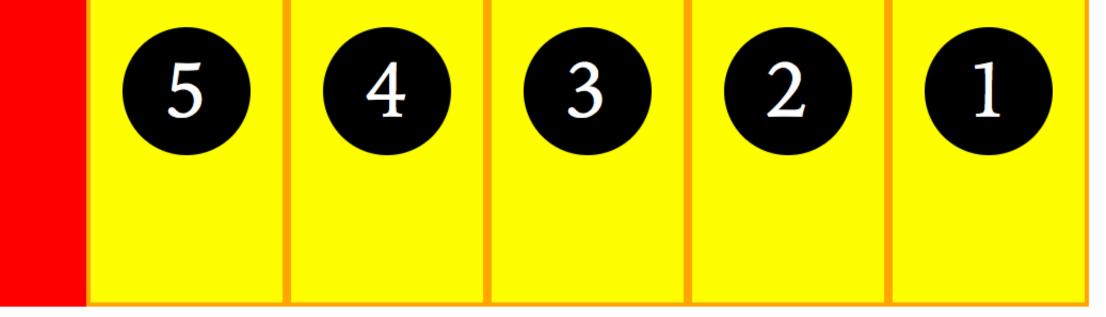
flex-direction: row-reverse

Flex items are stacked in a row from right-to-left

(If the default for your locale is direction: rtl, then it's the opposite)



```
# HTML
                                                    Tidy
1 < div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item flex-1"><span>1</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-2"><span>2</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-3"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-4"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-5"><span>5</span></div>
   </div>
* CSS
                                               View Compiled
1 		 .flex-container {
     display: flex;
     flex-direction: row-reverse;
     /* flex-direction: row;
     flex-direction: column;
     flex-direction: column-reverse; */
9 - .flex-item {
10
     width: 90px;
     background-color: yellow;
     border: 2px solid orange;
```



flex-direction: column

Flex items are stacked in a column from top-to-bottom

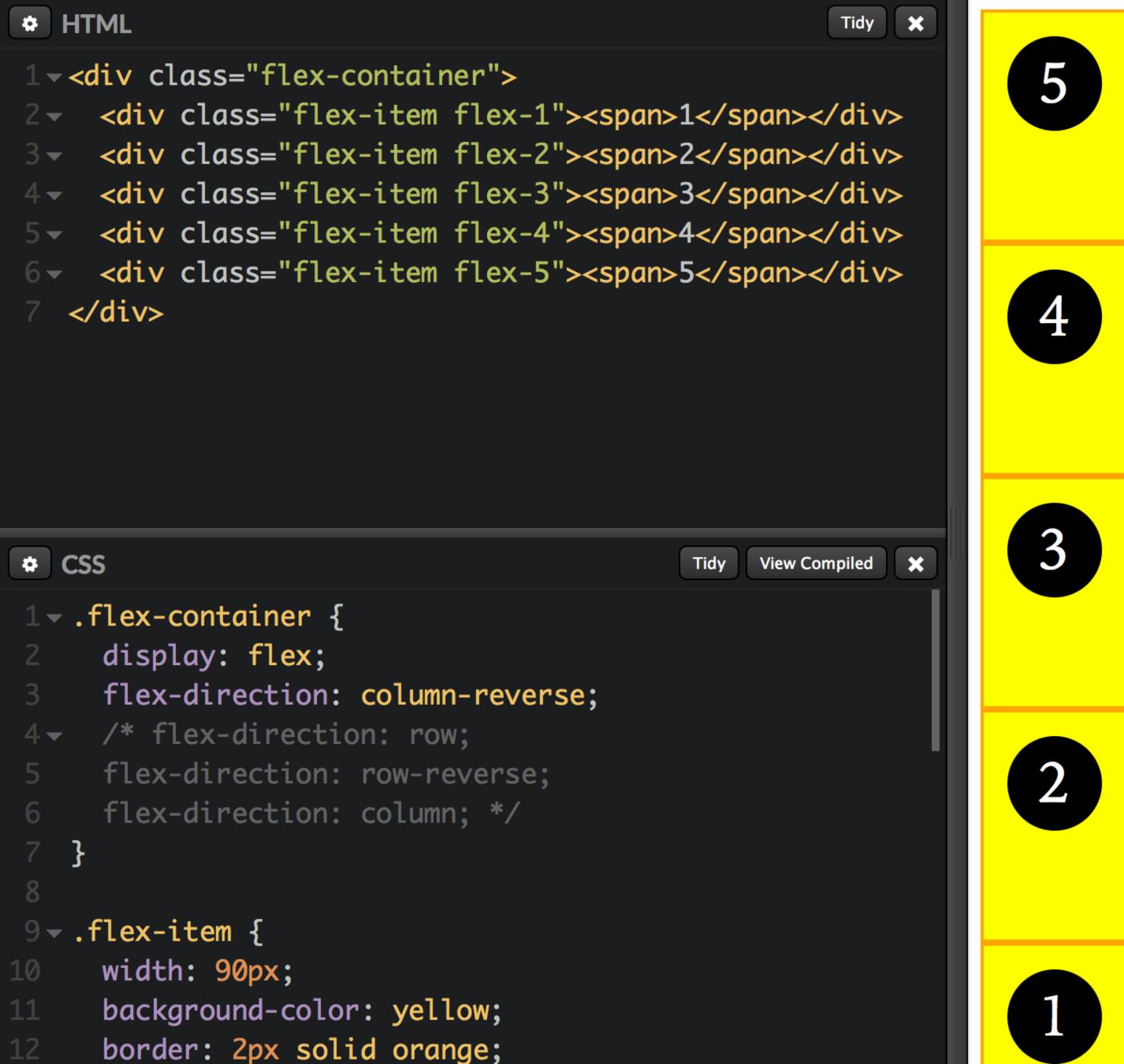




flex-direction: column-reverse

Flex items are stacked in a column from bottom-to-top





You can apply display: flex on flex items

Add flex-direction to the mix & you can really have something



```
* HTML
                                                 Tidy ×
 1 - <div class="honors">
     <div class="honors-row">
       >
         2003-
       >
         Co-manager
         <br>Central West End Linux Users Group
       10
     </div>
     <div class="honors-row">
       >
         2002-2003
       >
16
         Vice President
         <br><a href="http://www.sluug.org/">St. Louis
         Unix Users Group</a>
       </div>
     <div class="honors-row">
* CSS
                                            View Compiled ★
                                        Tidy
# JS
                                                 Tidy X
```

2003– Co-manager

Central West End Linux Users Group

2002-2003 Vice President

St. Louis Unix Users Group

Summer 1992 NEH Summer Seminar for School Teachers

University of Pennsylvania

Fully funded member of 6-week course

```
* HTML
                                                   Tidy 🗶
 1 < div class="honors">
     <div class="honors-row">
       >
         2003-
       >
         Co-manager
         <br>Central West End Linux Users Group
       </div>
* CSS
                                             View Compiled ★
 1 - .honors {
     display: flex;
     flex-direction: column;
    .honors-row {
     display: flex;
10 - .honors-row p:first-child {
     width: 7em;
# JS
                                                   Tidy X
```

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St. Louis Unix Users Group

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University of Pennsylvania

Fully funded member of 6-week course

Let's make that responsive

```
* HTML
1 \ <div class="honors">
     <div class="honors-row">
         2003-
       >
         Co-manager
         <br>Central West End Linux Users Group
       </div>
     <div class="honors-row">
CSS
 1 - @media (min-width: 768px) {
     .honors {
       display: flex;
       flex-direction: column;
     .honors-row {
       display: flex;
     .honors-row p:first-child {
       width: 7em;
# JS
```

2003– Co-manager

Central West End Linux Users Group

2002-2003 Vice President

St. Louis Unix Users Group

Summer 1992 NEH Summer Seminar for School Teachers

University of Pennsylvania

Fully funded member of 6-week course

```
* HTML
1 < div class="honors">
     <div class="honors-row">
         2003-
       >
        Co-manager
         <br>Central West End Linux Users Group
       </div>
     <div class="honors-row">
CSS
14 - @media (max-width: 767px) {
     .honors-row p:first-child {
      font-weight: 700;
       margin-bottom: 0;
        .honors-row p:nth-child(2) { */
     .honors-row > p + p  {
      margin-top: 0;
# JS
```

2003-

Co-manager Central West End Linux Users Group

2002-2003

Vice President

St. Louis Unix Users Group

Summer 1992

NEH Summer Seminar for School Teachers University of Pennsylvania Fully funded member of 6-week course



How do you distribute flex items in the container?

justify-content

Defines how space is distributed between & around flex items along the main axis of their container

Values:

- » flex-start (default)
- » flex-end
- » center
- » space-between
- » space-around



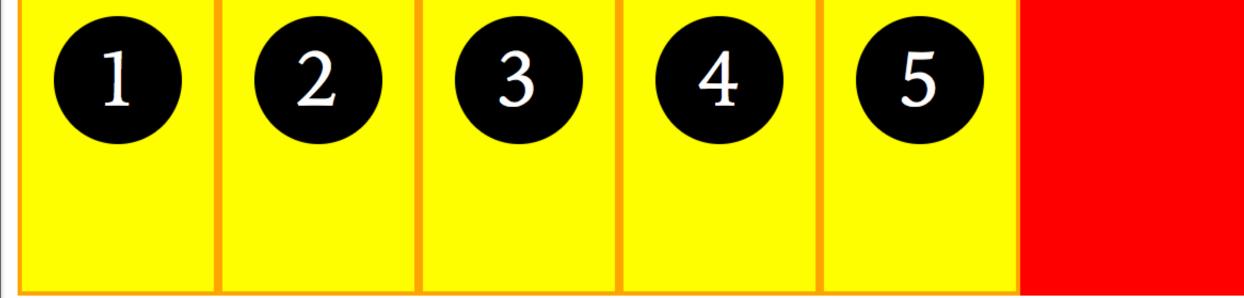
justify-content: flex-start

Aligns flex items to the *left side* of the flex container, going left-to-right

Default value for justify-content



```
# HTML
                                                   Tidy
1 < div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item flex-1"><span>1</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-2"><span>2</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-3"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-4"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-5"><span>5</span></div>
   </div>
* CSS
                                              View Compiled
 1 		 .flex-container {
      display: flex;
      justify-content: flex-start;
     /* justify-content: flex-end;
      justify-content: center;
      justify-content: space-between;
      justify-content: space-around; */
10 - .flex-item {
      width: 90px;
      background-color: yellow;
```



justify-content: flex-end

Aligns flex items to the right side of the flex container, still going left-to-right



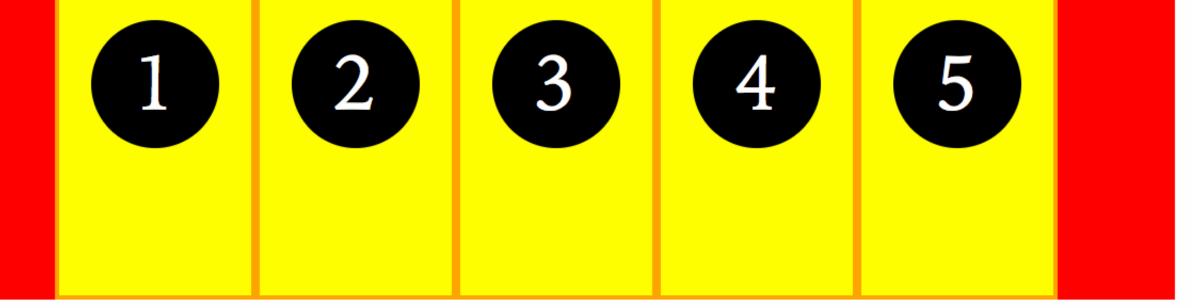
```
# HTML
                                                    Tidy
1 < div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item flex-1"><span>1</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-2"><span>2</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-3"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-4"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-5"><span>5</span></div>
   </div>
* CSS
                                              View Compiled
 1 		 .flex-container {
      display: flex;
      justify-content: flex-end;
     /* justify-content: flex-start;
      justify-content: center;
      justify-content: space-between;
      justify-content: space-around; */
10 - .flex-item {
      width: 90px;
      background-color: yellow;
```

justify-content: center

Aligns flex items at the center of the flex container, going left-to-right



```
# HTML
                                                   Tidy
1 < div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item flex-1"><span>1</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-2"><span>2</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-3"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-4"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-5"><span>5</span></div>
   </div>
* CSS
                                              View Compiled
 1 		 .flex-container {
      display: flex;
      justify-content: center;
     /* justify-content: flex-start;
      justify-content: flex-end;
      justify-content: space-between;
      justify-content: space-around; */
10 - .flex-item {
      width: 90px;
      background-color: yellow;
```



```
* HTML
                                                     Tidy 🗶
1 - <div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item flex-1"><span>1</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-2"><span>2</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-3"><span>3</span><!--</pre>
      <span>6</span>--></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-4"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-5"><span>5</span></div>
   </div>
* CSS
                                               View Compiled X
 1 		 .flex-container {
      display: flex;
      height: 6em;
     /* align-items: stretch;
      align-items: flex-start;
      align-items: flex-end; */
      align-items: center;
     /* align-items: baseline; */
      justify-content: center;
10 }
12 	 .flex-item {
     width: 90px;
      background-color: yellow;
# JS
                                                     Tidy X
```

1 2 3 4 5

justify-content: space-between

Flex items have equal spacing between them, with first & last flex items aligned to edges of the flex container



```
# HTML
                                                   Tidy
1 < div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item flex-1"><span>1</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-2"><span>2</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-3"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-4"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-5"><span>5</span></div>
   </div>
# CSS
                                              View Compiled
 1 ▼ .flex-container {
     display: flex;
     justify-content: space-between;
     /* justify-content: flex-start;
     justify-content: flex-end;
     justify-content: center;
     justify-content: space-around; */
10 - .flex-item {
     width: 90px;
     background-color: yellow;
```



No space before first flex item (or after last flex item), but equal space between flex items

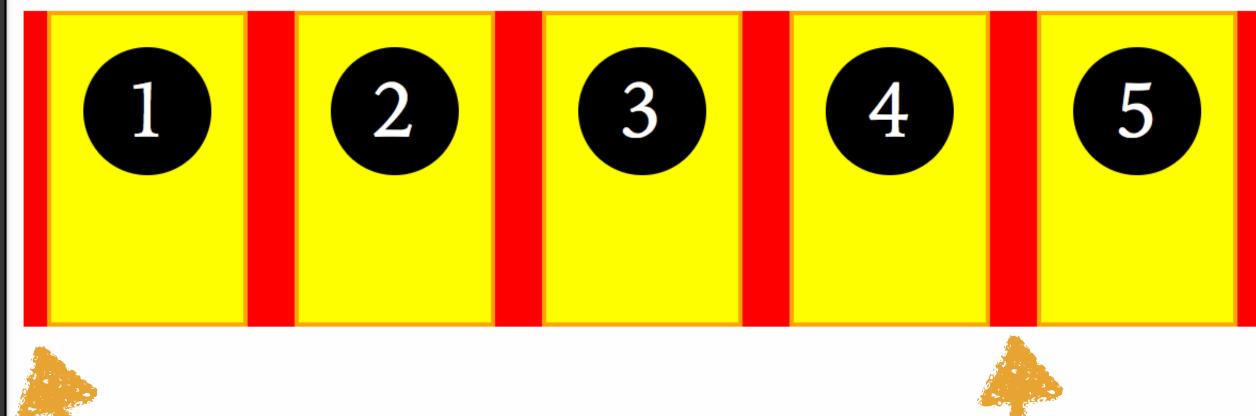
justify-content: space-around

Flex items have *equal spacing around them*, with first & last flex items getting half-sized spaces on the ends

Empty space before the first, and after the last, flex items equals half of the space between two adjacent items



```
# HTML
                                                   Tidy
 1 < div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item flex-1"><span>1</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-2"><span>2</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-3"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-4"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-5"><span>5</span></div>
   </div>
CSS
                                              View Compiled
 1 ▼ .flex-container {
      display: flex;
      justify-content: space-around;
     /* justify-content: flex-start;
      justify-content: flex-end;
      justify-content: center;
      justify-content: space-between; */
10 - .flex-item {
      width: 90px;
      background-color: yellow;
```



Space before 1st flex item (& after last flex item) is 1/2 of space between flex items



How are flex items aligned in the container?

align-items

Aligns flex items in the cross axis of the current flex line

Values:

- » stretch (default)
- » flex-start
- » flex-end
- » center
- » baseline



align-items: stretch

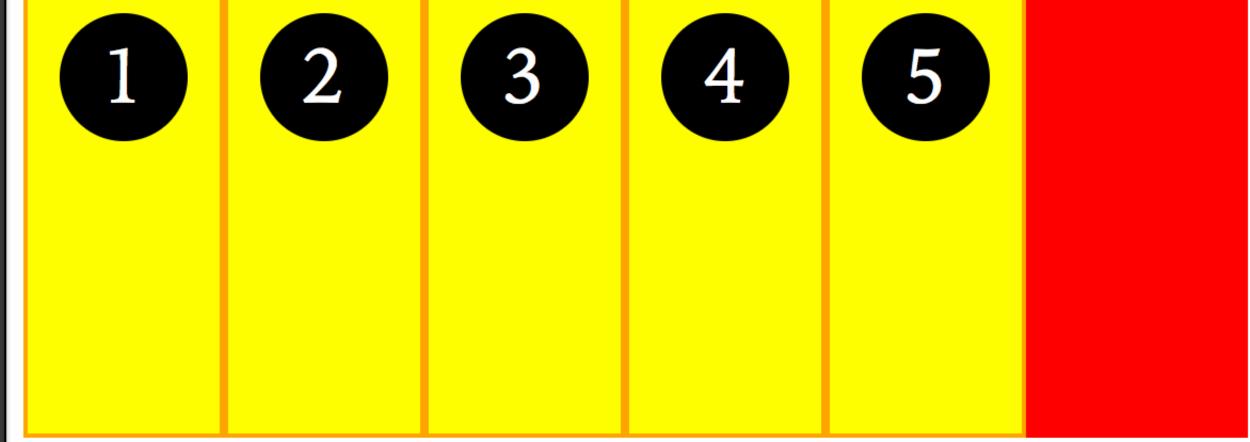
Flex items *fill the whole height (or width) from cross start to cross end* of the flex container

Obviously the flex item cannot have a set height

Default value for align-items



```
# HTML
                                                    Tidy 🗶
 1 < div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item flex-1"><span>1</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-2"><span>2</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-3"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-4"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-5"><span>5</span></div>
   </div>
CSS
                                               View Compiled
 1 		 .flex-container {
      display: flex;
      height: 6em;
      align-items: stretch;
      /* align-items: flex-start;
      align-items: flex-end;
      align-items: center;
      align-items: baseline; */
11 - .flex-item {
      width: 90px;
      background-color: yellow;
      border: 2px solid orange;
15 }
```



align-items: flex-start

Flex items stack from the cross start of the flex container



```
# HTML
                                                    Tidy
 1 < div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item flex-1"><span>1</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-2"><span>2</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-3"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-4"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-5"><span>5</span></div>
   </div>
CSS
                                               View Compiled 🗶
 1 		 .flex-container {
      display: flex;
      height: 6em;
      align-items: flex-start;
     /* align-items: stretch;
      align-items: flex-end;
      align-items: center;
      align-items: baseline; */
11 - .flex-item {
      width: 90px;
      background-color: yellow;
      border: 2px solid orange;
15 }
```

1 2 3 4 5

align-items: flex-end

Flex items stack from the cross end of the flex container



```
# HTML
                                                    Tidy 🗶
 1 < div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item flex-1"><span>1</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-2"><span>2</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-3"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-4"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-5"><span>5</span></div>
   </div>
CSS
                                               View Compiled
 1 		 .flex-container {
      display: flex;
      height: 6em;
      align-items: flex-end;
      /* align-items: stretch;
      align-items: flex-start;
      align-items: center;
      align-items: baseline; */
11 - .flex-item {
      width: 90px;
      background-color: yellow;
      border: 2px solid orange;
15 }
```

1 2 3 4 5

align-items: center

Flex items stack from the center of the cross axis of the flex container



```
# HTML
                                                    Tidy 🗶
 1 < div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item flex-1"><span>1</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-2"><span>2</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-3"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-4"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-5"><span>5</span></div>
   </div>
CSS
                                               View Compiled
 1 		 .flex-container {
      display: flex;
      height: 6em;
      align-items: center;
      /* align-items: stretch;
      align-items: flex-start;
      align-items: flex-end;
      align-items: baseline; */
11 - .flex-item {
      width: 90px;
      background-color: yellow;
      border: 2px solid orange;
15 }
```

1 2 3 4 5

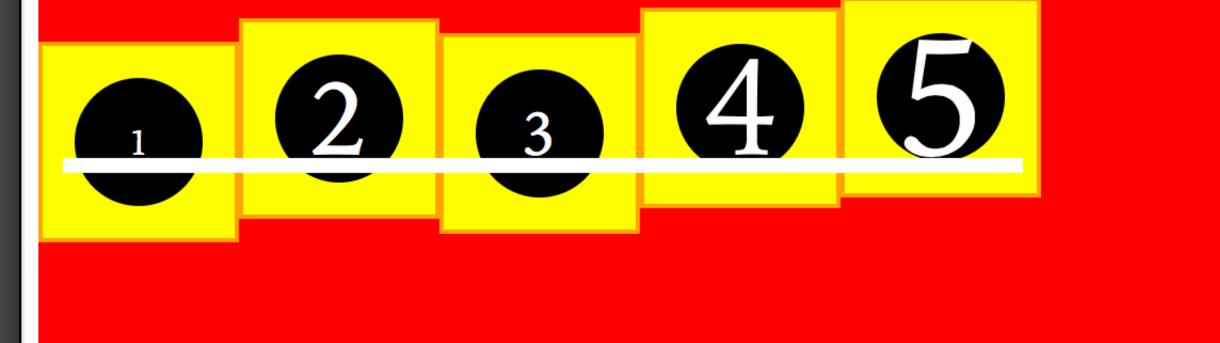
align-items: baseline

Flex items stack so that the baselines are aligned inside the flex container



```
# HTML
                                                    Tidy 🗶
 1 - <div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item flex-1"><span>1</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-2"><span>2</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-3"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-4"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-5"><span>5</span></div>
   </div>
CSS
                                               View Compiled
 1 		 .flex-container {
      display: flex;
      height: 6em;
      align-items: baseline;
      /* align-items: stretch;
      align-items: flex-start;
      align-items: flex-end;
      align-items: center; */
11 - .flex-item {
      width: 90px;
      background-color: yellow;
      border: 2px solid orange;
15 }
```

```
# HTML
                                                    Tidy 🗶
 1 < div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item flex-1"><span>1</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-2"><span>2</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-3"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-4"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-5"><span>5</span></div>
   </div>
CSS
                                               View Compiled
 1 		 .flex-container {
      display: flex;
      height: 6em;
      align-items: baseline;
      /* align-items: stretch;
      align-items: flex-start;
      align-items: flex-end;
      align-items: center; */
11 - .flex-item {
      width: 90px;
      background-color: yellow;
      border: 2px solid orange;
15 }
```





How big should each flex item be?

flex-grow

Specifies if a flex item can grow if necessary to take up available space inside the flex container, based on proportion

Value: <number>

- » No negative numbers
- » Default is 0: do not grow



CSS Tricks (a fantastic site) says this about flex-grow:

"If all items have flex-grow set to 1, every child will set to an equal size inside the container. If you were to give one of the children a value of 2, that child would take up twice as much space as the others."

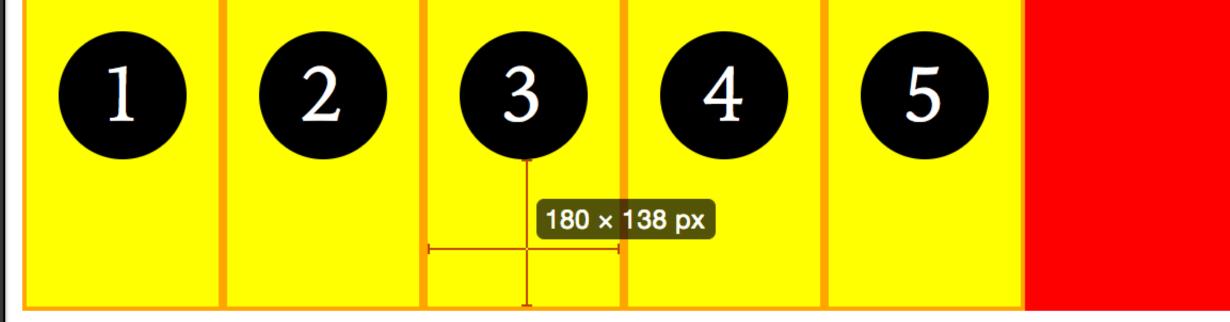
This is wrong! The number doesn't determine the size of the flex items; it determines what proportion of the available space the flex item can take if it grows





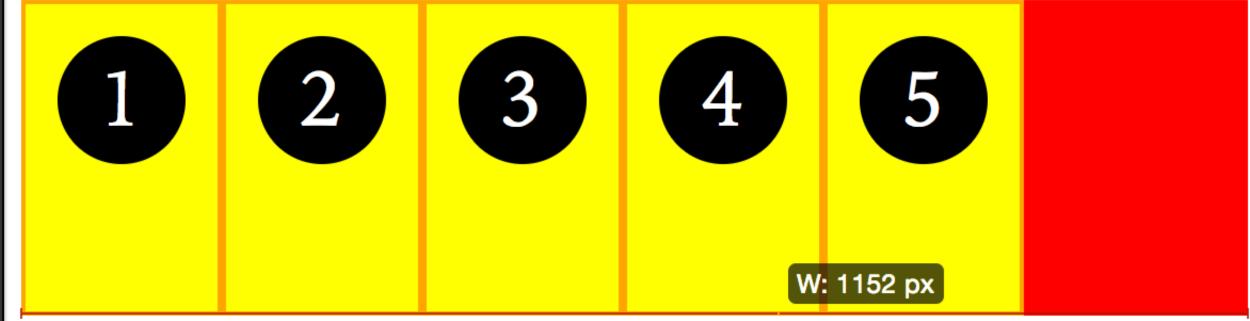


```
# HTML
                                                     Tidy 🗶
 1 - <div class="flex-container">
      <div class="flex-item flex-1"><span>1</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-2"><span>2</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-3"><span>3</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-4"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-5"><span>5</span></div>
 7 </div>
# CSS
                                               View Compiled 🗶
 1 ▼ .flex-container {
      display: flex;
 5 - .flex-1 {flex-grow: 0;}
 6 - .flex-2 {flex-grow: 0;}
 7 - .flex-3 {flex-grow: 0;}
 8 - .flex-4 {flex-grow: 0;}
 9 - .flex-5 {flex-grow: 0;}
11 ▼ .flex-item {
      width: 90px;
      background-color: yellow;
      border: 2px solid orange;
      height: 4em;
16 }
```

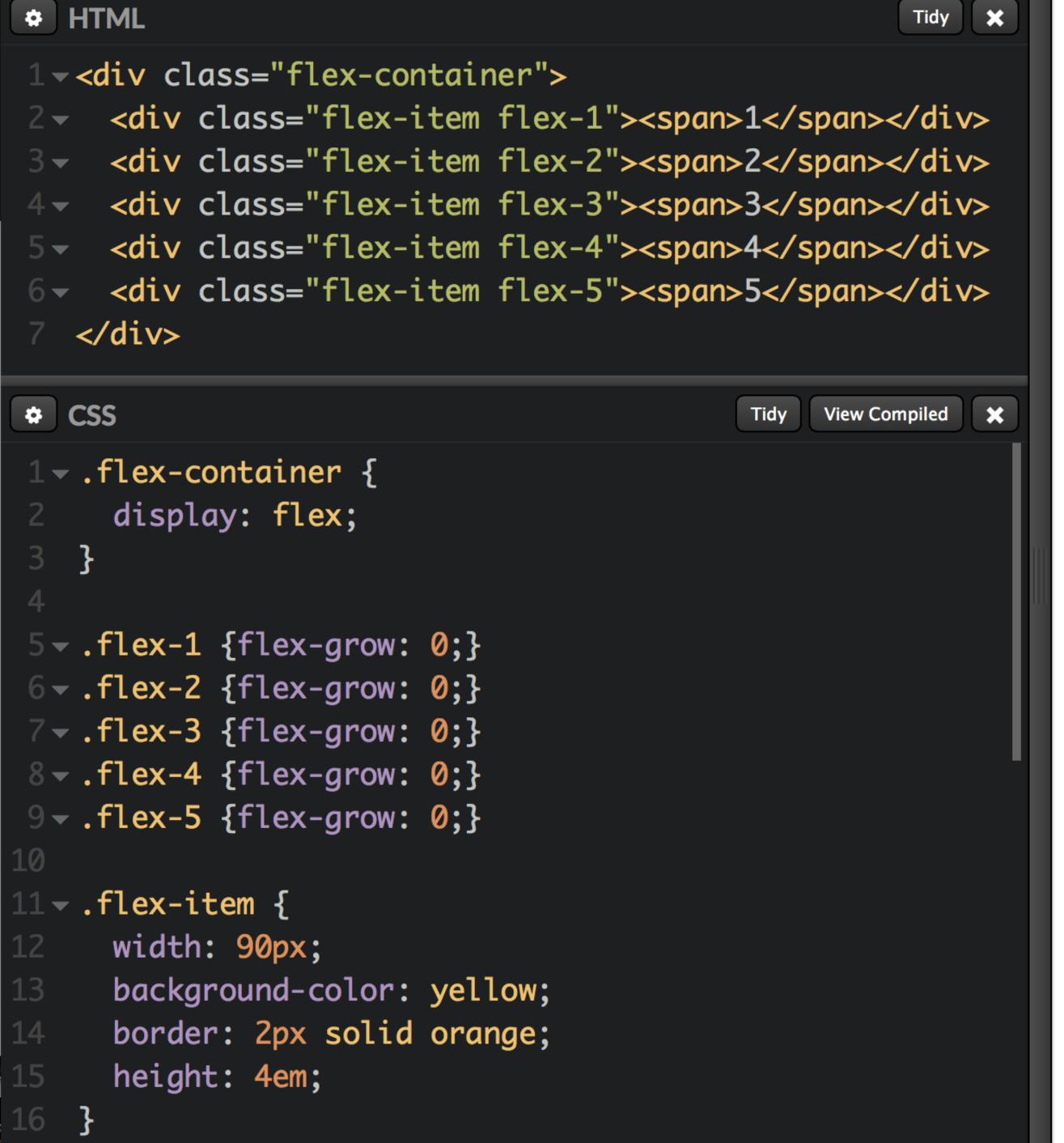


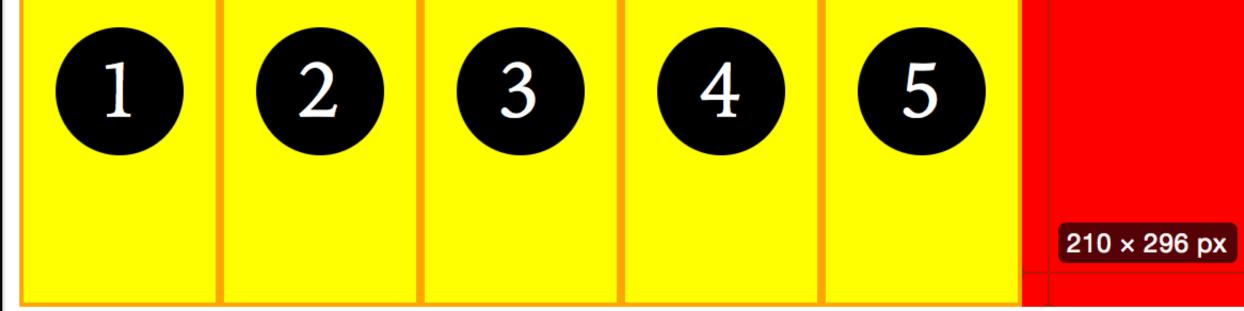
A value of 0 means that none of the flex items grow, & the width of 90px is used (the measurement above says 180px because my Mac has a Retina screen, so 1 CSS pixel = 2 device pixels)

```
# HTML
                                                    Tidy
 1 < div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item flex-1"><span>1</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-2"><span>2</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-3"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-4"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-5"><span>5</span></div>
   </div>
CSS
                                               View Compiled 🗶
 1 ▼ .flex-container {
      display: flex;
 5 - .flex-1 {flex-grow: 0;}
 6 - .flex-2 {flex-grow: 0;}
 7 - .flex-3 {flex-grow: 0;}
 8 - .flex-4 {flex-grow: 0;}
 9 - .flex-5 {flex-grow: 0;}
11 - .flex-item {
      width: 90px;
      background-color: yellow;
      border: 2px solid orange;
      height: 4em;
16 }
```

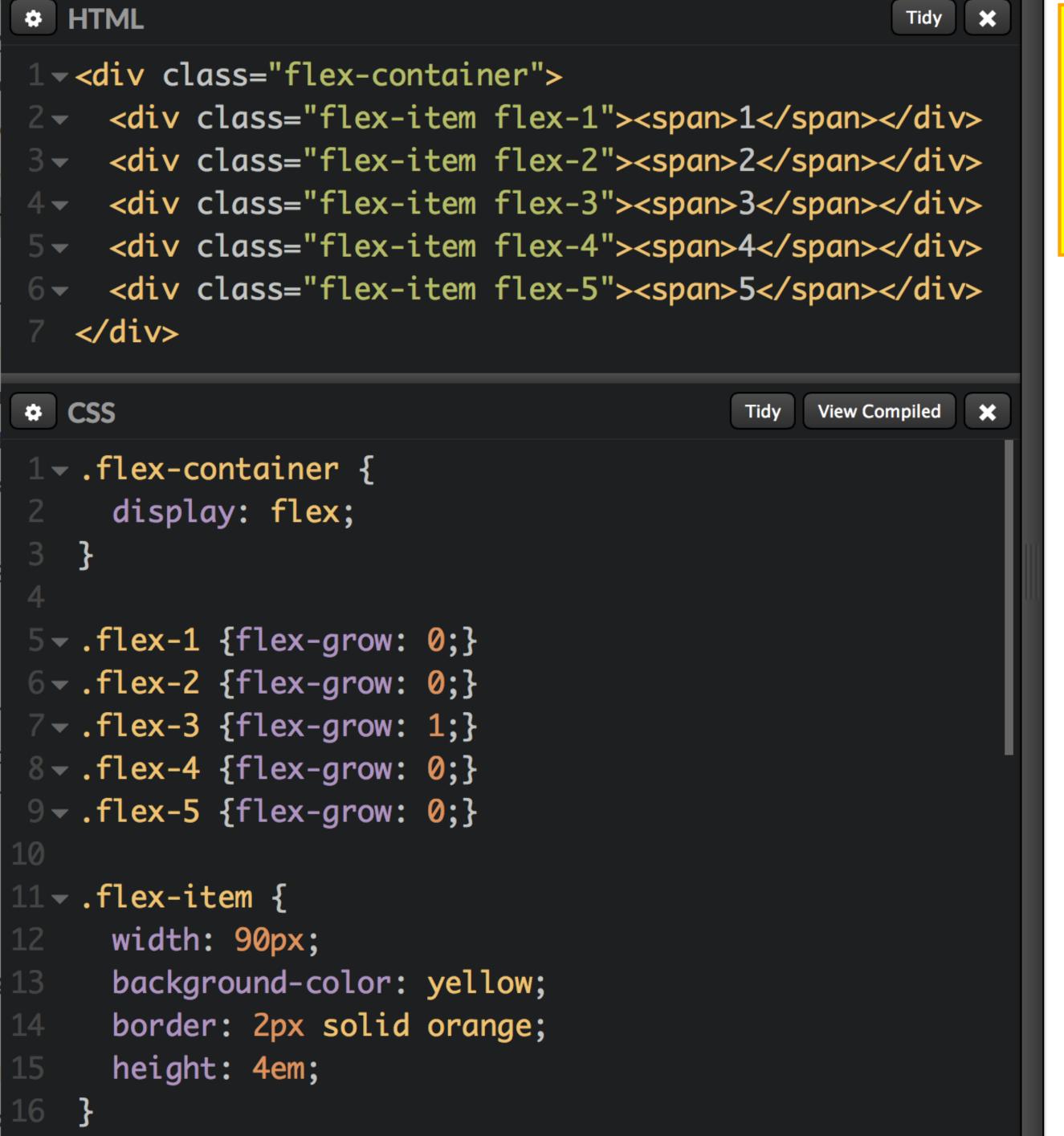


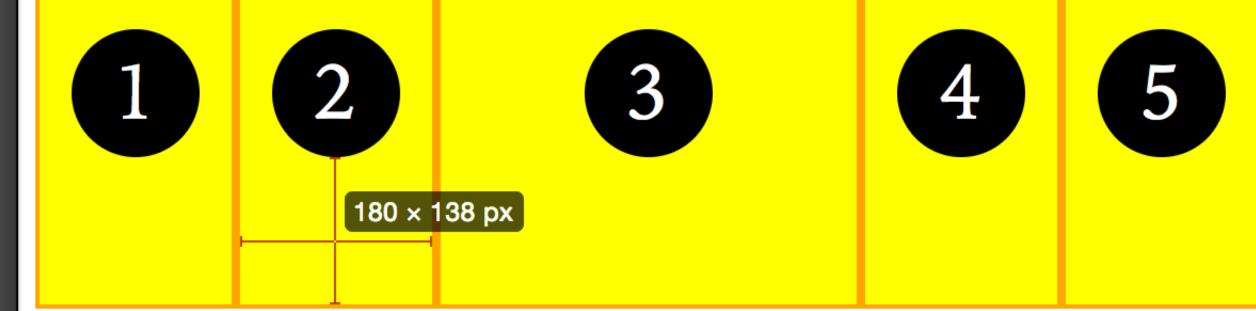
The flex container is 1152 pixels wide

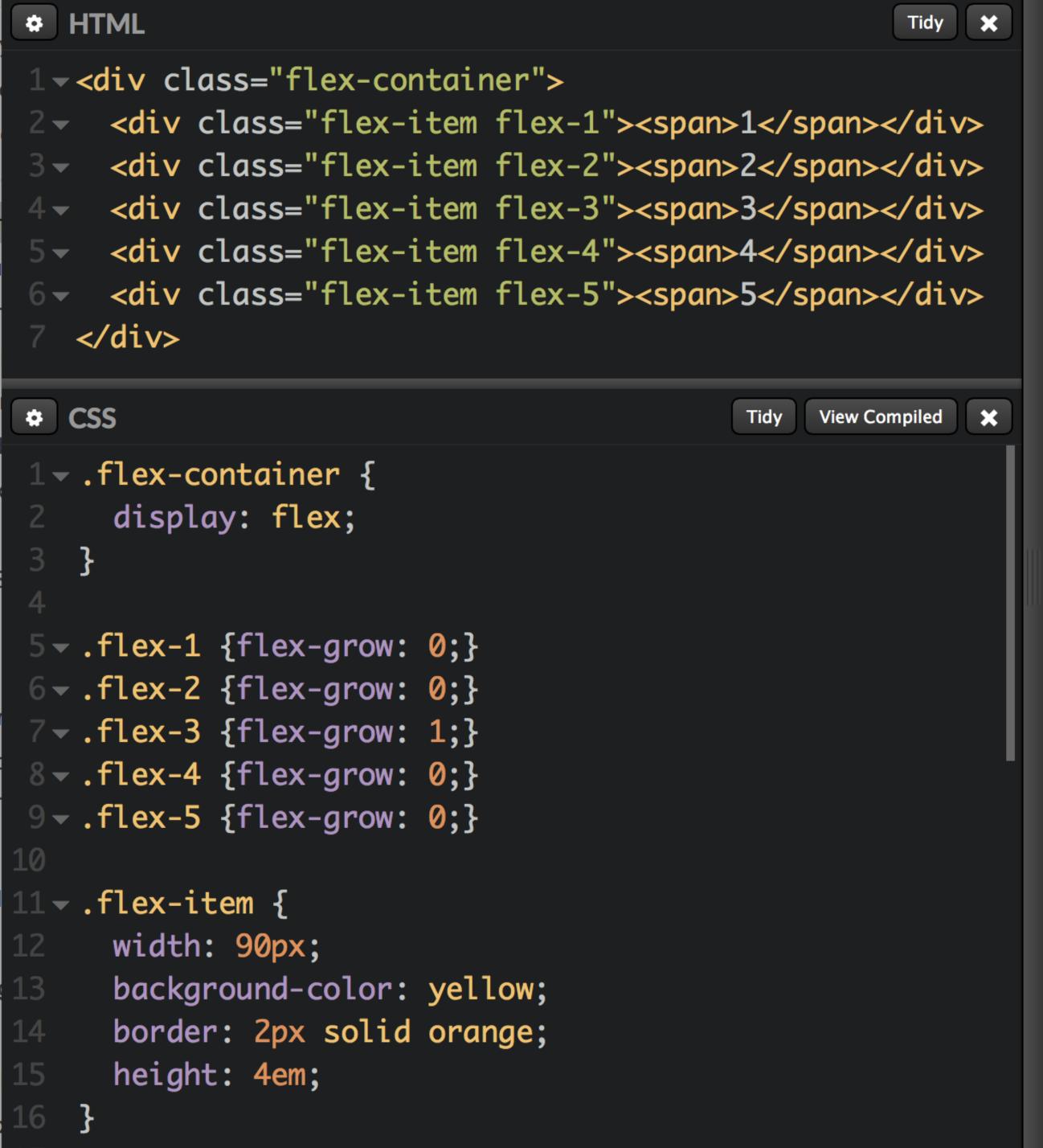


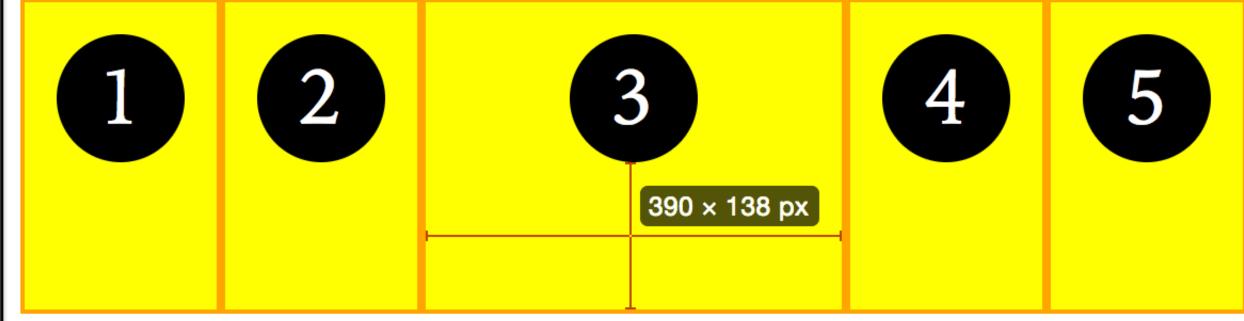


There are 210 pixels of unused space inside the 1152-pixel wide flex container



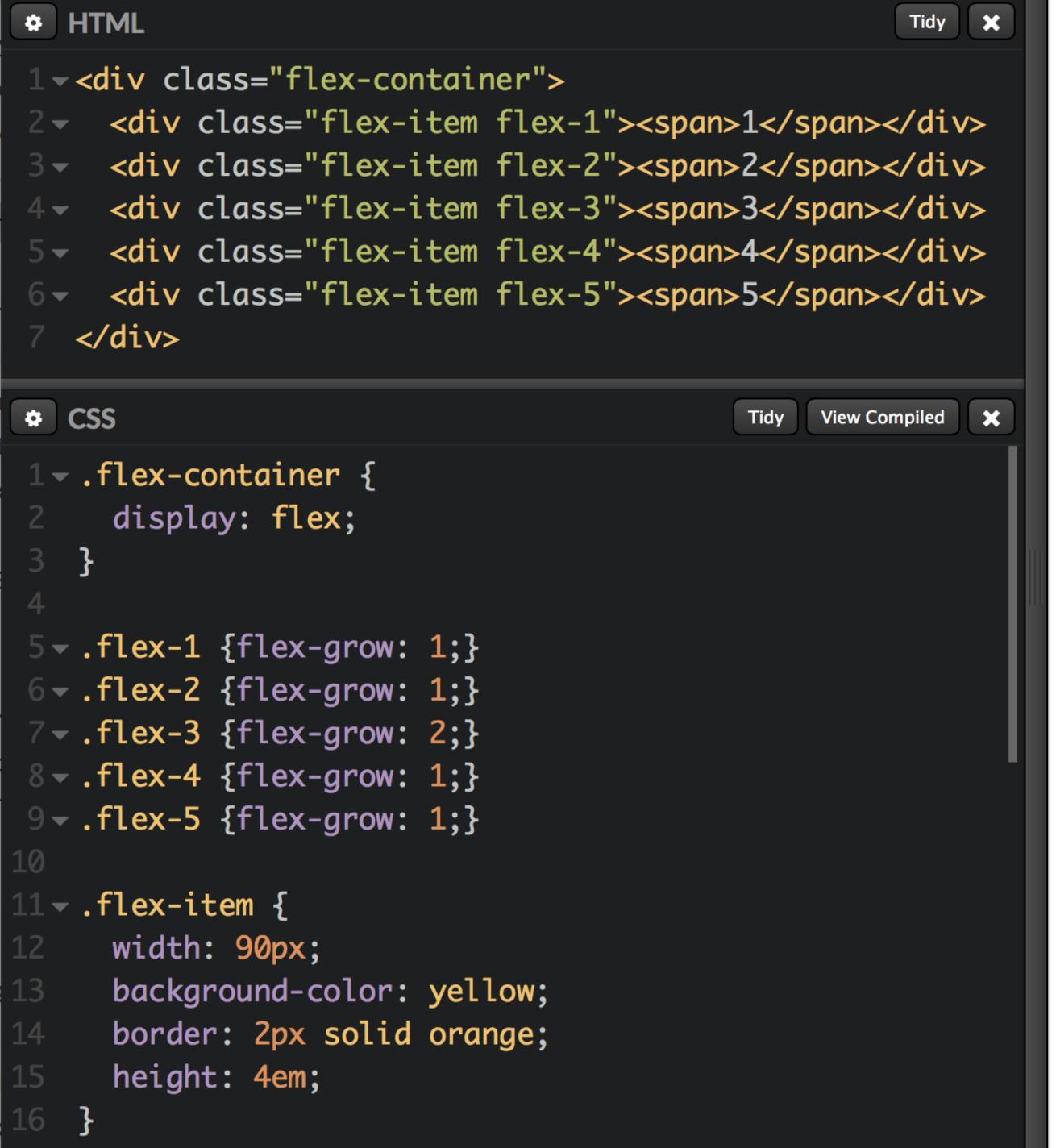


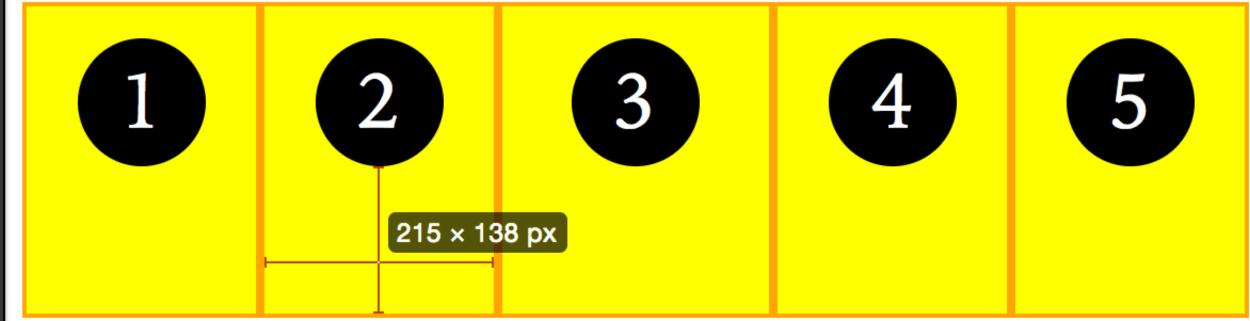




4 flex items with a value of 0 do not grow, but the flex item with a value of 1 grows to take all of the unused space (180+210=390)

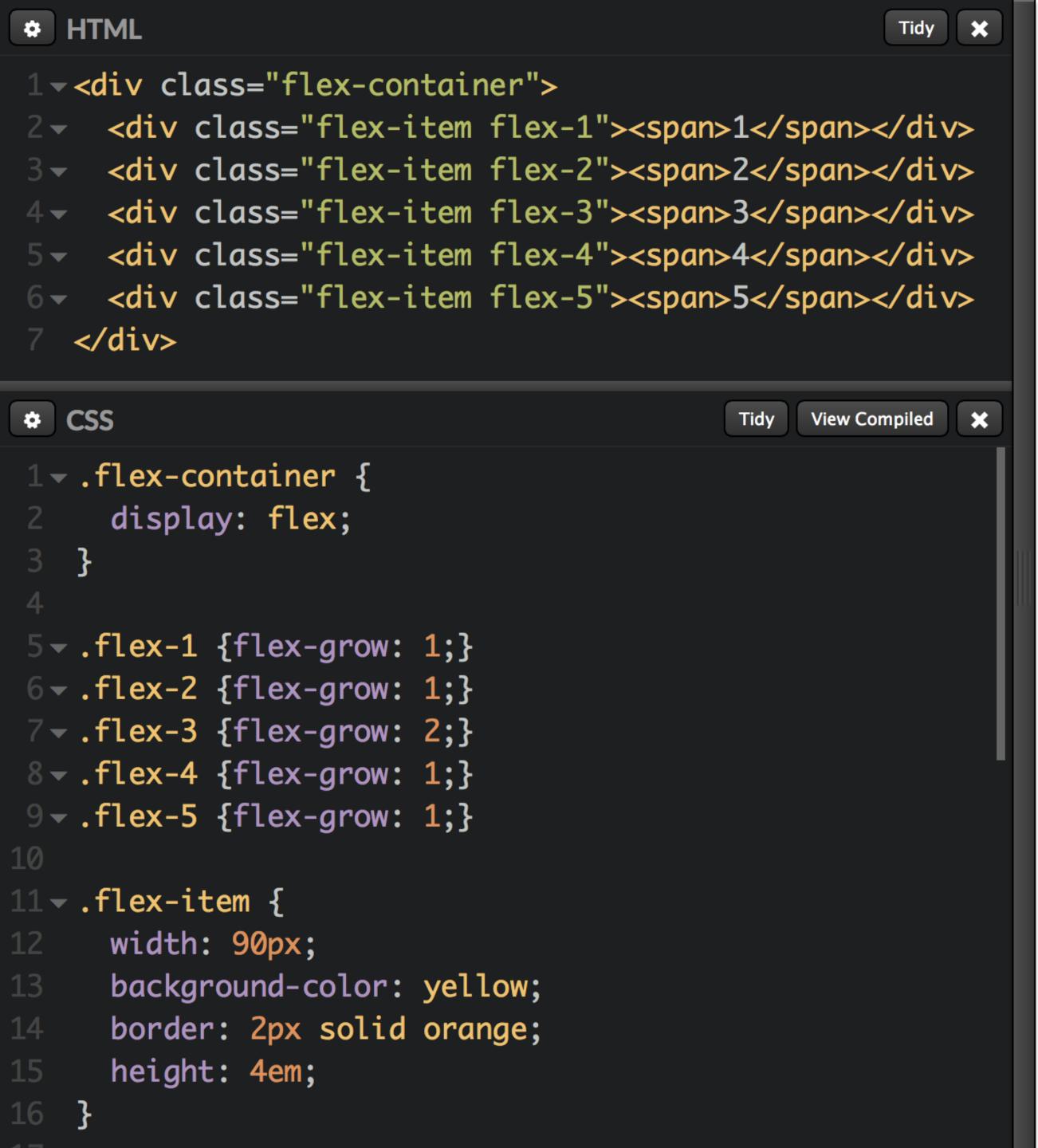
Flex items with a value of 0 use the width of 90px, but the flex item with a value of 1 ignores it

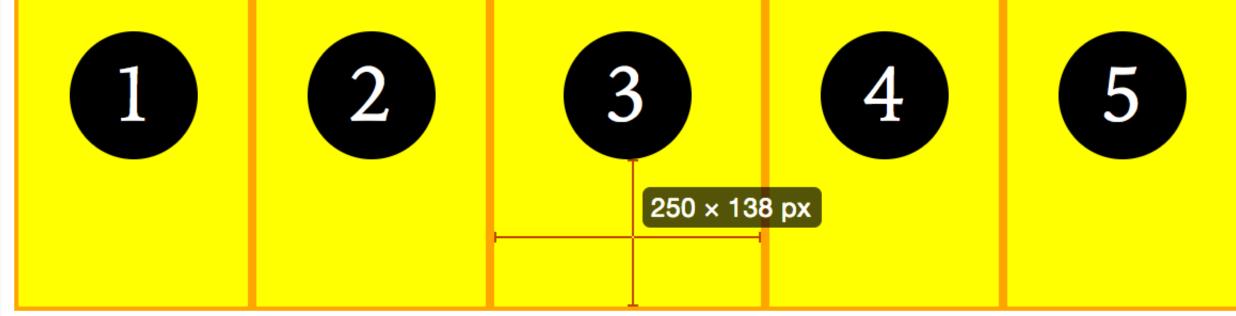




4 flex items with a value of 1 grow (180+35=215)

Flex items with a value of 1 ignore the width of 90px





4 flex items with a value of 1 grew by 35px, while the flex item with a value of 2 grows by 70px (180+70=250), 2×1000 the proportion of the others

Flex items with a value different from 0 ignore the width of 90px

flex-shrink

Specifies if a flex item can shrink if necessary to take up available negative space inside the flex container

Value: <number>

- » No negative numbers
- » Default is 1, so all flex items can be shrunk
- » 0 means do not shrink & maintain original size



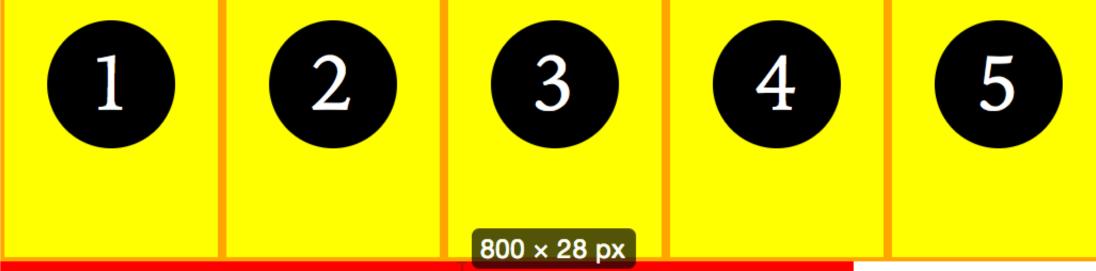
Text & flex-shrink



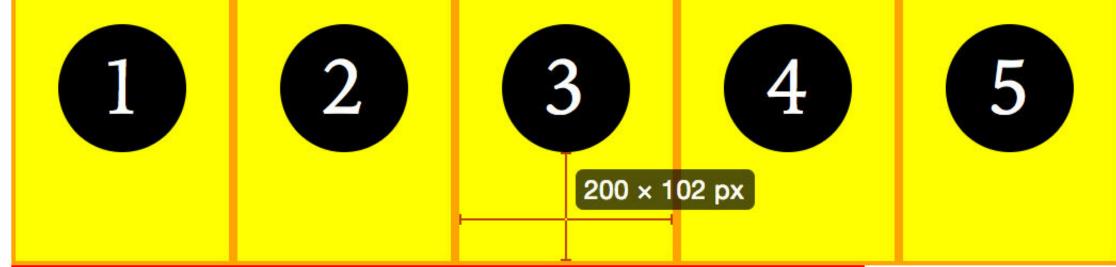
```
# HTML
                                                     Tidy
 1 < div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item flex-1"><span>1</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-2"><span>2</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-3"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-4"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-5"><span>5</span></div>
   </div>
CSS CSS
                                                View Compiled 🗶
 1 		 .flex-container {
      display: flex;
      width: 400px;
 6 - .flex-item {
      width: 100px;
      flex-shrink: 0;
      background-color: yellow;
      border: 2px solid orange;
10
      height: 3.5em;
12 }
```

1 2 3 4 5

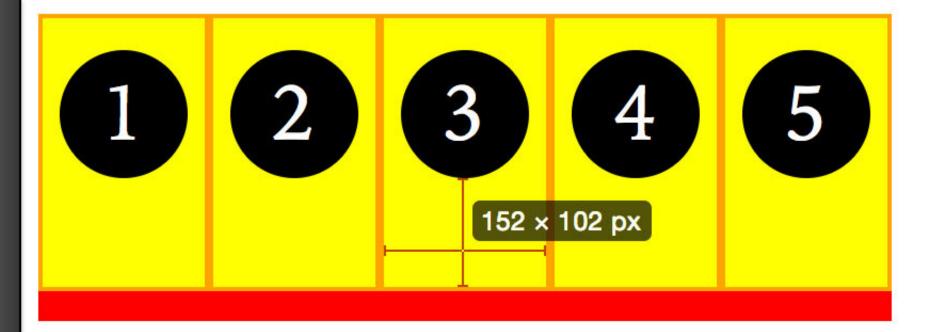
```
• HTML
                                                     Tidy
 1 - <div class="flex-container">
      <div class="flex-item flex-1"><span>1</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-2"><span>2</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-3"><span>3</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-4"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-5"><span>5</span></div>
   </div>
# CSS
                                                View Compiled
 1 		 .flex-container {
      display: flex;
      width: 400px;
 6 - .flex-item {
      width: 100px;
      flex-shrink: 0;
      background-color: yellow;
10
      border: 2px solid orange;
      height: 3.5em;
12 }
```



```
# HTML
                                                     Tidy
 1 < div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item flex-1"><span>1</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-2"><span>2</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-3"><span>3</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-4"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-5"><span>5</span></div>
    </div>
# CSS
                                                View Compiled
                                            Tidy
 1 ▼ .flex-container {
      display: flex;
      width: 400px;
 6 √ .flex-item {
      width: 100px;
      flex-shrink: 0;
      background-color: yellow;
10
      border: 2px solid orange;
      height: 3.5em;
12 }
```



```
# HTML
                                                     Tidy 🗶
 1 - <div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item flex-1"><span>1</span></div>
      <div class="flex-item flex-2"><span>2</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-3"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-4"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item flex-5"><span>5</span></div>
   </div>
# CSS
                                                View Compiled 🗶
 1 ▼ .flex-container {
      display: flex;
      width: 400px;
 6 → .flex-item {
      width: 100px;
      flex-shrink: 1;
      background-color: yellow;
      border: 2px solid orange;
10
      height: 3.5em;
12 }
```



$$152 \times 5 = 760$$

What about the other 40?

Borders!

Images & flex-shrink



```
# HTML
                                         Tidy
1 < div class="flex-container">
     <img src="http://chnsa.ws/rt"</pre>
     class="flex-item flex-1">
     <img src="http://chnsa.ws/ru"</pre>
     class="flex-item flex-2">
     <img src="http://chnsa.ws/rv"</pre>
     class="flex-item flex-3">
     <img src="http://chnsa.ws/rw"</pre>
     class="flex-item flex-4">
     <img src="http://chnsa.ws/rx"</pre>
     class="flex-item flex-5">
   </div>
* CSS
                                   View Compiled
1 - .flex-container {
     display: flex;
     width: 500px;
     justify-content: space-between;
     align-items: center;
```











```
# HTML
                                         Tidy
1 < div class="flex-container">
     <img src="http://chnsa.ws/rt"</pre>
     class="flex-item flex-1">
     <img src="http://chnsa.ws/ru"</pre>
     class="flex-item flex-2">
     <img src="http://chnsa.ws/rv"</pre>
     class="flex-item flex-3">
     <img src="http://chnsa.ws/rw"</pre>
     class="flex-item flex-4">
     <img src="http://chnsa.ws/rx"</pre>
     class="flex-item flex-5">
   </div>
* CSS
                                   View Compiled
1 - .flex-container {
     display: flex;
     width: 500px;
     justify-content: space-between;
     align-items: center;
8 - img {flex-shrink: 1;}
```











```
# HTML
                                         Tidy
1 - <div class="flex-container">
     <img src="http://chnsa.ws/rt"</pre>
     class="flex-item flex-1">
     <img src="http://chnsa.ws/ru"</pre>
     class="flex-item flex-2">
     <img src="http://chnsa.ws/rv"</pre>
     class="flex-item flex-3">
     <img src="http://chnsa.ws/rw"</pre>
     class="flex-item flex-4">
     <img src="http://chnsa.ws/rx"</pre>
     class="flex-item flex-5">
   </div>
CSS
                                   View Compiled
1 ▼ .flex-container {
     display: flex;
     width: 500px;
     justify-content: space-between;
     align-items: center;
  - img {flex-shrink: 0;}
```











```
# HTML
                                          Tidy
 1 < div class="flex-container">
      <img src="http://chnsa.ws/rt"</pre>
      class="flex-item flex-1">
      <img src="http://chnsa.ws/ru"</pre>
      class="flex-item flex-2">
      <img src="http://chnsa.ws/rv"</pre>
      class="flex-item flex-3">
      <img src="http://chnsa.ws/rw"</pre>
      class="flex-item flex-4">
      <img src="http://chnsa.ws/rx"</pre>
      class="flex-item flex-5">
    </div>
* CSS
                                    View Compiled
 1 ▼ .flex-container {
      display: flex;
      width: 500px;
      justify-content: space-between;
      align-items: center;
 8 - img {flex-shrink: 1;}
10 - .flex-3 {flex-shrink: 0;}
```











Note that...

- » the default for flex-grow is 0: do not grow
- » the default for flex-shrink is 1: shrink if necessary



						iOS	
flex-grow	11	12	28	9	29	9.2	4.4
flex-shrink	11	12	28	9	29	9.2	4.4

What if you have more flex items than will fit in the container?

flex-wrap

Specifies if flex container *lays out flex items in single* or multiple lines, & the direction new lines are stacked in

Only applies if the flex container is too small to contain the flex items



flex-wrap

Values:

- » nowrap (default)
- » wrap
- » wrap-reverse

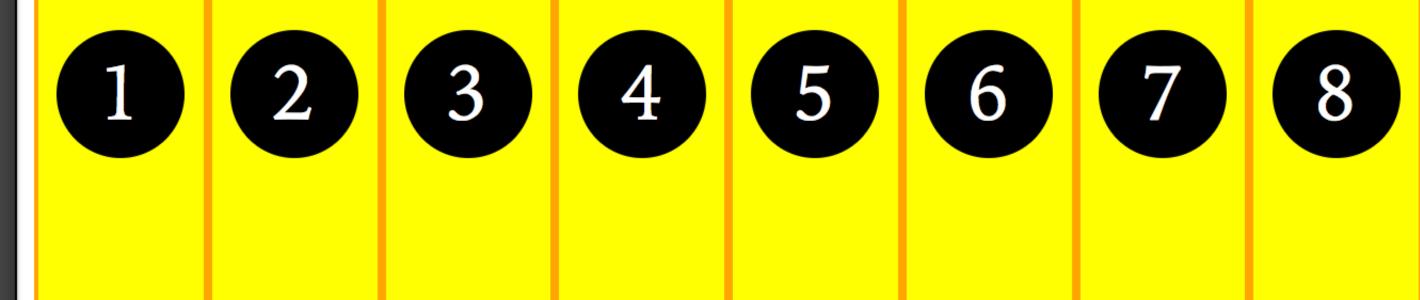


flex-wrap: nowrap

Flex items are displayed in one row & they are shrunk to fit the width of the flex container



```
# HTML
                                            Tidy
1 - <div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item"><span>1</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>2</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>5</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>6</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>7</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>8</span></div>
   </div>
CSS CSS
                                       View Compiled
1 ▼ .flex-container {
     display: flex;
     flex-wrap: nowrap;
     /* flex-wrap: wrap;
     flex-wrap: wrap-reverse;*/
8 - .flex-item {
     width: 90px;
10
     background-color: yellow;
     border: 2px solid orange;
     height: 4em;
```

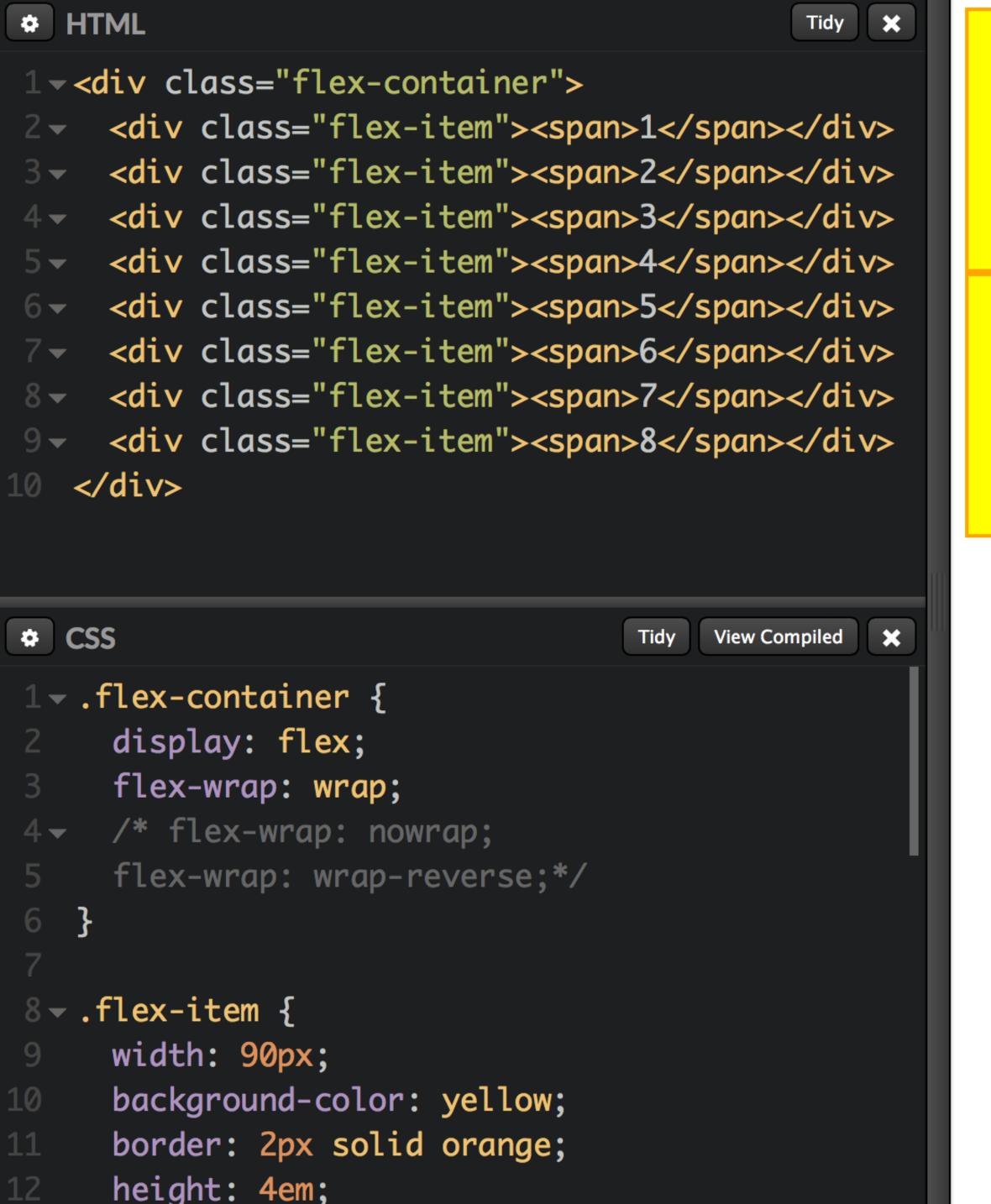


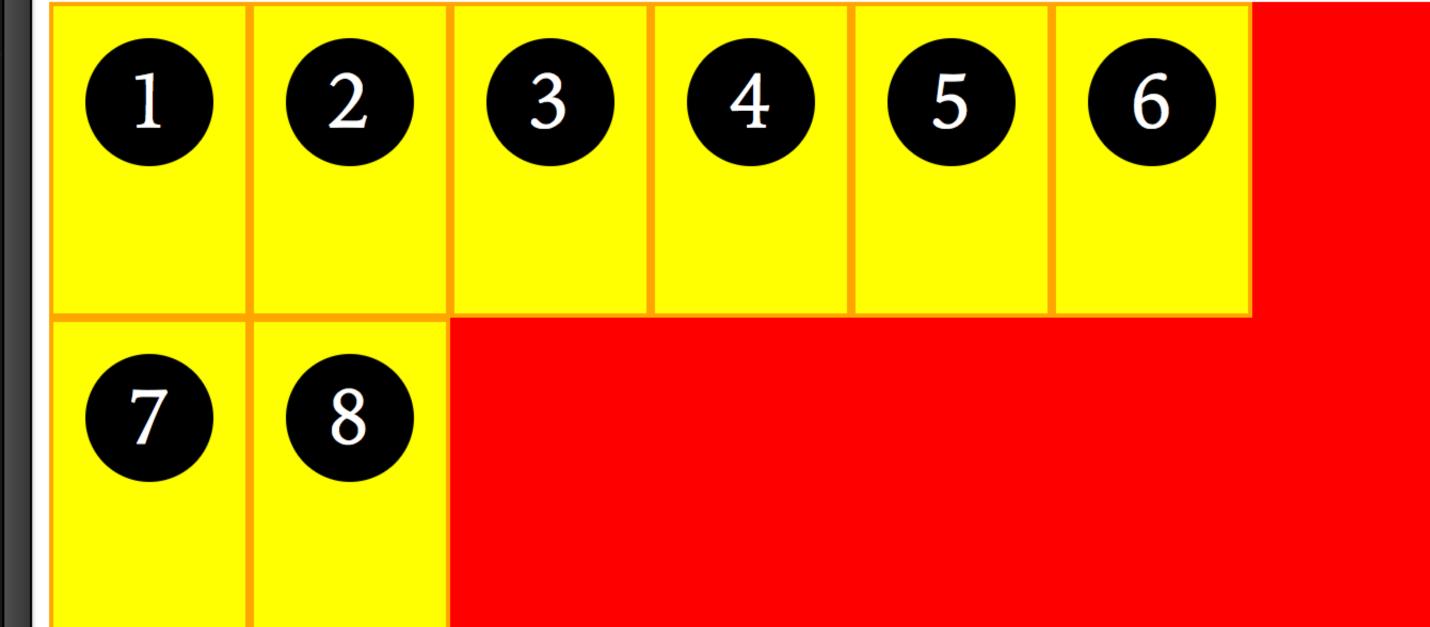
These are not 90px wide

flex-wrap: wrap

Flex items are *displayed in multiple rows*, from left-to-right and top-to-bottom







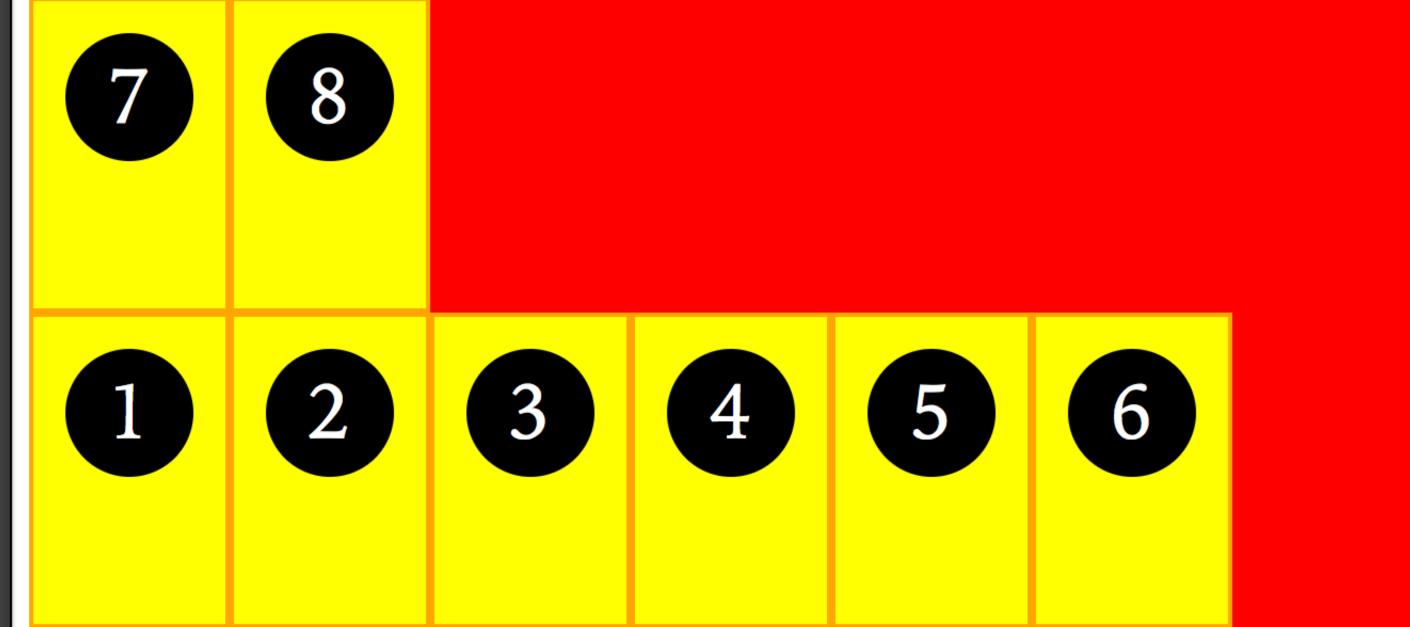
These are 90px wide

flex-wrap: wrap-reverse

Flex items are displayed in multiple rows, from left-to-right but from bottom-to-top



```
# HTML
                                            Tidy
1 - <div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item"><span>1</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>2</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>5</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>6</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>7</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>8</span></div>
   </div>
* CSS
                                       View Compiled
1 ▼ .flex-container {
     display: flex;
     flex-wrap: wrap-reverse;
     /* flex-wrap: nowrap;
     flex-wrap: wrap; */
8 - .flex-item {
     width: 90px;
10
     background-color: yellow;
     border: 2px solid orange;
     height: 4em;
```



align-content

Aligns multiple lines of flex items within the flex container when there is extra space in the cross axis

Similar to how justify-content aligns individual items within the main axis

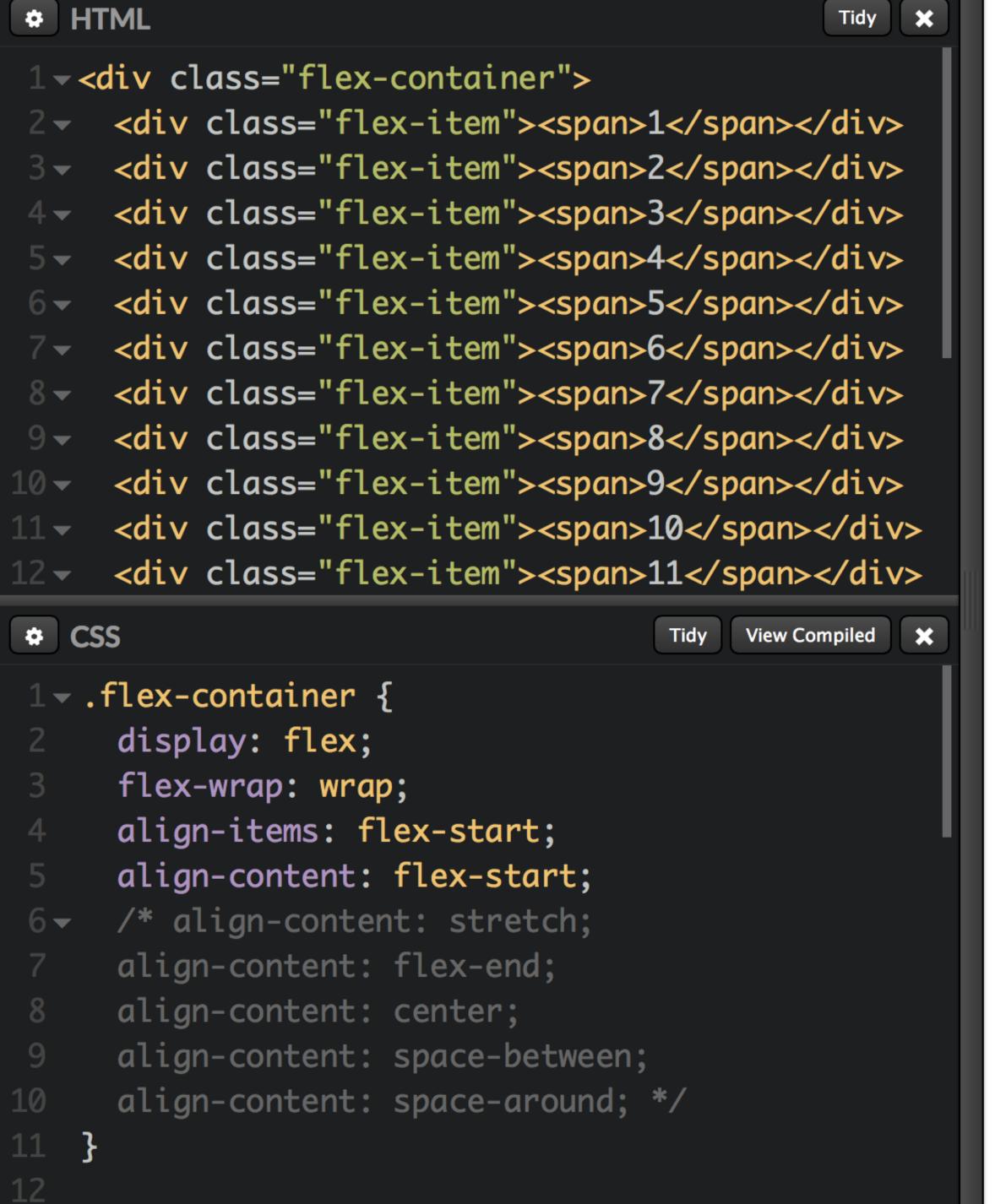


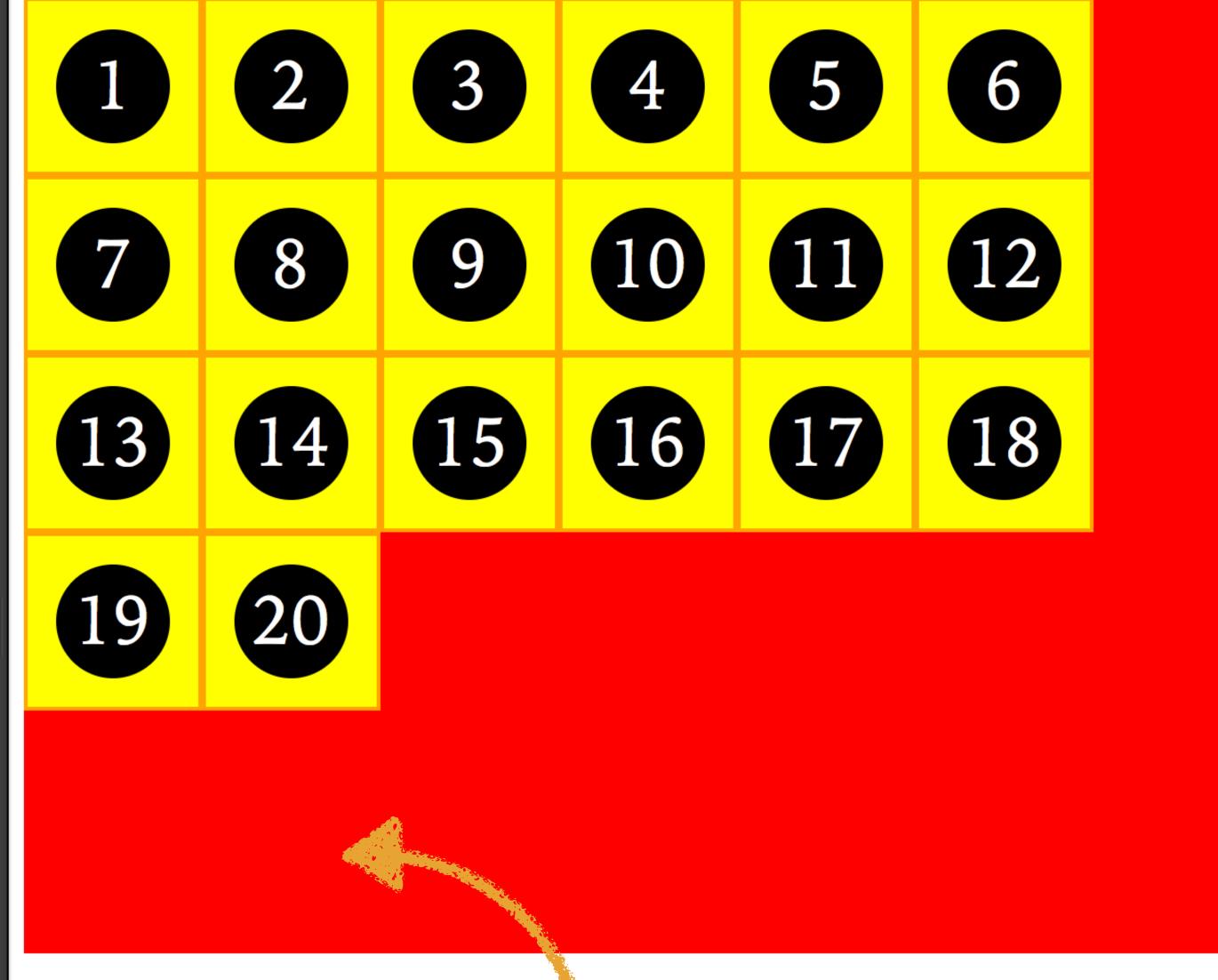
align-content

Values:

- » stretch (default)
- » flex-start
- » flex-end
- » center
- » space-between
- » space-around







What to do about this extra space?

align-content only effects layout when there are multiple lines of flex items inside the flex container

If there is only a single line of flex items, align-content has no effect on the layout



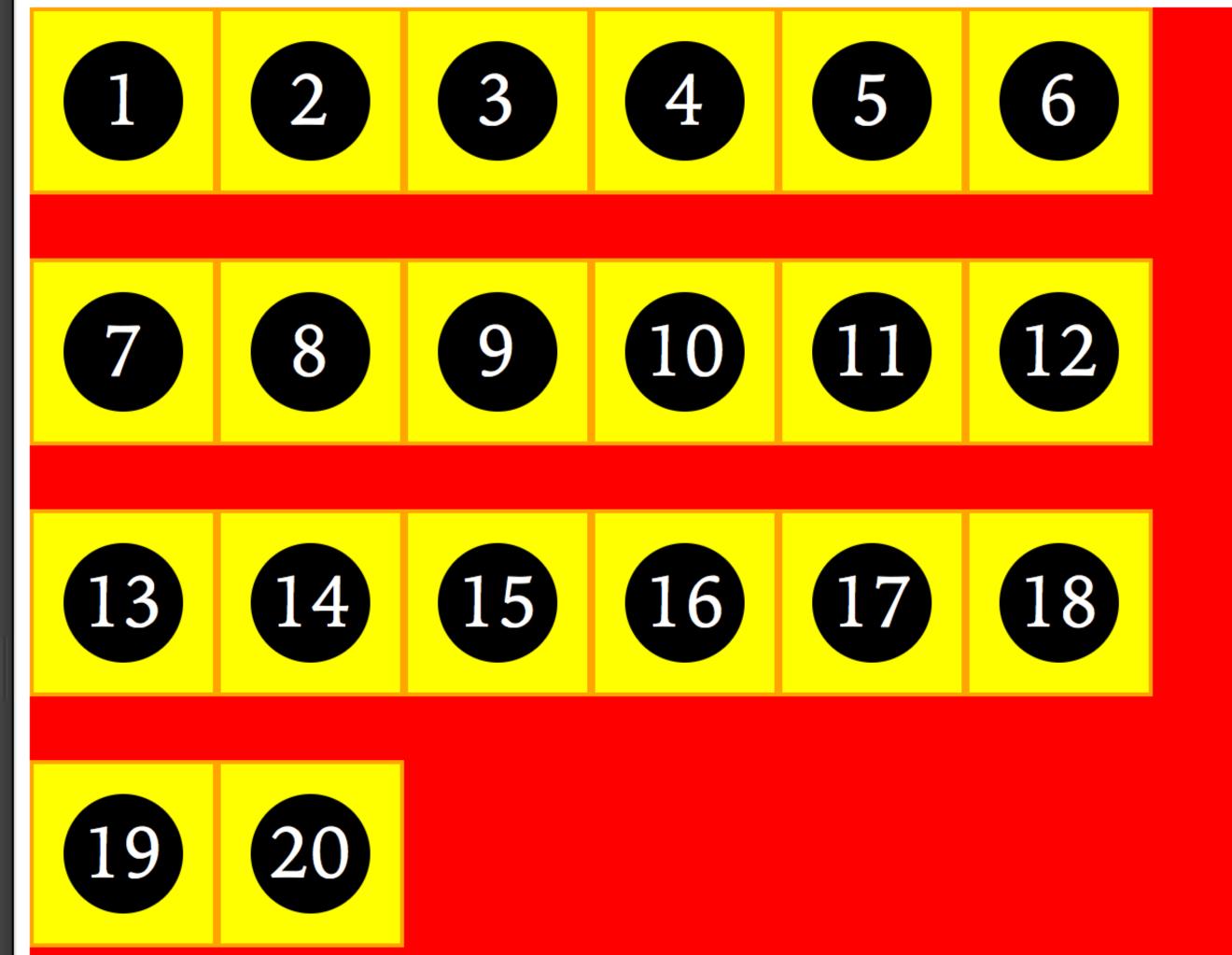
align-content: stretch

Flex items display with distributed space after every row of flex items

Default for align-content



```
# HTML
                                             Tidy 🗶
1 - <div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item"><span>1</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>2</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>5</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>6</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>7</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>8</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>9</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>10</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>11</span></div>
CSS
                                        View Compiled 💥
 1 ▼ .flex-container {
     display: flex;
     flex-wrap: wrap;
     align-items: flex-start;
     align-content: stretch;
     /* align-content: flex-start;
     align-content: flex-end;
     align-content: center;
     align-content: space-between;
     align-content: space-around; */
10
11 }
```

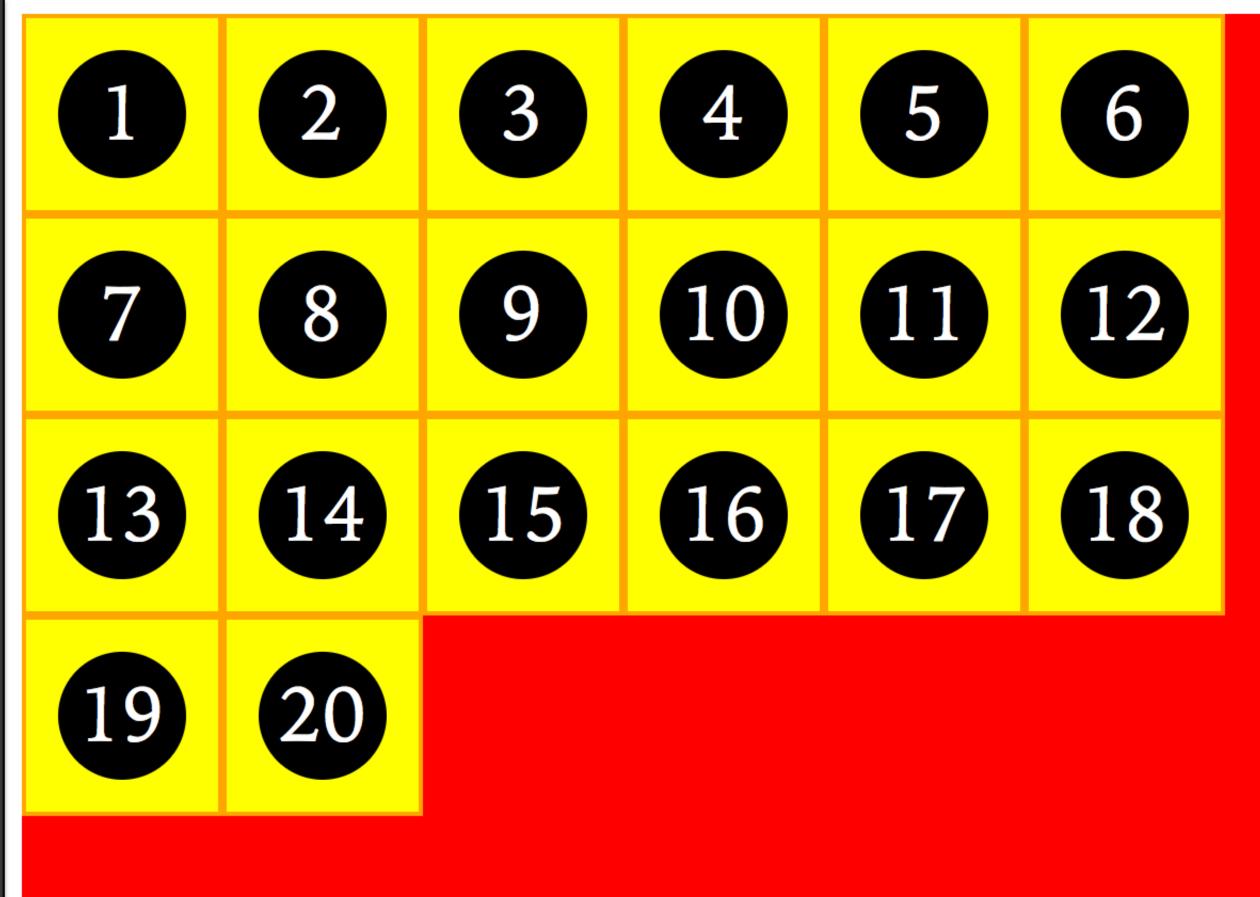


align-content: flex-start

Flex items begin at the cross start of the flex container



```
# HTML
                                             Tidy
1 - <div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item"><span>1</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>2</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>5</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>6</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>7</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>8</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>9</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>10</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>11</span></div>
# CSS
                                        View Compiled 🗶
 1 ▼ .flex-container {
     display: flex;
     flex-wrap: wrap;
     align-items: flex-start;
     align-content: flex-start;
     /* align-content: stretch;
     align-content: flex-end;
     align-content: center;
     align-content: space-between;
     align-content: space-around; */
10
11 }
```

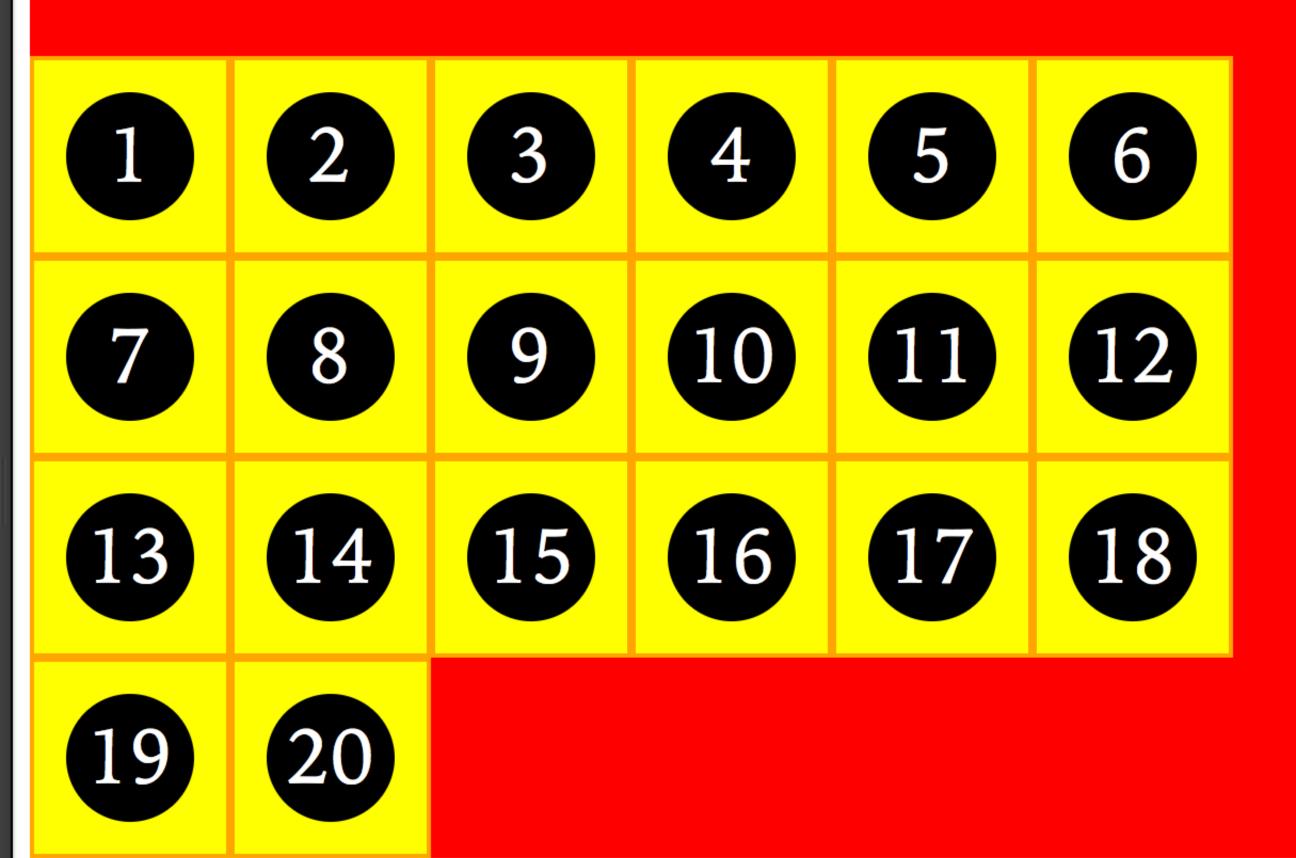


align-content: flex-end

Flex items are stacked at the cross end of the flex container, but not starting there



```
# HTML
                                             Tidy
1 - <div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item"><span>1</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>2</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>5</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>6</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>7</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>8</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>9</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>10</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>11</span></div>
CSS
                                        View Compiled 💥
 1 ▼ .flex-container {
     display: flex;
     flex-wrap: wrap;
     align-items: flex-start;
     align-content: flex-end;
     /* align-content: stretch;
     align-content: flex-start;
     align-content: center;
     align-content: space-between;
     align-content: space-around; */
10
11 }
```

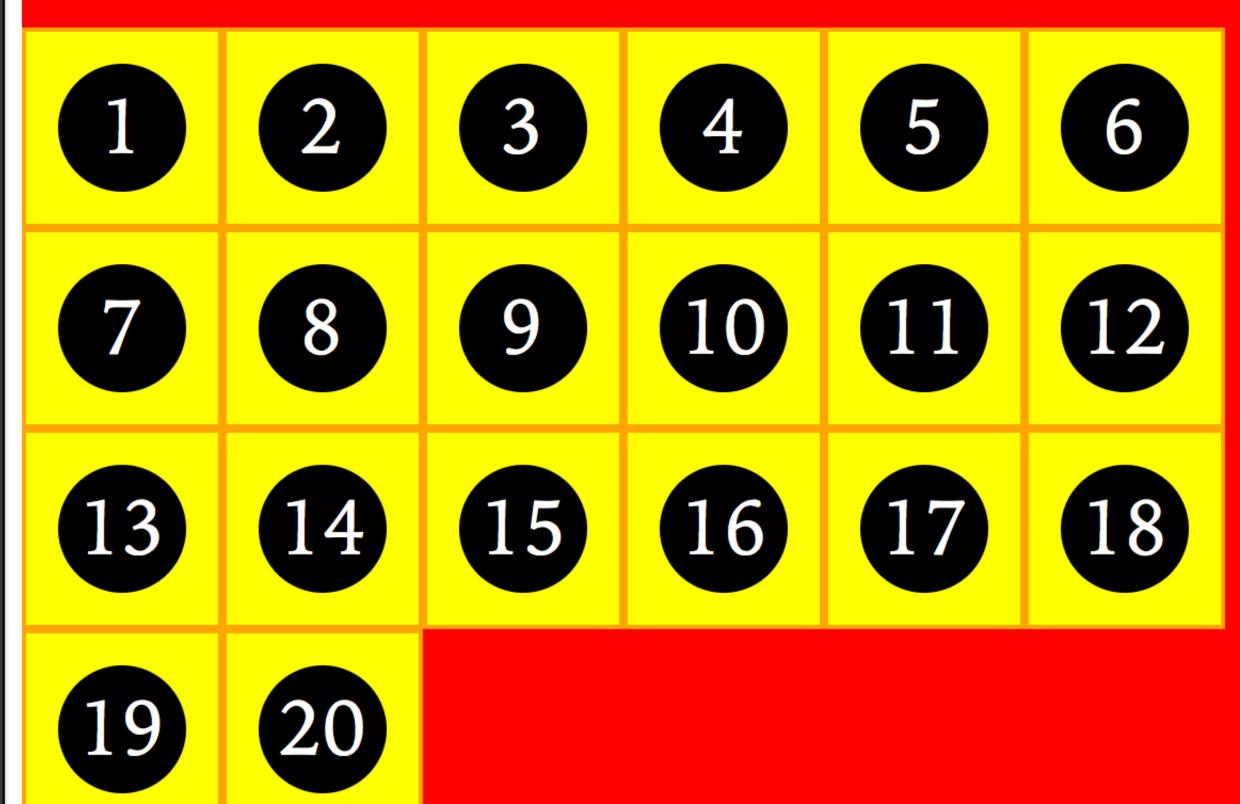


align-content: center

Flex items are stacked in the center of the cross axis of the flex container



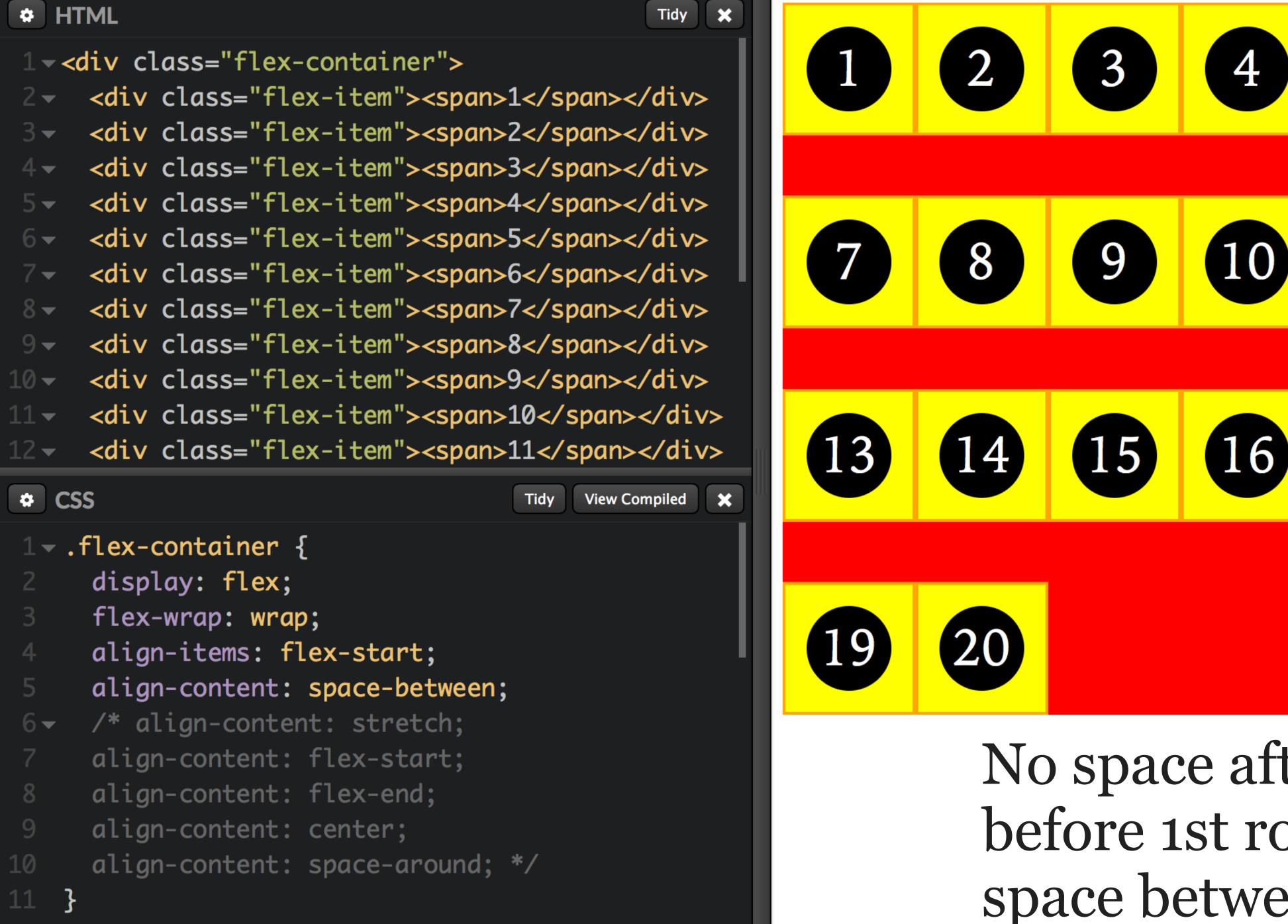
```
# HTML
                                             Tidy
1 - <div class="flex-container">
     <div class="flex-item"><span>1</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>2</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>3</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>4</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>5</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>6</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>7</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>8</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>9</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>10</span></div>
     <div class="flex-item"><span>11</span></div>
CSS
                                        View Compiled 💥
 1 - .flex-container {
     display: flex;
     flex-wrap: wrap;
     align-items: flex-start;
     align-content: center;
     /* align-content: stretch;
     align-content: flex-start;
     align-content: flex-end;
     align-content: space-between;
     align-content: space-around; */
10
11 }
```



align-content: space-between

Rows of flex items have equal spacing between them, with first & last rows aligned to the top & bottom edges of the flex container





10

No space after last row (or before 1st row), but equal space between rows

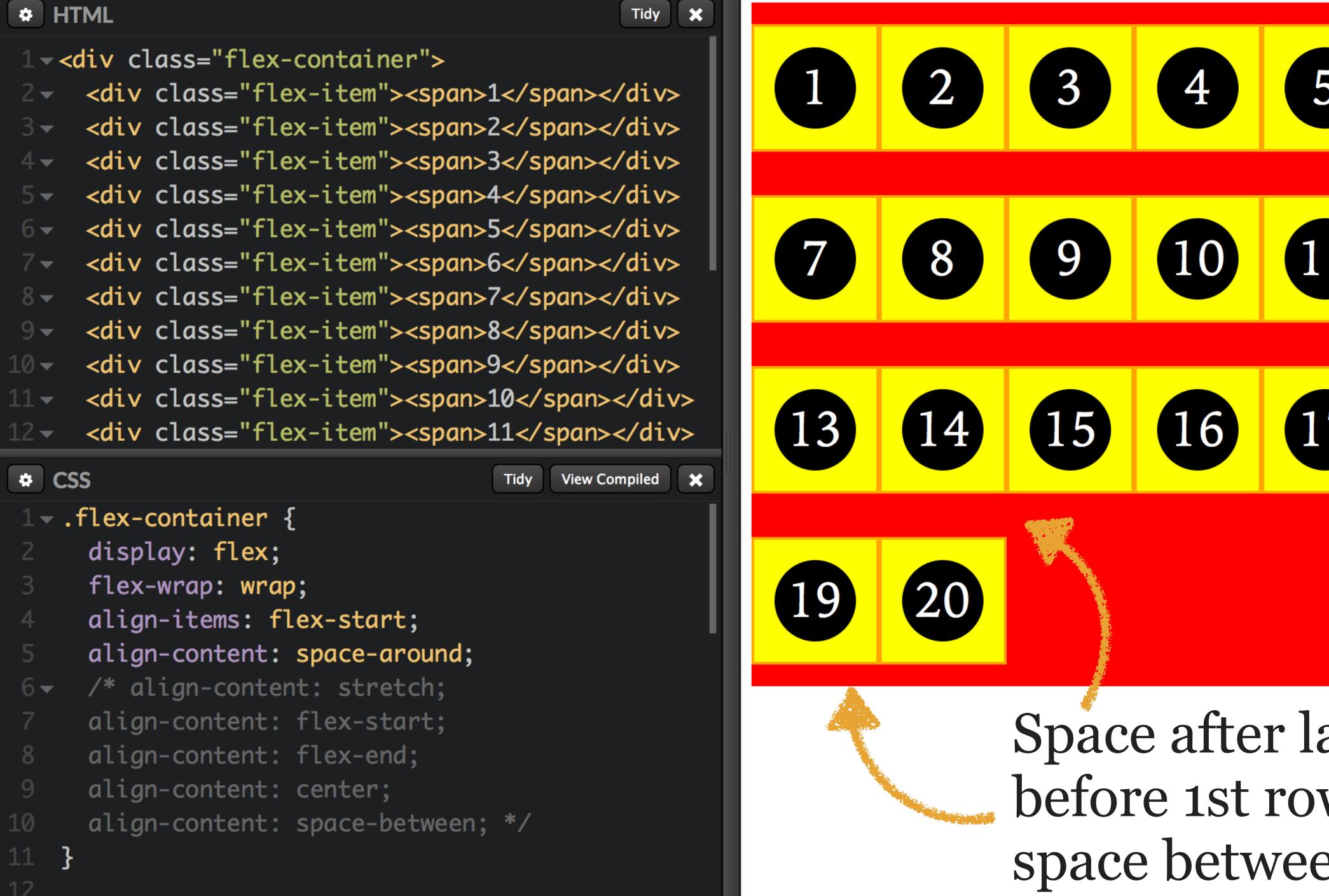
align-content: space-around

Rows of flex items have *equal spacing around them*, even the first & <u>last row</u>

Empty space before the first row, and after the last row, equals half of the space between two adjacent rows

Similar to justify-content: space-around, but focuses on rows instead of flex items



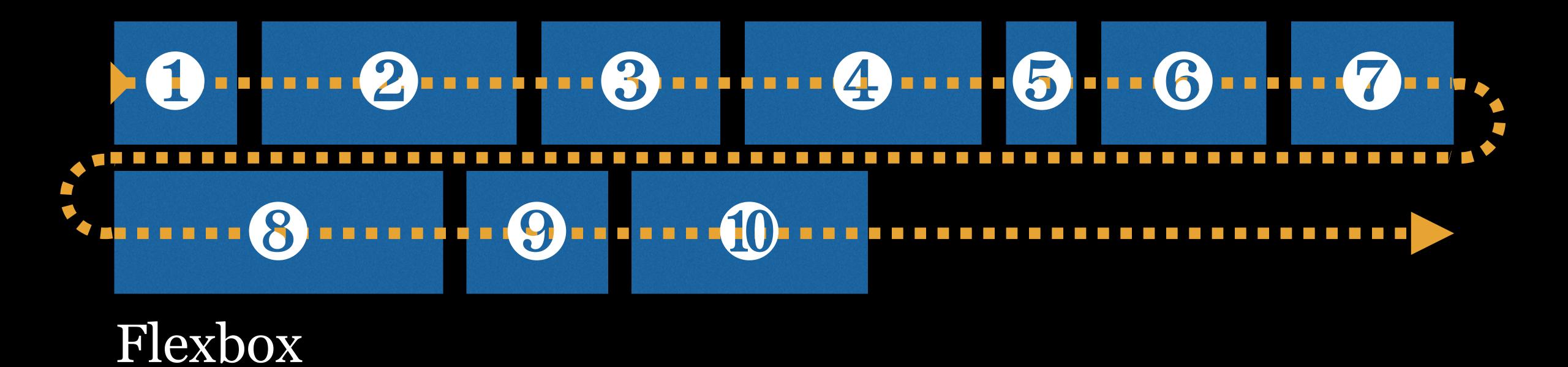


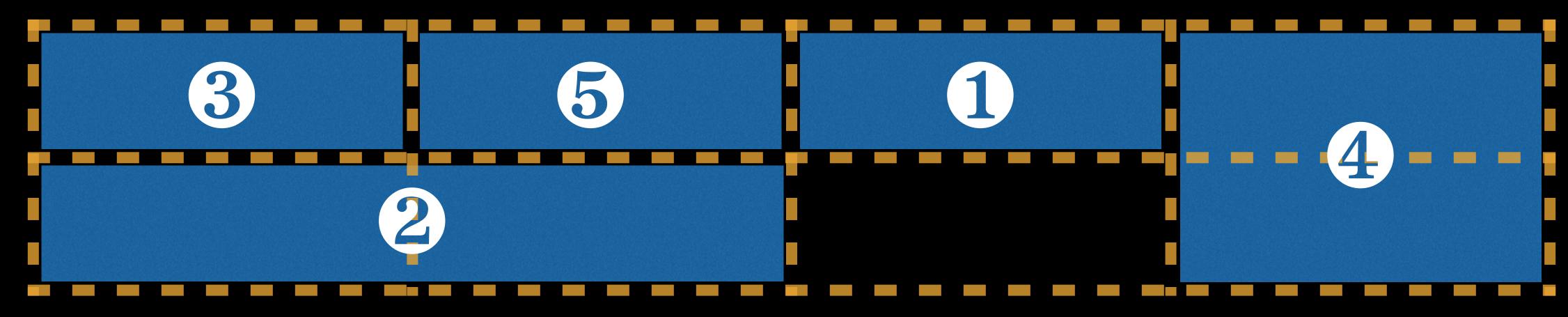
Space after last row (& before 1st row) is 1/2 of space between rows

display: grid

Flexbox is for distributing elements across an area by assigning a direction & then following from there

Grid assigns objects within a flexible, defined intersecting set of horizontal & vertical lines in both directions





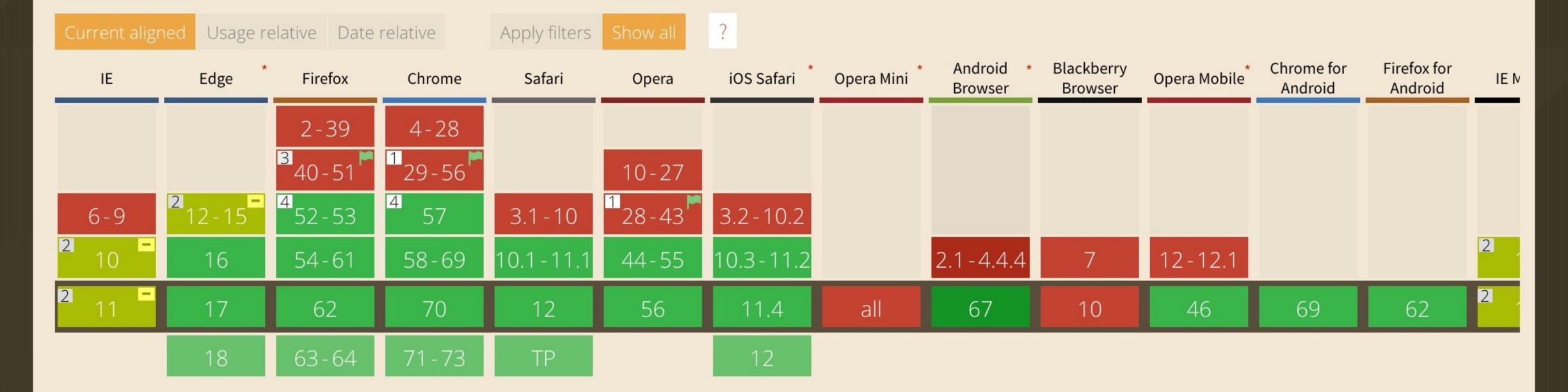
Grid

CSS Grid Layout - CR

Method of using a grid concept to lay out content, providing a mechanism for authors to divide available space for layout into columns and rows using a set of predictable sizing behaviors. Includes support for all grid-* properties and the fr unit.

Usage	% of all users
Global	84.95% + 2.91% = 87.85%
unprefixed:	84 95%

As of October 2018



Notes Known issues (2) Resources (13) Feedback

¹ Enabled in Chrome through the "experimental Web Platform features" flag in chrome://flags

² Partial support in IE refers to supporting an older version of the specification.

Concepts & Terms

With tables, Flexbox you can visualize the layout itself via the HTML

Grid, however, defines all layout in the CSS Dev tools allow you to inspect something besides DOM items — layout structures instead

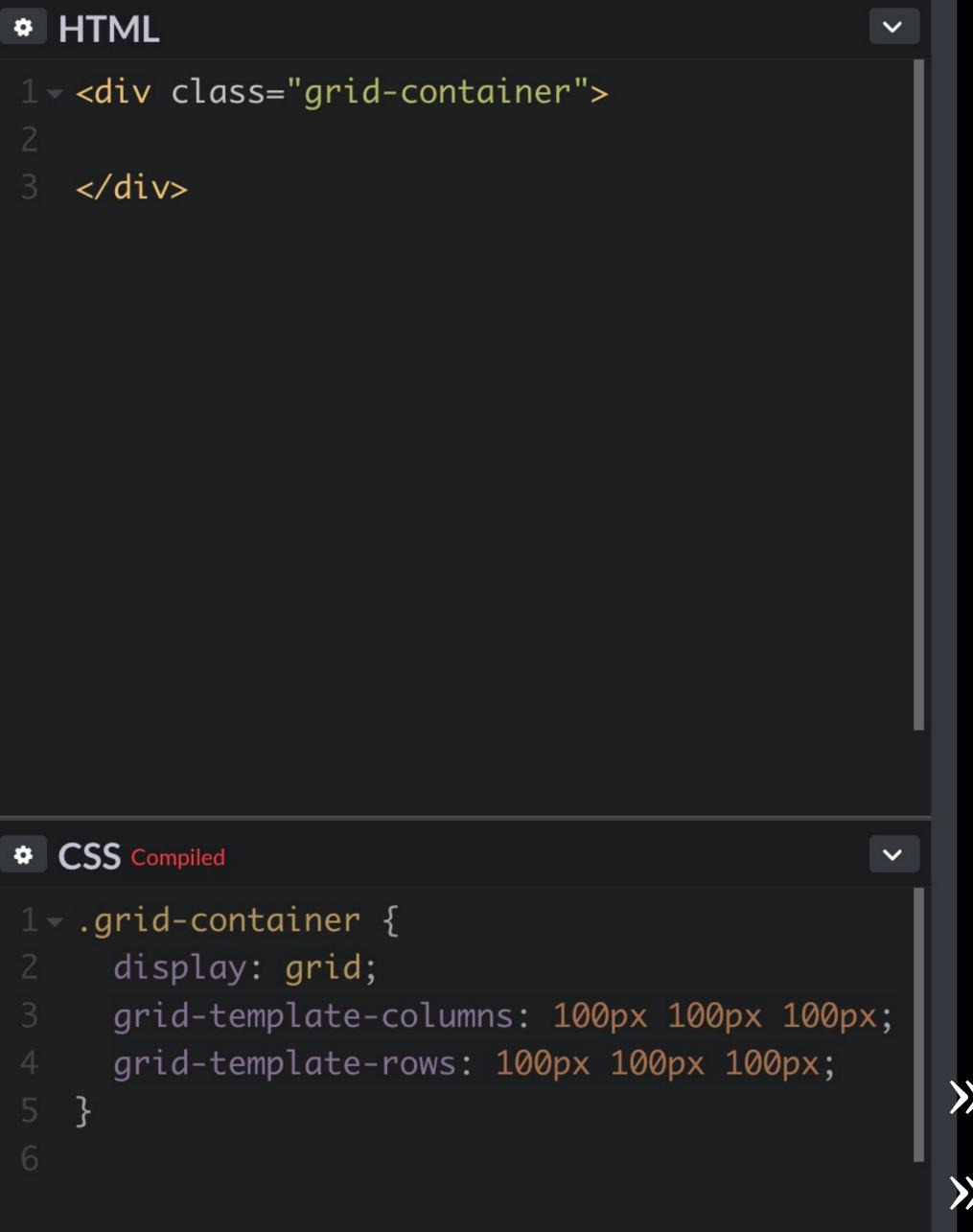
Grid is about using CSS to define layout scaffolding & then placing rendered boxes onto that scaffolding

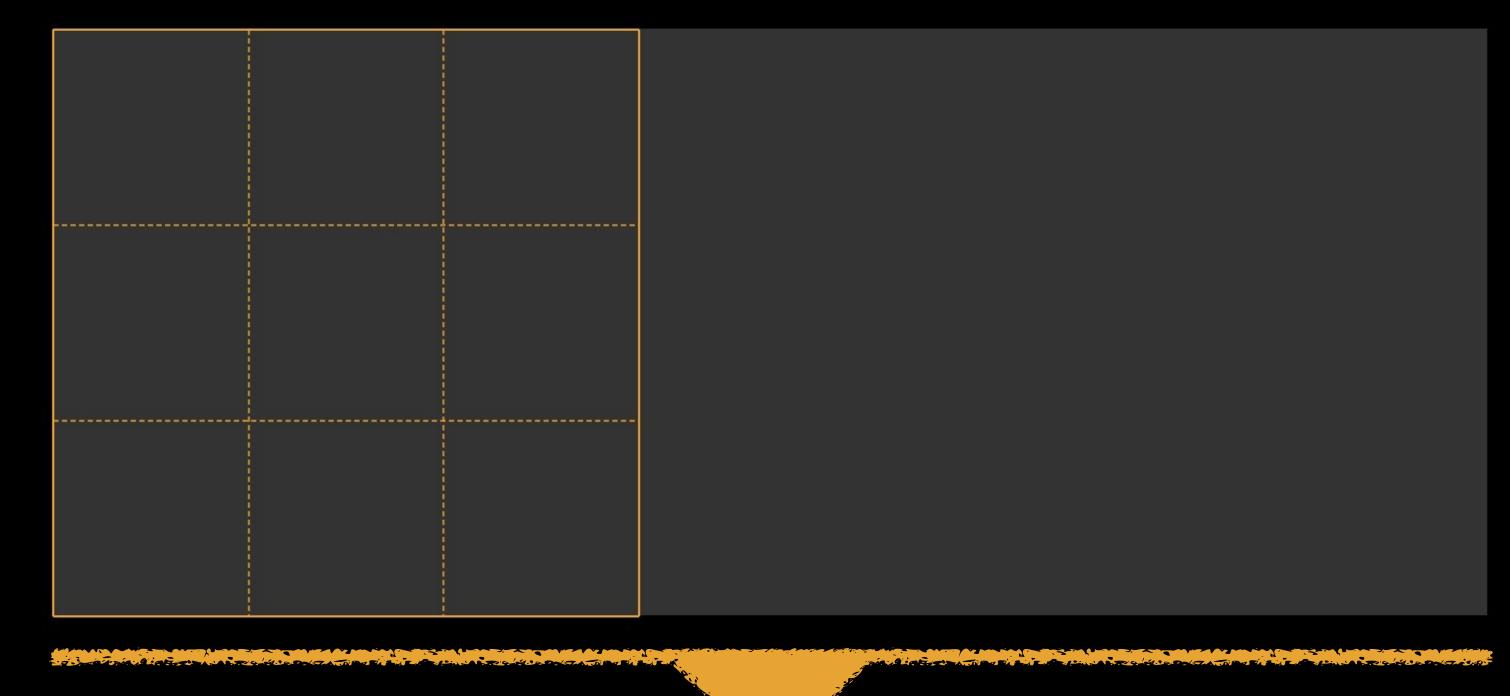
Grid container defines the grid structure

Grid is composed of lines, cells, areas, tracks

Grid items are placed into areas

Grid gutters are thick lines between tracks

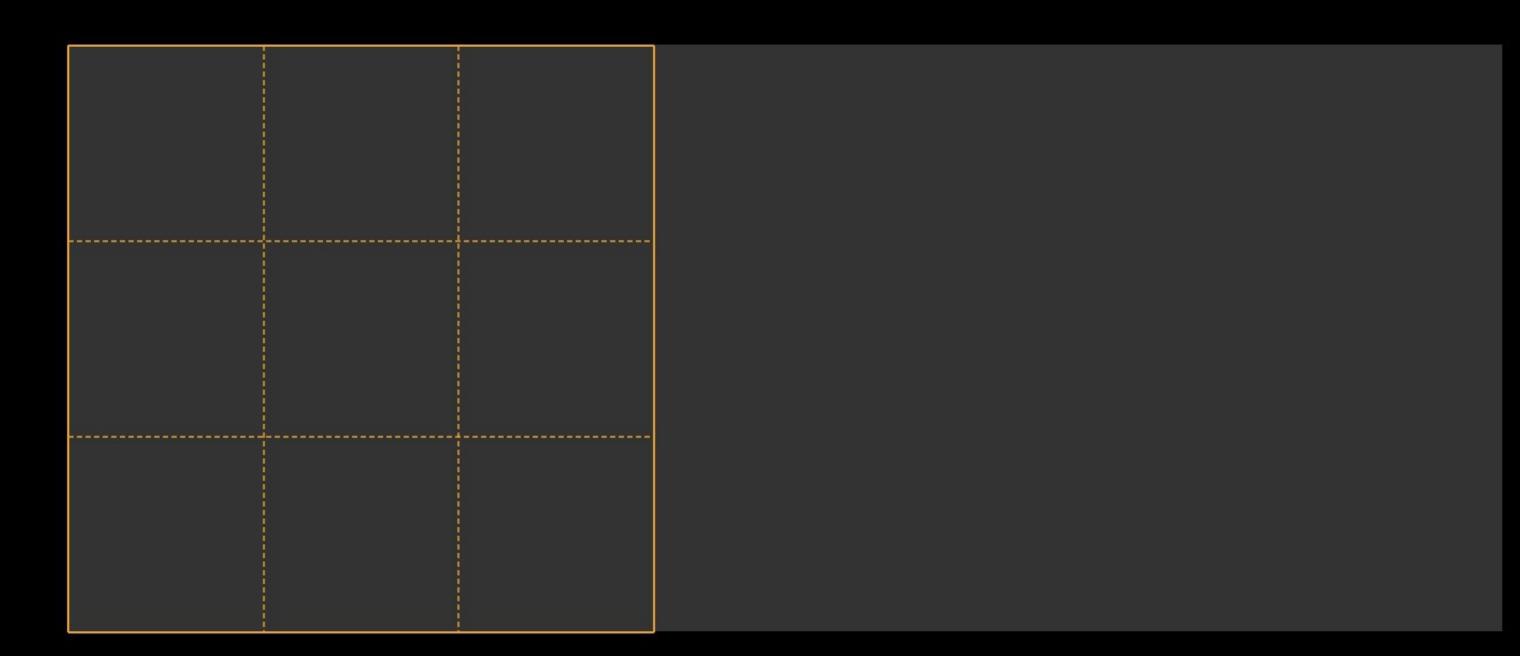




Grid container creates a grid layout context

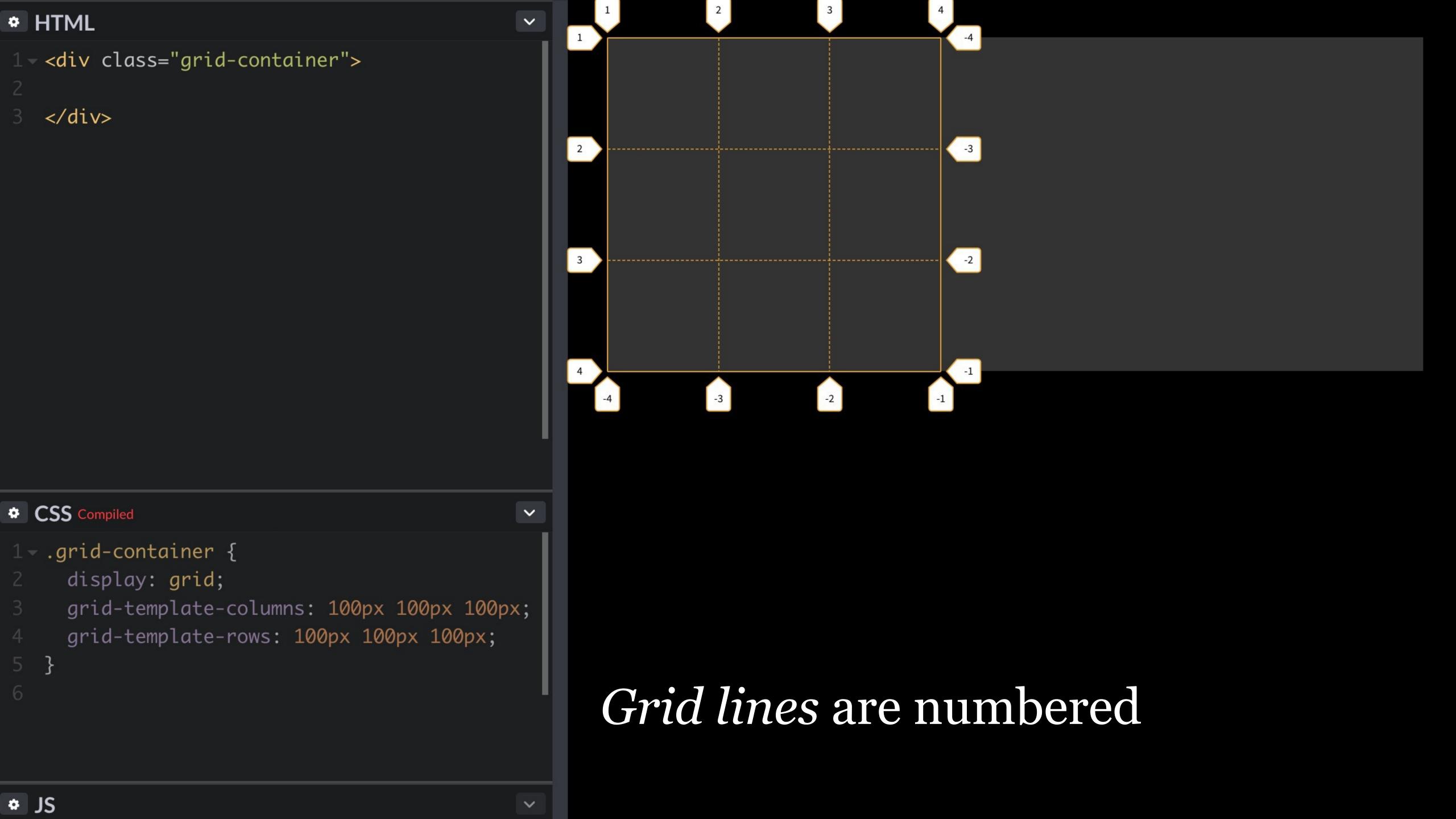
» can be bigger (or smaller) than the grid itself

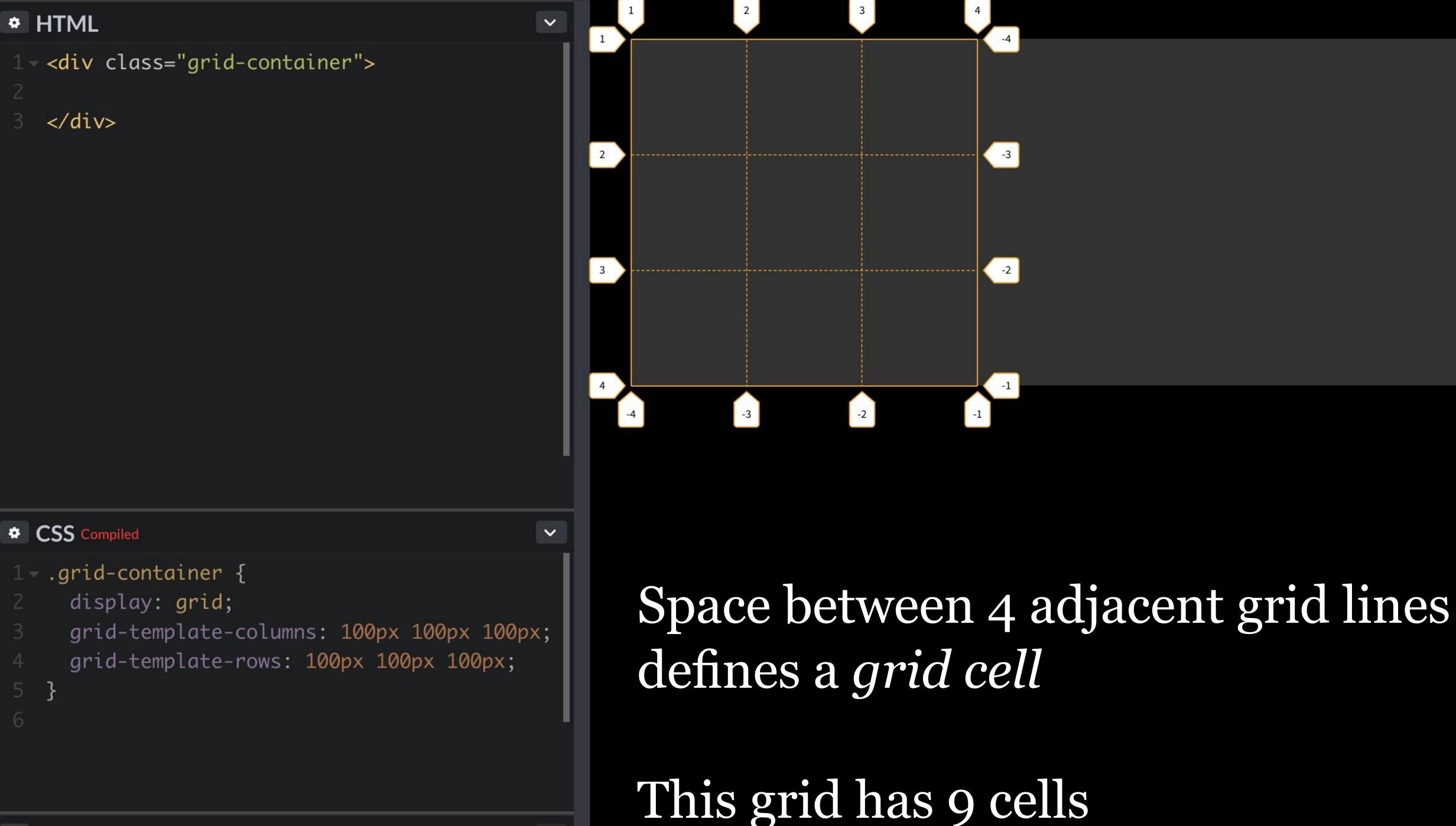
```
HTML
1 - <div class="grid-container">
   </div>
* CSS Compiled
1 - .grid-container {
    display: grid;
    grid-template-columns: 100px 100px;
    grid-template-rows: 100px 100px;
```



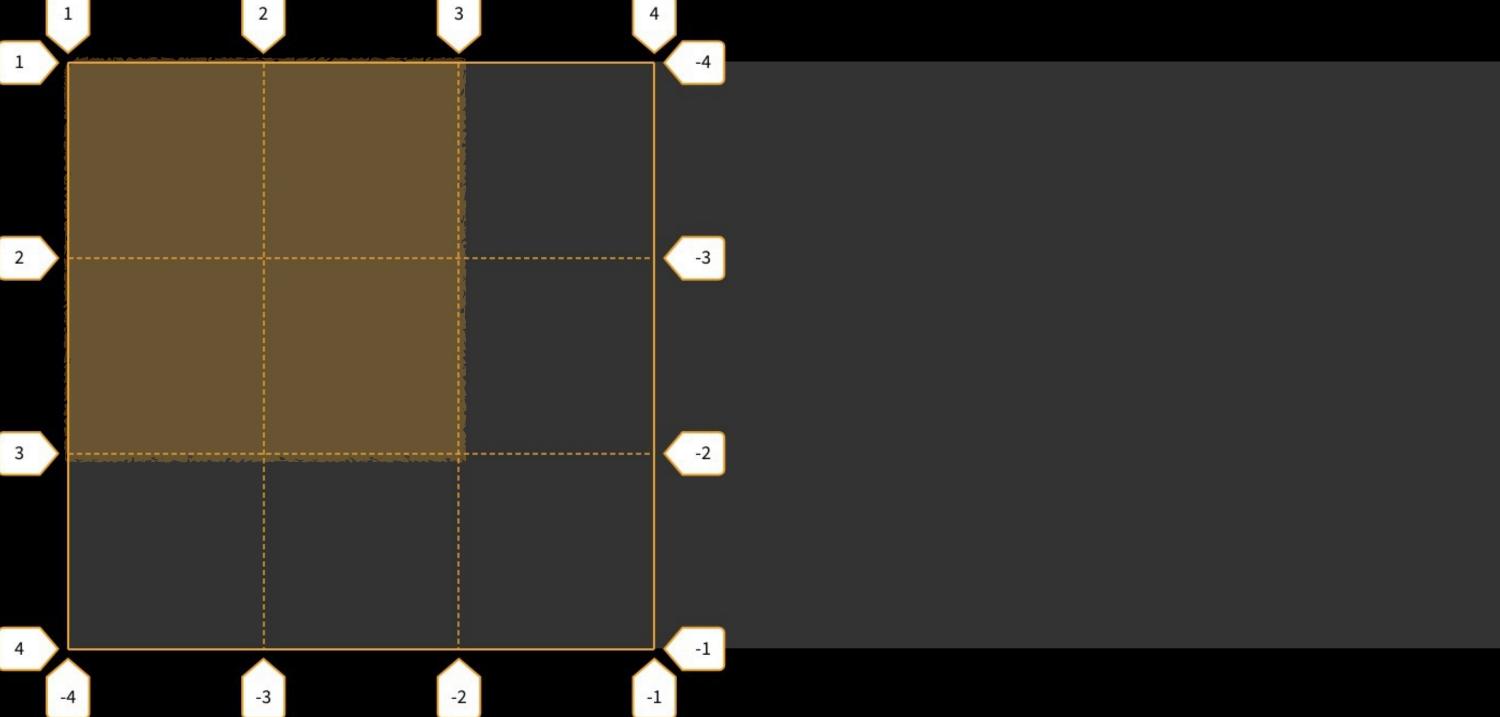
Grid lines divide the grid, & they are key to understanding grid layout

This grid has 8 lines



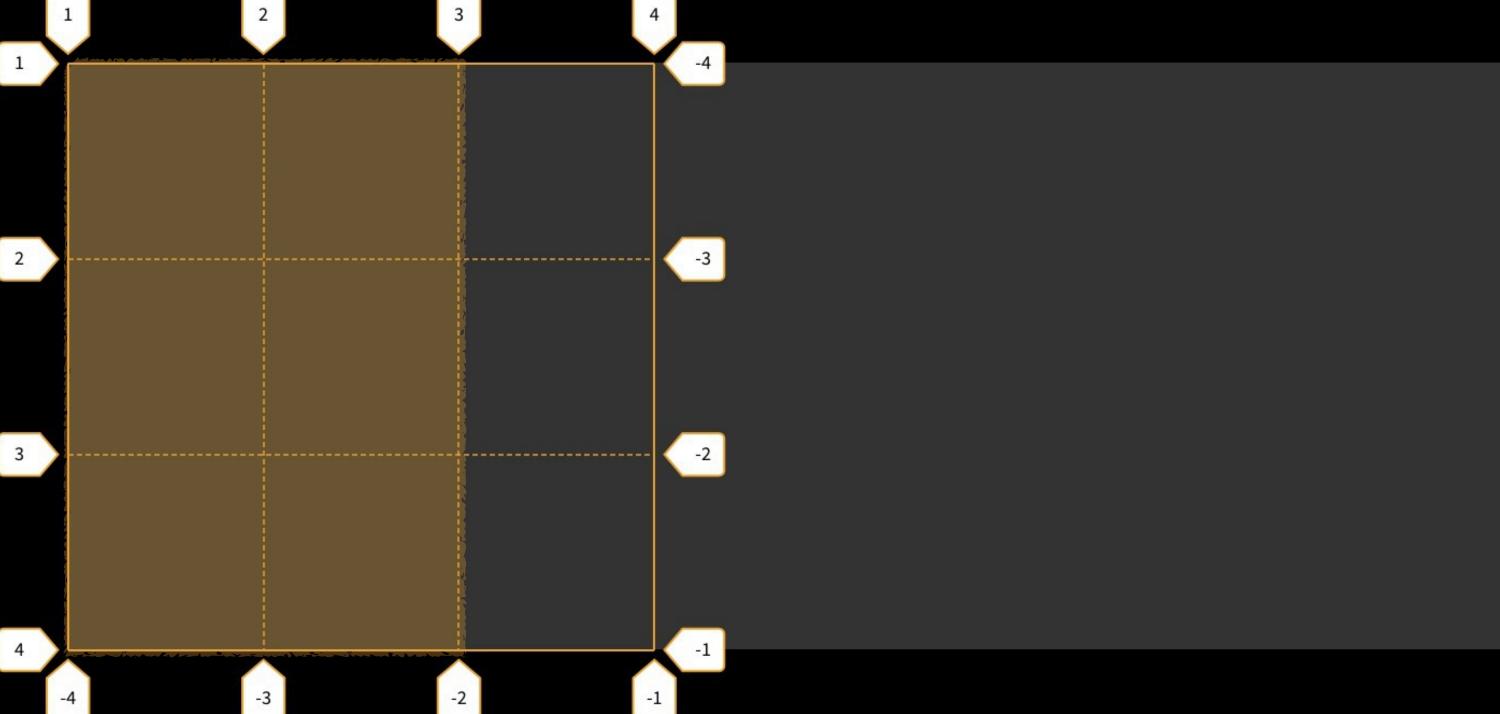


```
HTML
1 - <div class="grid-container">
   </div>
CSS Compiled
1 - .grid-container {
    display: grid;
    grid-template-columns: 100px 100px;
    grid-template-rows: 100px 100px;
```



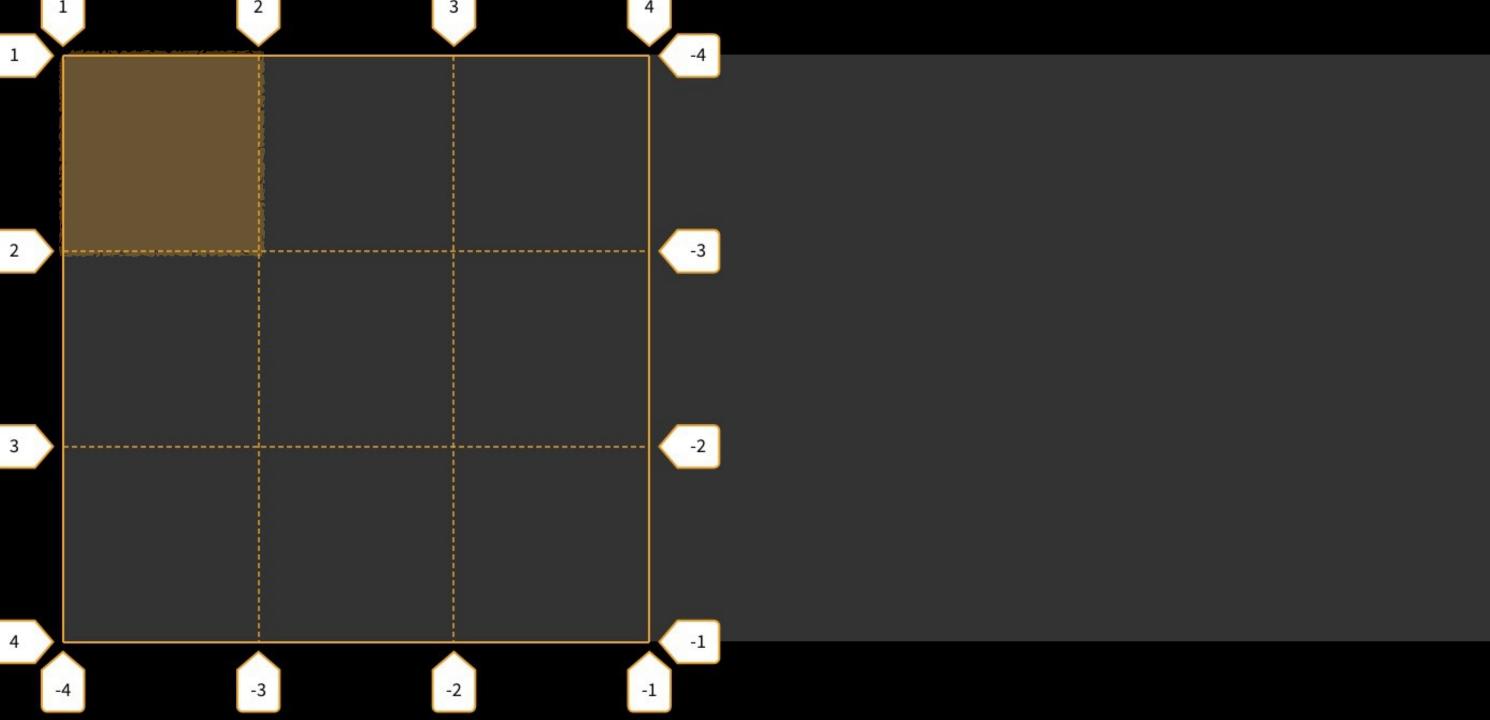
Grid area is defined by 4 (not necessarily adjacent) grid lines

```
HTML
1 - <div class="grid-container">
   </div>
CSS Compiled
1 ▼ .grid-container {
    display: grid;
    grid-template-columns: 100px 100px;
    grid-template-rows: 100px 100px;
```



Grid area is surrounded by 4 grid lines around any number of cells

```
HTML
1 - <div class="grid-container">
  </div>
* CSS Compiled
display: grid;
    grid-template-columns: 100px 100px;
    grid-template-rows: 100px 100px;
                                           cells!
```



A cell is an area, but not all areas are cells!

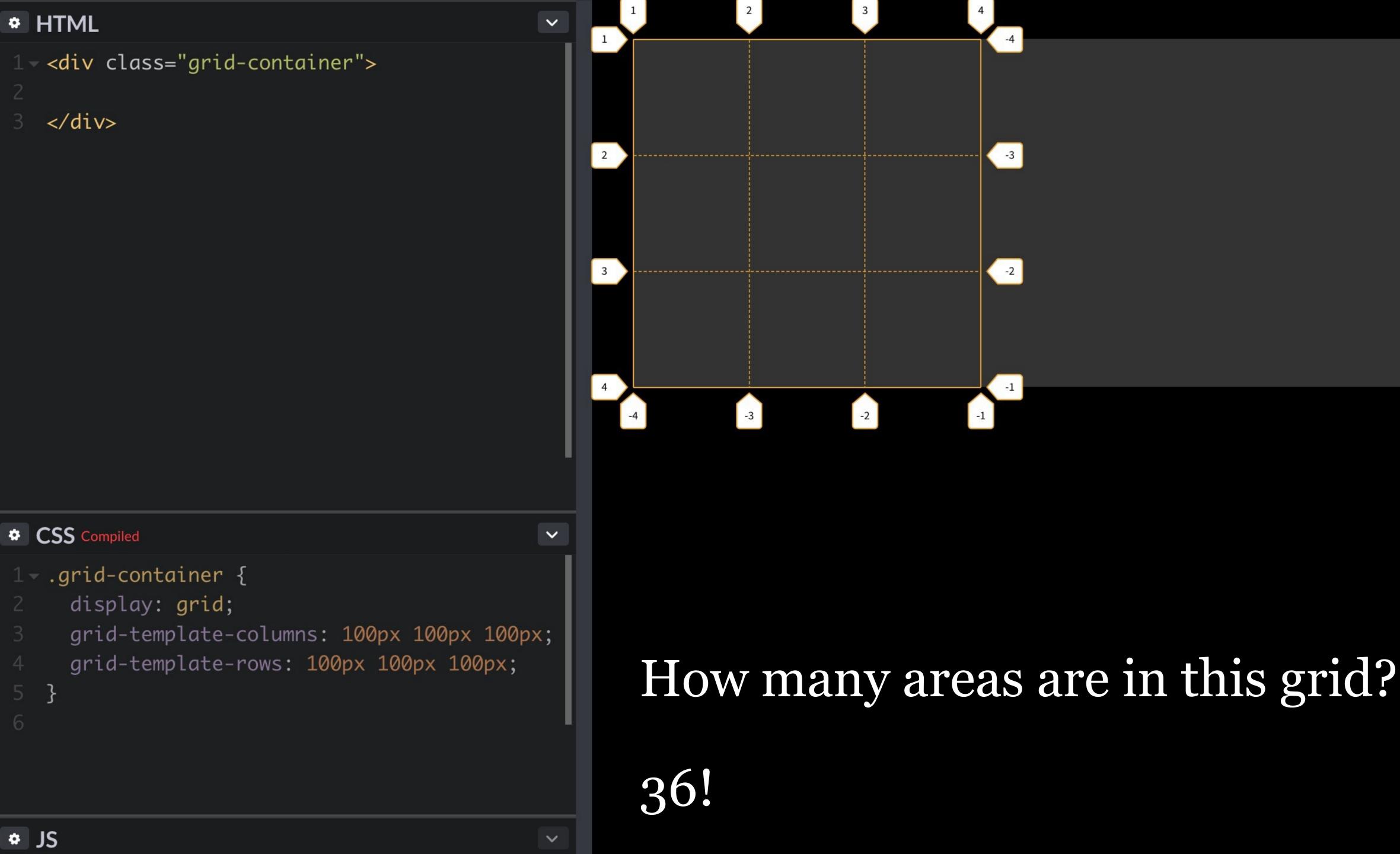
```
HTML
1 - <div class="grid-container">
  </div>
* CSS Compiled
display: grid;
```

grid-template-columns: 100px 100px;

grid-template-rows: 100px 100px;

JS

How many areas are in this grid?



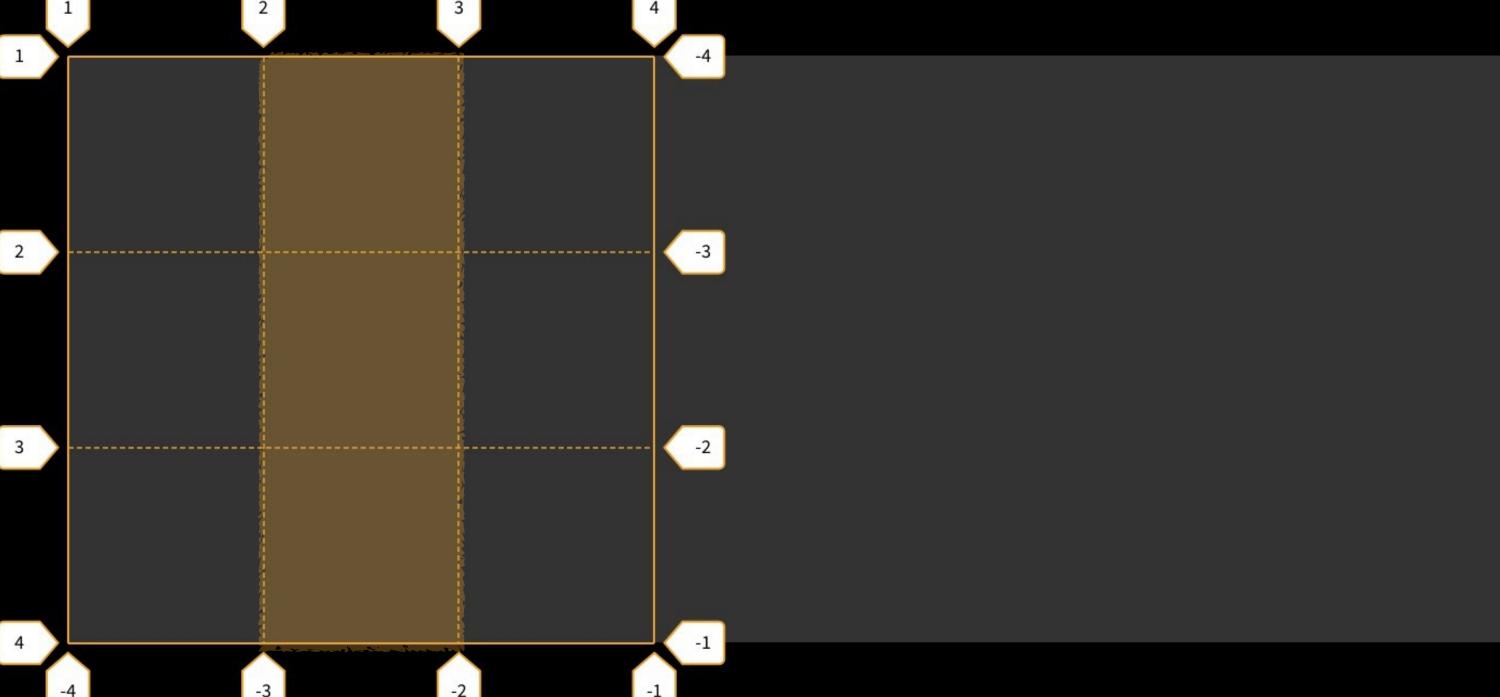
```
HTML
1 - <div class="grid-container">
  </div>
CSS Compiled
display: grid;
```

grid-template-columns: 100px 100px;

grid-template-rows: 100px 100px;

Space between 2 adjacent grid lines defines *grid tracks* of columns or rows

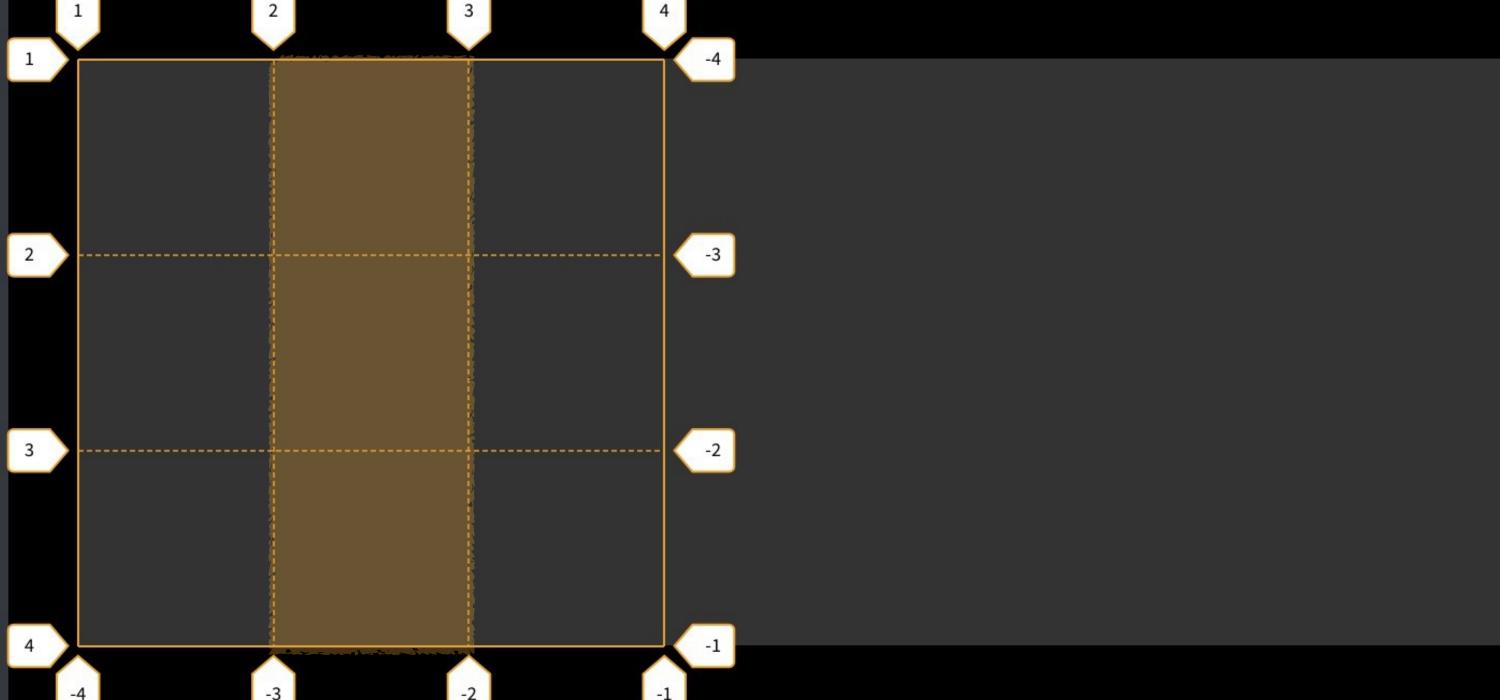
```
HTML
1 - <div class="grid-container">
  </div>
* CSS Compiled
display: grid;
    grid-template-columns: 100px 100px;
    grid-template-rows: 100px 100px;
# JS
```



A column track

How many total tracks are in this grid?

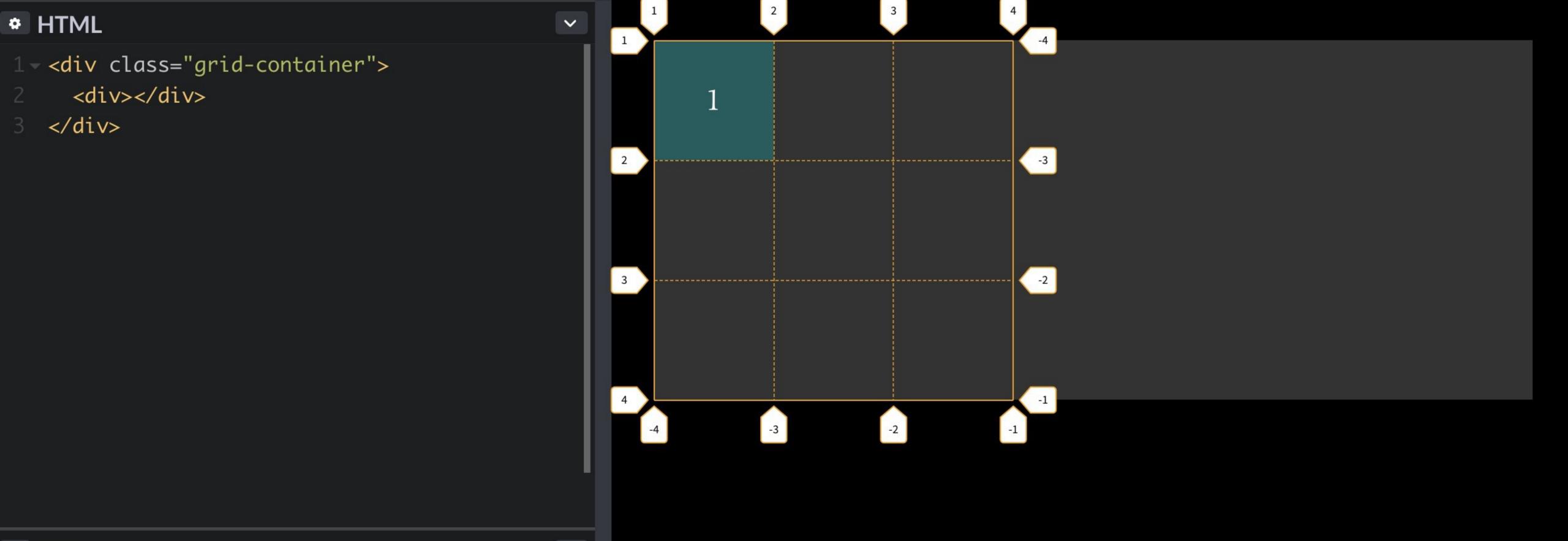




A column track

How many total tracks are in this grid?

6!

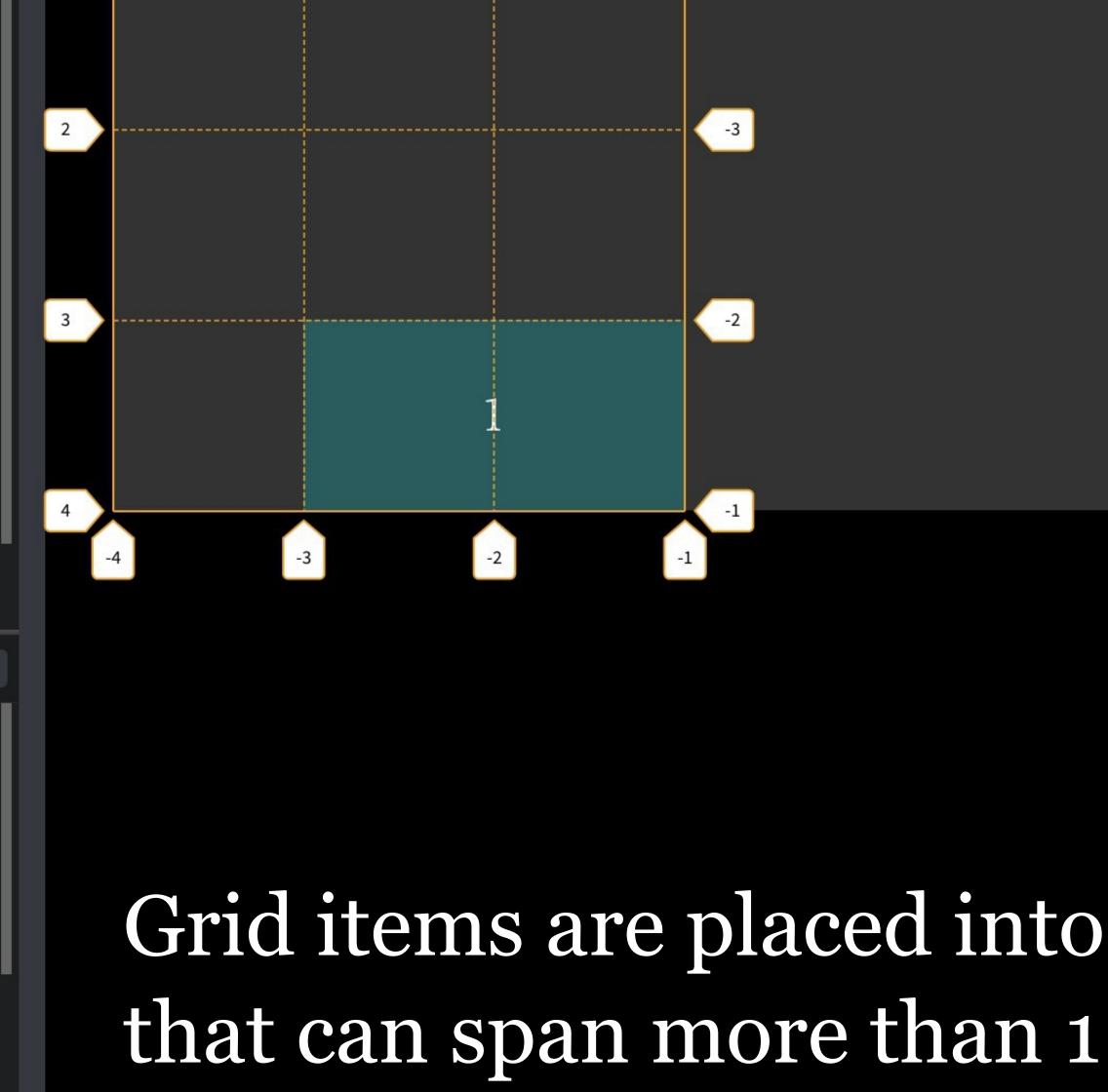


CSS Compiled

1 - .grid-container {
2 display: grid;
3 grid-template-columns: 100px 100px 100px;
4 grid-template-rows: 100px 100px 100px;
5 }
6

Grid items are placed into grid areas based on grid lines — in this case, an area equal to 1 cell

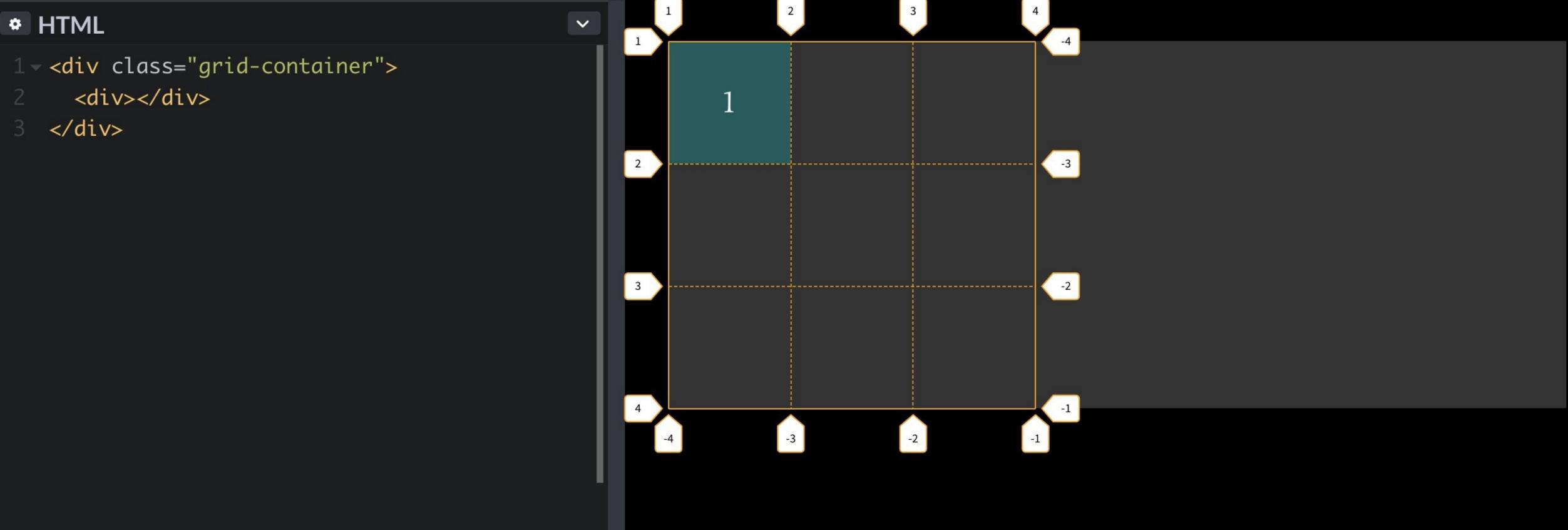
```
HTML
1 - <div class="grid-container">
     <div></div>
   </div>
```



display: grid; grid-template-columns: 100px 100px; grid-template-rows: 100px 100px; 7 - div > divgrid-row: 3/4; grid-column: 2/4; 10 } # JS

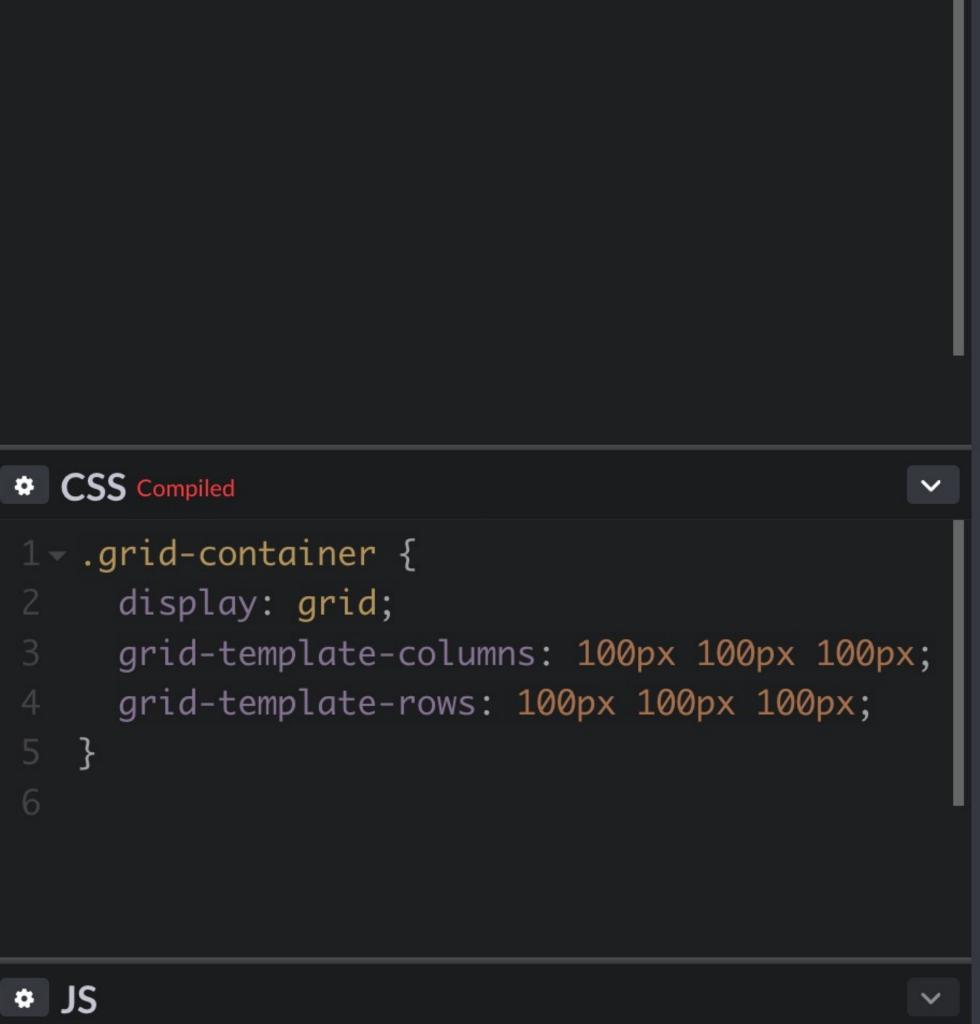
CSS Compiled

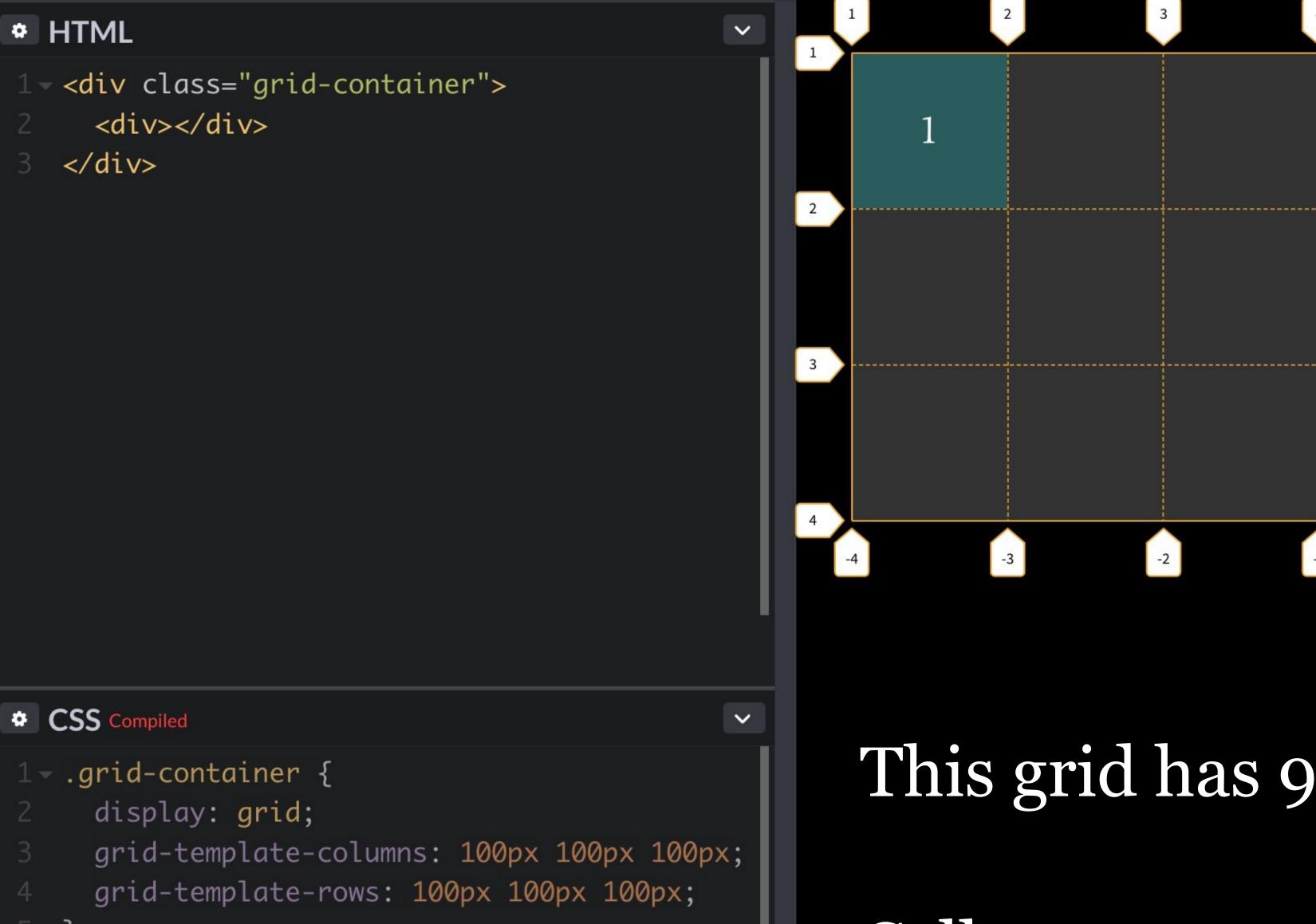
Grid items are placed into areas that can span more than 1 cell

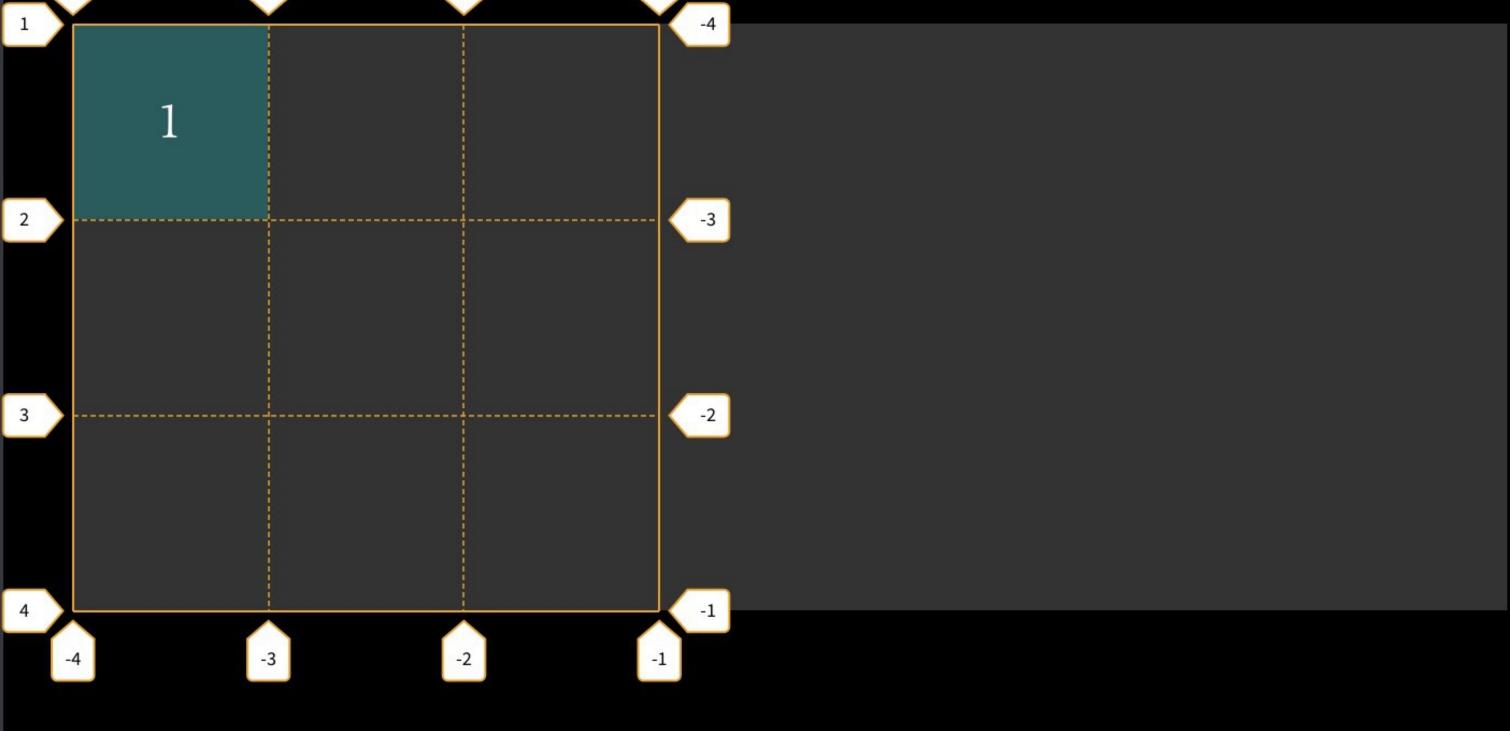


All direct children of grid container are grid items*

* With a few exceptions

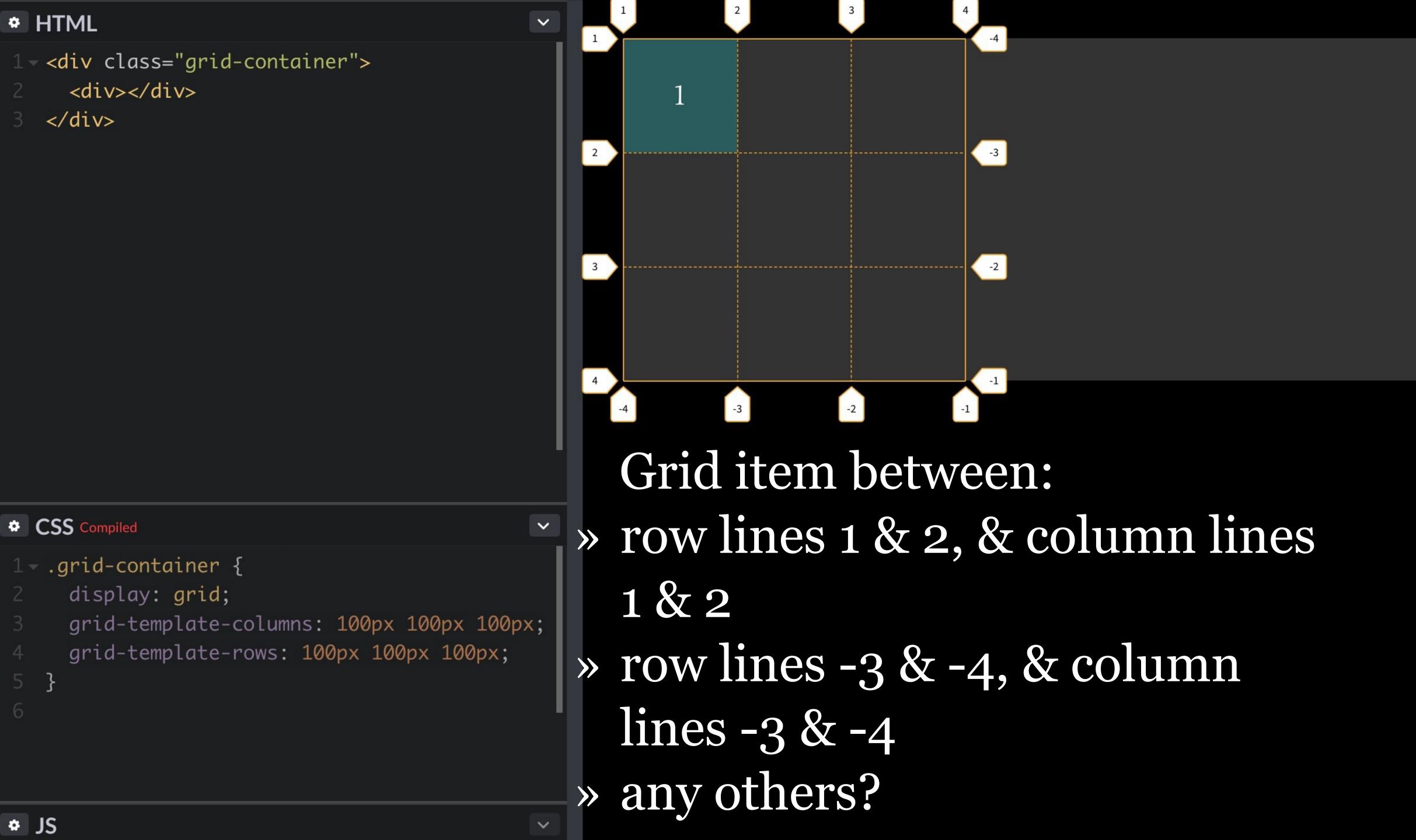






This grid has 9 cells but only 1 item

Cells are *not* part of the DOM so you *cannot* select them with CSS



```
HTML
1 - <div class="grid-container">
     <div></div>
   </div>
CSS Compiled
1 ▼ .grid-container {
    display: grid;
    grid-template-columns: 100px 100px 100px;
                                                    2 & 3
     grid-template-rows: 100px 100px 100px;
```

7 - div > div

JS

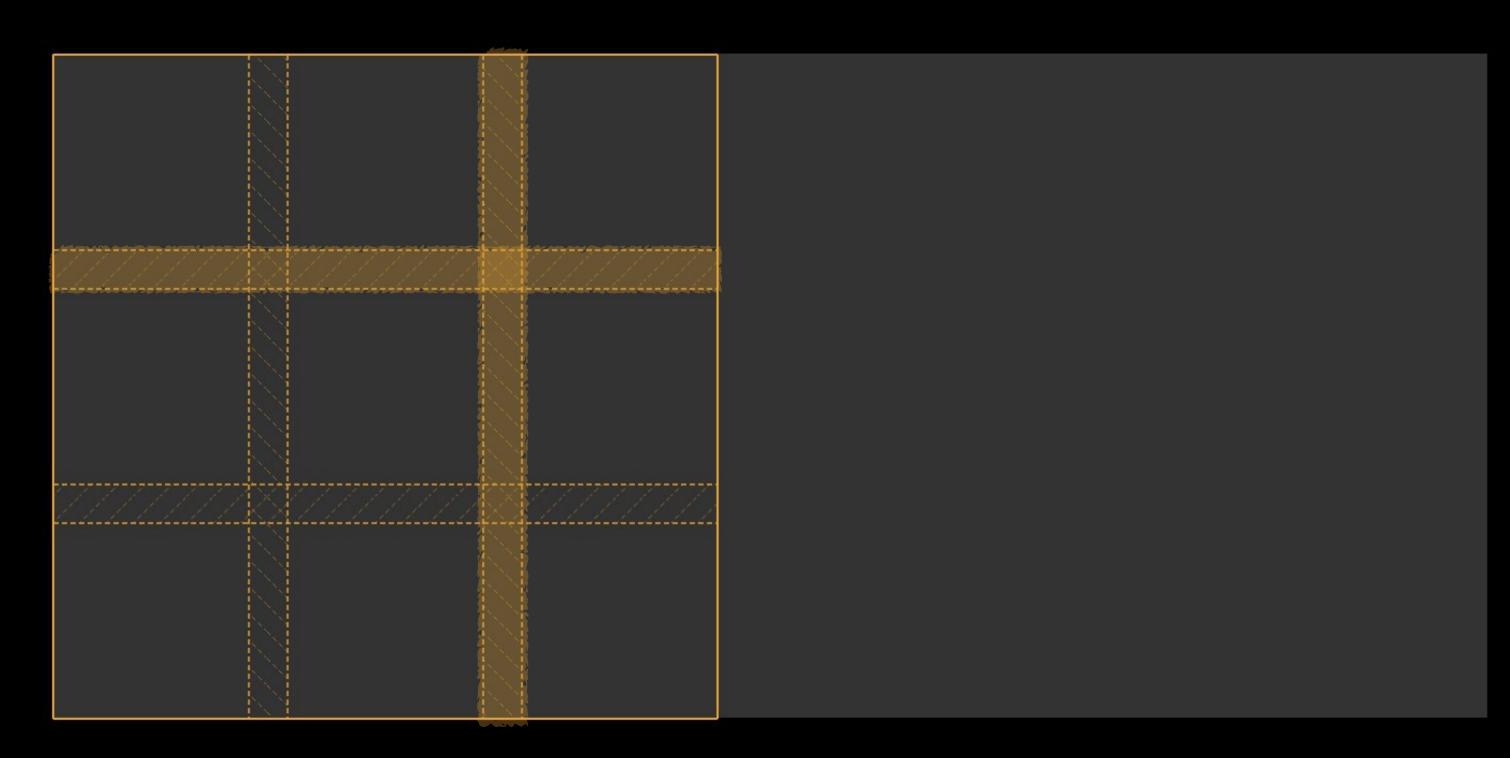
grid-row: 3/4;

grid-column: 2/3;

Grid item between:

- row lines 3 & 4, & column lines
- row lines -1 & -2, & column lines -2 & -3
- » any others?

```
HTML
1 - <div class="grid-container">
  </div>
* CSS Compiled
display: grid;
    grid-template-columns: 100px 100px;
    grid-template-rows: 100px 100px;
    grid-gap: 20px;
```



Grid gutters are basically thick lines creating space between tracks

Your First Grid

display: grid

grid-template-columns grid-template-rows

grid-gap

grid-row-start
grid-row-end
grid-column-start
grid-column-end

```
HTML
1 - <div class="grid-container">
   </div>
* CSS Compiled
1 - .grid-container {
2 display: grid;
```

Create a grid layout context with display: grid

Nothing to see because we triggered the grid layout but haven't yet built a grid

```
HTML
1 - <div class="grid-container">
  </div>
* CSS Compiled
display: grid;
    grid-template-columns: 100px 100px;
   grid-template-rows: 100px 100px 100px;
```

Build the grid with tracks using grid-template-columns & grid-template-rows

Now we see the grid container because there's a grid inside it

```
HTML
1 - <div class="grid-container">
   </div>
CSS Compiled
```

1 .grid-container {
2 display: grid;
3 grid-template-columns: 100px 100px 100px;
4 grid-template-rows: 100px 100px 100px;
5 grid-gap: 20px;
6 }
7

Add space between tracks using grid-gap

Note the grid is now 340×340

3

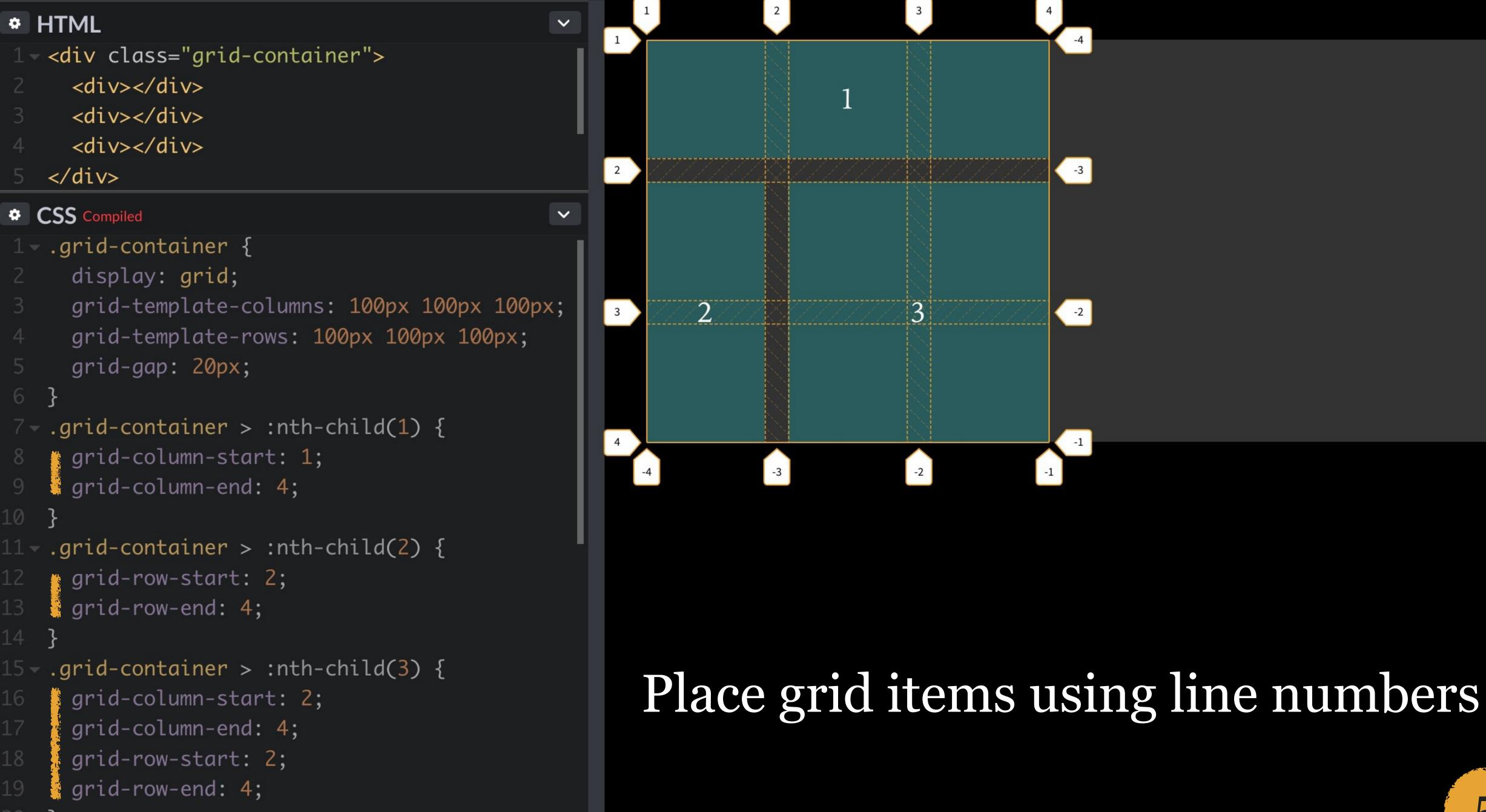
```
HTML
1 - <div class="grid-container">
     <div></div>
     <div></div>
     <div></div>
   </div>
```

1 v.grid-container {
2 display: grid;
3 grid-template-columns: 100px 100px 100px;
4 grid-template-rows: 100px 100px 100px;
5 grid-gap: 20px;
6 }
7

* CSS Compiled

JS

Add grid items, which are placed automatically by default



JS

Itacks

Track Sizing

Various ways to size row & column tracks

```
>> <length>
>> <flex> fr unit
>> max-content
>> min-content
>> fit-content()
>> minmax()
>>
```

```
<length> data type; e.g.:
```

- » 10px
- » 10em
- » 10rem
- » 10vh

More in CSS Typography & CSS Data Types

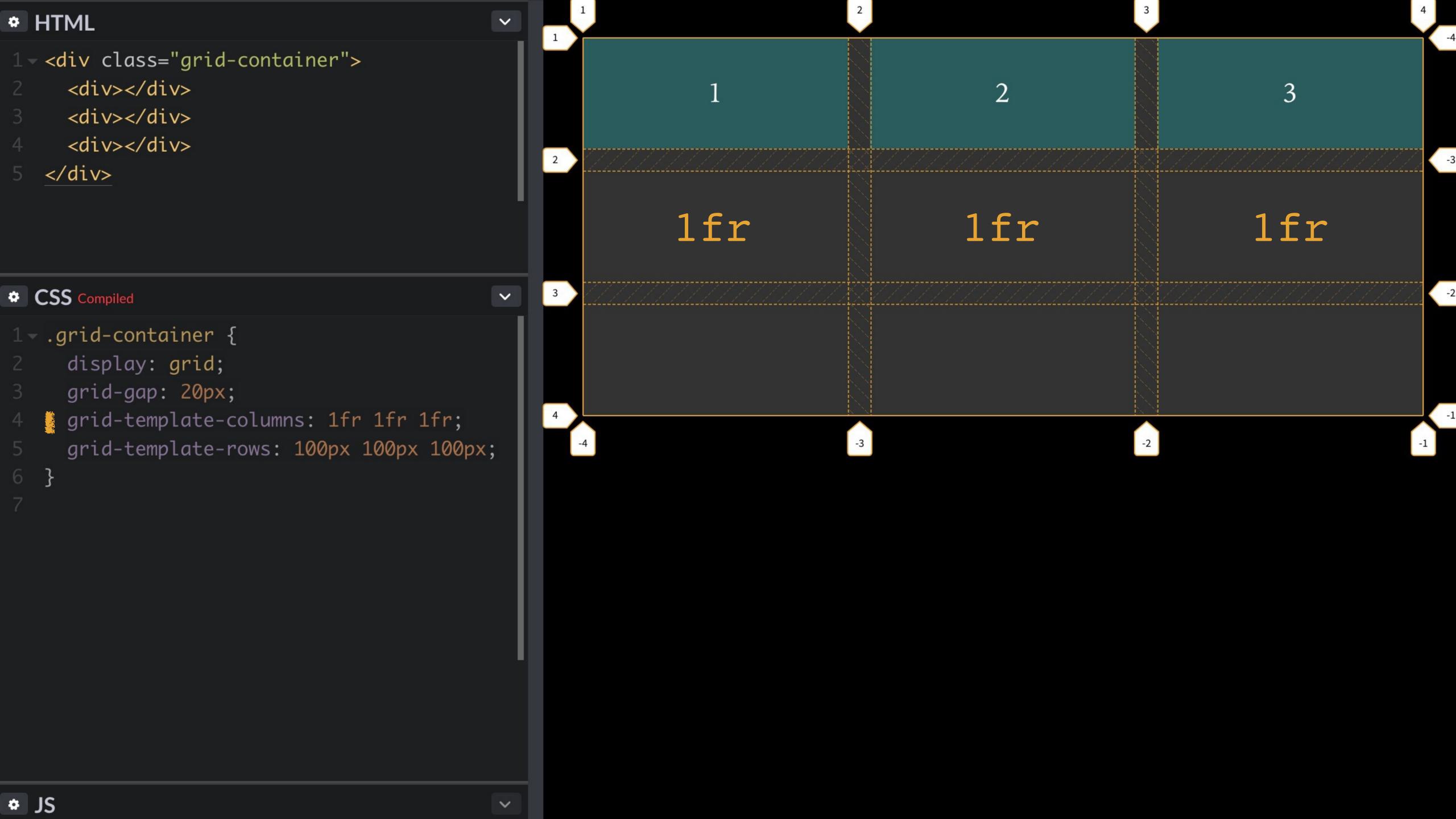
```
HTML
1 - <div class="grid-container">
     <div></div>
    <div></div>
     <div></div>
   </div>
CSS Compiled
1 - .grid-container {
    display: grid;
   grid-template-columns: 100px 100px;
   grid-template-rows: 100px 100px 100px;
    grid-gap: 20px;
# JS
```

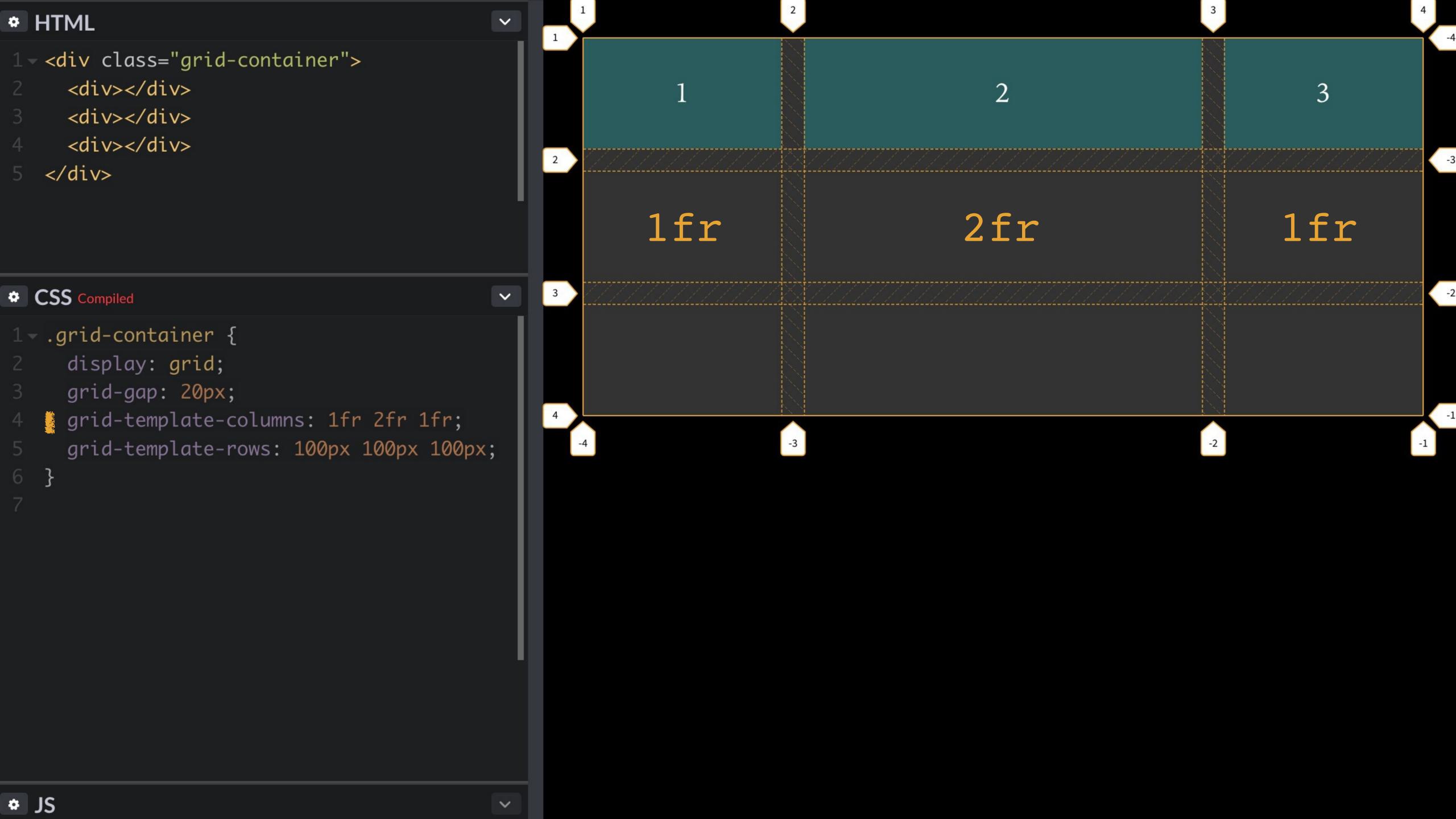
fr

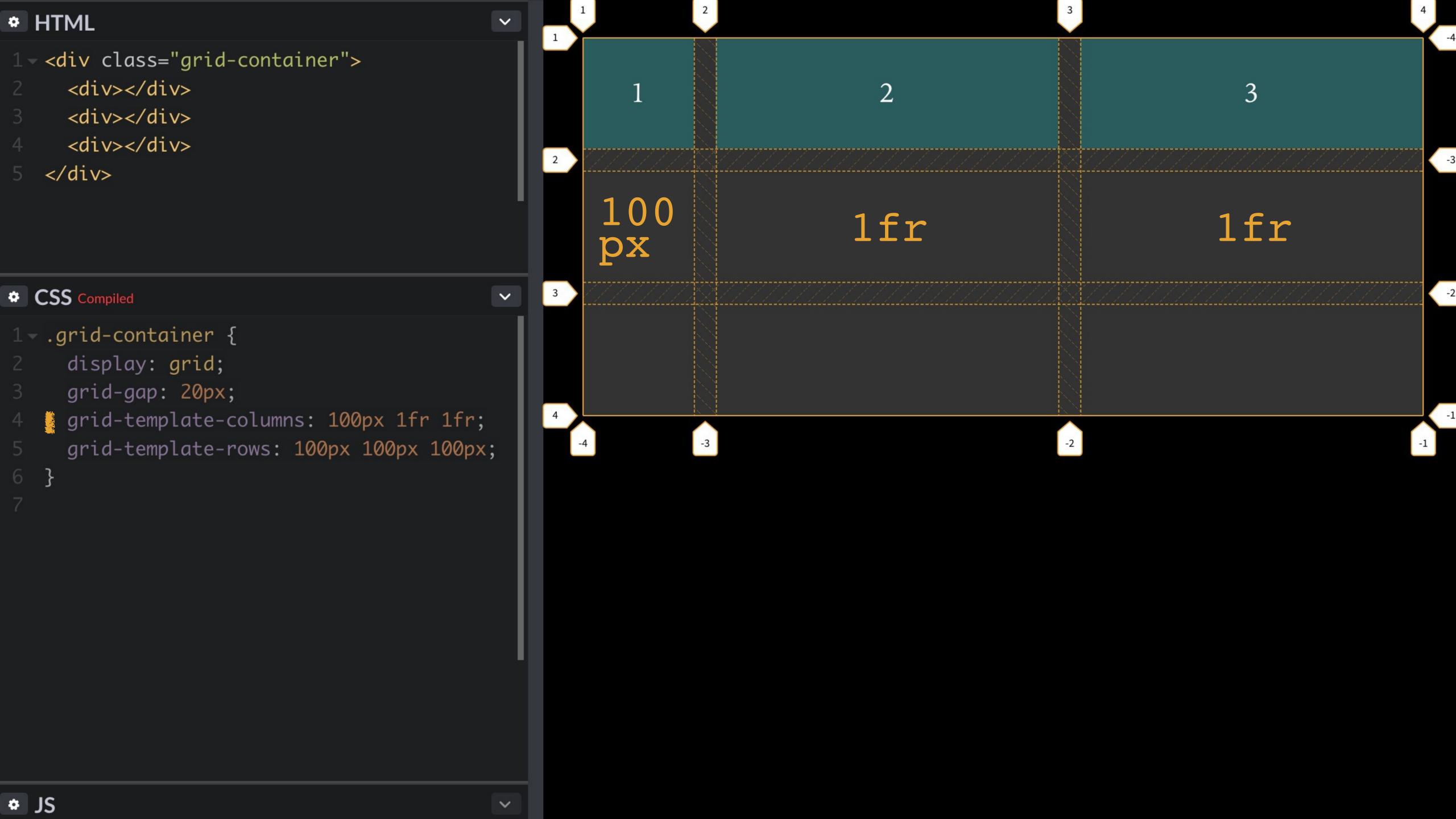
Grid introduces a new unit: fr, short for fraction of the free space in the grid container

fr is calculated after any non-flexible items

```
grid-template-columns: 200px 1fr 200px;
grid-template-rows: 1fr 2fr 1fr;
```







```
HTML
1 - <div class="grid-container">
     <div></div>
     <div></div>
     <div></div>
   </div>
CSS (SCSS)
1 - .grid-container {
     display: grid;
     grid-gap: 20px;
     // grid-template-columns: 1fr 1fr 1fr;
     // grid-template-columns: 1fr 2fr 1fr;
     // grid-template-columns: 100px 1fr 1fr;
     // grid-template-columns: 100px minmax(100px, 250px) 100px;
     // grid-template-columns: 100px max-content 100px;
     // grid-template-columns: 100px min-content 100px;
     // grid-template-columns: 100px fit-content(250px) 100px;
     // grid-template-columns: 100px minmax(100px, 250px) 100px;
     grid-template-columns: 100px 100px 100px;
     grid-template-rows: 100px 100px 100px;
# JS
```



Track sizing playground

codepen.io/websanity/ pen/oQLoBL

					ios		
fr	10 -ms-	16	52	10.1	10.3	57	57
max-content	10 -ms-	16	52	10.1	10.3	57	57
min-content	10 -ms-	16	52	10.1	10.3	57	57
fit-content()	10 -ms-	16	51	10.1	10.3	29	57
minmax()	?	12	52	10.1	10.3	57	

Thank you!

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jans@websanity.com websanity.com

Webpage Layouts 5 Methods & More

R. Scott Granneman & Jans Carton

2025-04-08 1.9: Updated Tables Generator screenshot & added citations

2024-11-06 1.8: Updated theme to Granneman 1.13; minor fixes & updates

2023-08-02 1.7: Changed wording on display: table-cell to say we don't need it any longer; made list of display values shorter; changed Twitter link to Mastodon

2018-12-02 1.6: Fixed screenshots of flex inside flex; added screenshot showing how to create table at TablesGenerator & reorganized; added table layout joke; inline is the *initial* value for all boxes, not the *default* value;

2018-11-19 1.5: Moved several flexbox materials over from CSS - Layout; fixed bad ligatures; updated screenshots for flex inside flex; updated theme to Granneman 1.5; minor formatting fixes; switched out flow stuff in float; removed 2nd table example; hid 2nd example for align-items: flex-start; fixed chapter titles; added Grid stuff from CSS - Layout -Grid

- 2017-11-02 1.4: Corrected wording; applied Granneman 1.4 theme; fixed minor issues; mentioned Grid
- 2015-11-30 1.3: Further corrections to make things easier to understand
- 2015-11-17 1.2: Revised & corrected
- 2015-11-04 1.1: Created presentation by pulling in parts of others & adding new stuff

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